

FR-F 700 EC

Frequency Inverter

Instruction Manual (Basic)

FR-F740-00023 to 12120-EC

Art. no.: 158047 01 07 2005 IB(NA)-0600192ENG Version D







INSTRUCTION MANUAL (BASIC) FR-F740-00023 to 12120-EC

This Instruction Manual (basic) is intended for users who "just want to run the inverter".

If you are going to utilize functions and performance, refer to the Instruction Manual (applied) [IB-0600193ENG]. Please read the provided CD-ROM for the instruction manual (applied).

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This instruction manual (basic) provides handling information and precautions for use of the equipment. Please forward this instruction manual (basic) to the end user.



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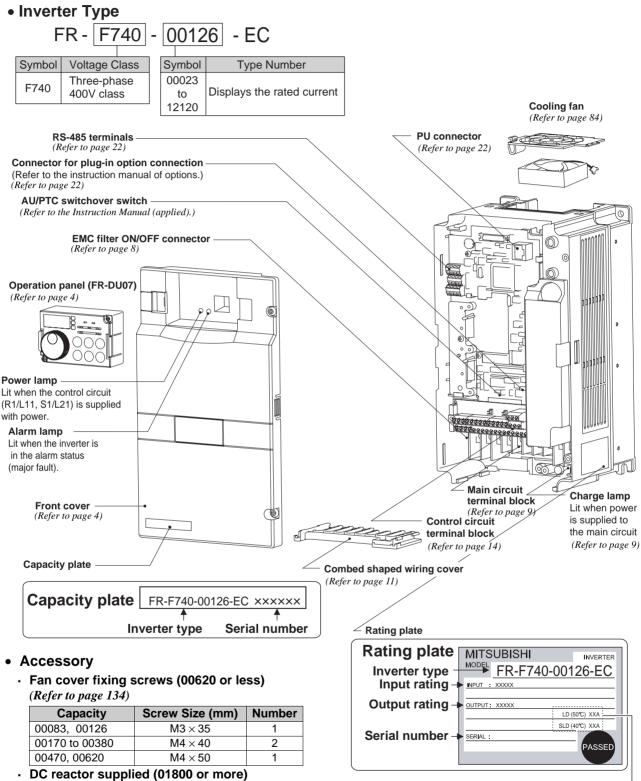
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<abbreviations></abbreviations>
DU: Operation panel (FR-DU07)
PU: Operation panel(FR-DU07) and parameter unit (FR-PU04)
Inverter: Mitsubishi inverter FR-F700 series
FR-F700: Mitsubishi inverter FR-F700 series
Pr.: Parameter Number
PU operation: Operation using the PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04).
External operation: Operation using the control circuit signals
Combined operation: Combined operation using the PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04) and external operation
Standard motor: SF-JR
Constant-torque motor: SF-HRCA
<trademarks></trademarks>
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PRODUCT CHECKING AND PARTS IDENTIFICATION 1

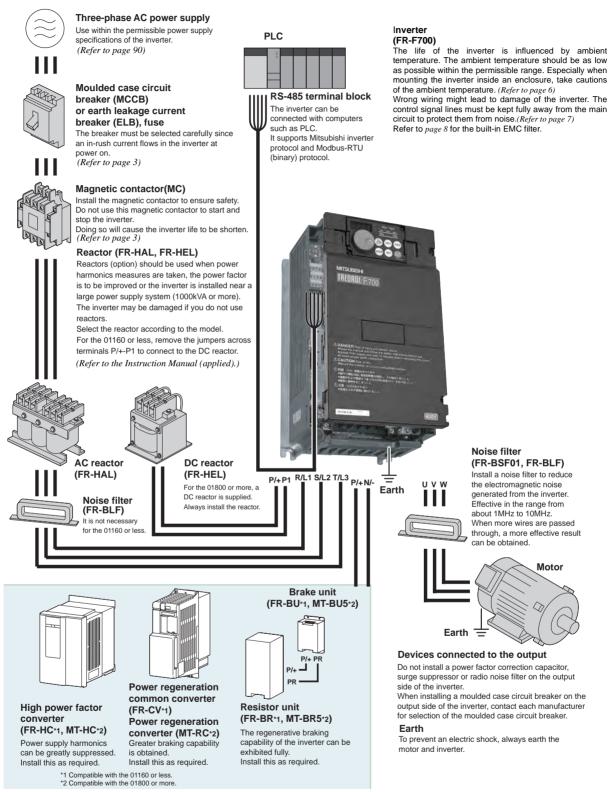
Unpack the inverter and check the capacity plate on the front cover and the rating plate on the inverter side face to ensure that the product agrees with your order and the inverter is intact.



	Overload Current Rating	Ambient Temperature
LD	120% 60s, 150% 3s	50°C
SLD	110% 60s, 120% 3s	40°C

REMARKS For removal and reinstallation of covers, refer to page 4.

2 INSTALLATION AND WIRING



= CAUTION

- Do not install a power factor correction capacitor or surge suppressor on the inverter output side. This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor, and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected, immediately remove them.
- · Electromagnetic wave interference

The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, set the EMC filter valid to minimize interference. (*Refer to the Instruction Manual (applied).*)

· Refer to the instruction manual of each option and peripheral devices for details of peripheral devices.

2.1 Peripheral devices

Check the motor capacity of the inverter you purchased. Appropriate peripheral devices must be selected according to the capacity. Refer to the following list and prepare appropriate peripheral devices:

400V class

Motor Output (kW) *1	• · · · · · · · -	Breaker Selection ^{2,4}		1*2,4	-	de Magnetic tactor∗₃
	Applicable Inverter Type	Reactor connection		with commercial	Reactor connection	
		without	with	power-supply operation	without	with
0.75	FR-F740-00023-EC	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10
1.5	FR-F740-00038-EC	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10
2.2	FR-F740-00052-EC	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	30AF 15A	S-N10	S-N10
3.7	FR-F740-00083-EC	30AF 20A	30AF 15A	30AF 20A	S-N10	S-N10
5.5	FR-F740-00126-EC	30AF 30A	30AF 20A	30AF 30A	S-N20	S-N11, N12
7.5	FR-F740-00170-EC	30AF 30A	30AF 30A	30AF 30A	S-N20	S-N20
11	FR-F740-00250-EC	50AF 50A	50AF 40A	50AF 50A	S-N20	S-N20
15	FR-F740-00310-EC	100AF 60A	50AF 50A	100AF 60A	S-N25	S-N20
18.5	FR-F740-00380-EC	100AF 75A	100AF 60A	100AF 75A	S-N25	S-N25
22	FR-F740-00470-EC	100AF 100A	100AF 75A	100AF 100A	S-N35	S-N25
30	FR-F740-00620-EC	225AF 125A	100AF 100A	225AF 125A	S-N50	S-N50
37	FR-F740-00770-EC	225AF 150A	225AF 125A	225AF 150A	S-N65	S-N50
45	FR-F740-00930-EC	225AF 175A	225AF 150A	225AF 175A	S-N80	S-N65
55	FR-F740-01160-EC	225AF 200A	225AF 175A	225AF 200A	S-N80	S-N80
75	FR-F740-01800-EC		225AF 225A	225AF 225A		S-N95
90	FR-F740-01800-EC		225AF 225A	400AF 300A		S-N150
110	FR-F740-02160-EC		225AF 225A	400AF 350A		S-N180
132	FR-F740-02600-EC		400AF 400A	400AF 400A		S-N220
160	FR-F740-03250-EC		400AF 400A	600AF 500A		S-N300
185	FR-F740-03610-EC		400AF 400A	600AF 500A		S-N300
220	FR-F740-04320-EC		600AF 500A	600AF 600A		S-N400
250	FR-F740-04810-EC		600AF 600A	600AF 600A		S-N600
280	FR-F740-05470-EC		600AF 600A	800AF 800A		S-N600
315	FR-F740-06100-EC		800AF 700A	800AF 800A	—	S-N600
355	FR-F740-06830-EC		800AF 800A	800AF 800A		S-N600
400	FR-F740-07700-EC		1000AF 900A	1000AF 1000A		S-N800
450	FR-F740-08660-EC		1000AF 1000A	1000AF 1000A	_	1000A Rated produ
500	FR-F740-09620-EC	_	1200AF 1200A	1200AF 1200A	_	1000A Rated produ
560	FR-F740-10940-EC	_	1600AF 1500A	1600AF 1600A	_	1200A Rated produ
630	FR-F740-12120-EC	—	2000AF 2000A	2000AF 2000A	_	1400A Rated produ

*1 Selections for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor with power supply voltage of 400VAC 50Hz.

*2 Select the MCCB according to the inverter power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter.

For installations in the United States or Canada, use the fuse certified by the UL and cUL. (*Refer to page 132.*)

*3 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

When using the MC for emergency stop during motor driving or using on the motor side during commercial-power supply operation, select the MC with class AC-3 rated current for the motor rated current.

*4 When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power on the breaker.

2

MCCB

MCCB

INV

INV

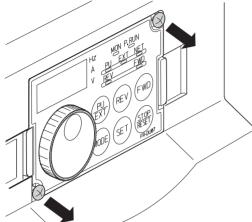
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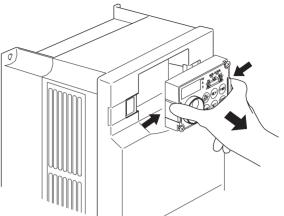
2.2 Method of removal and reinstallation of the front cover

•Removal of the operation panel

1) Loosen the two screws on the operation panel. (These screws cannot be removed.)

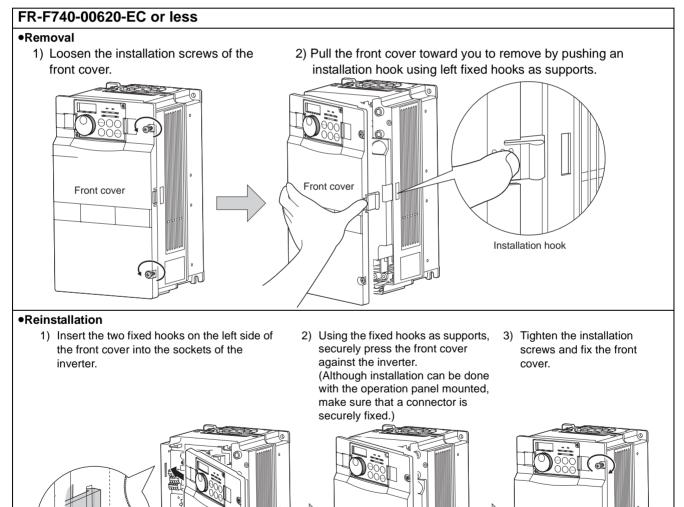


2) Push the left and right hooks of the operation panel and pull the operation panel toward you to remove.



Front cover

When reinstalling the operation panel, insert it straight to reinstall securely and tighten the fixed screws of the operation panel.



Front cover

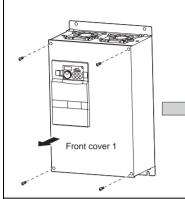
Front cover

FR-F740-00770-EC or more

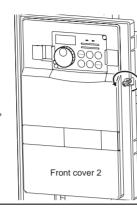
Removal

- 1) Remove installation screws on the front cover 1 to remove the front cover 1.
- 2) Loosen the installation screws of the front cover 2.
- Pull the front cover 2 toward you to remove by pushing an installation hook on the right side using left fixed hooks as supports.

Installation hook



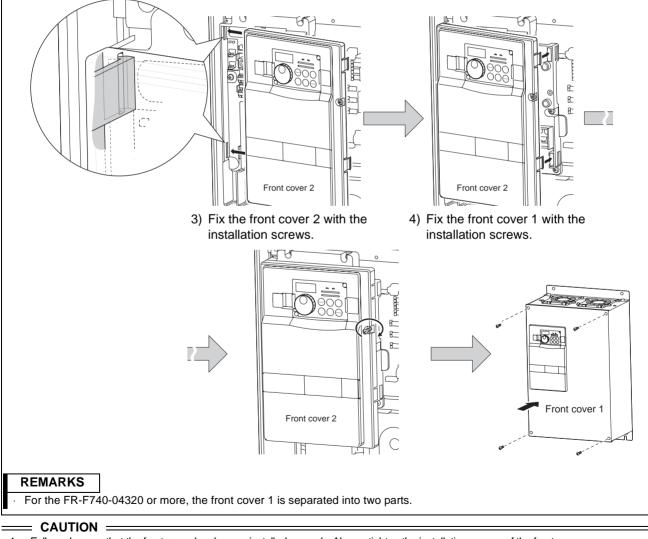
Reinstallation



1) Insert the two fixed hooks on the left side of the

front cover 2 into the sockets of the inverter.

 Using the fixed hooks as supports, securely press the front cover 2 against the inverter. (Although installation can be done with the operation panel mounted, make sure that a connector is securely fixed.)

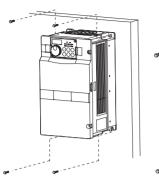


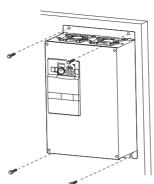
- 1. Fully make sure that the front cover has been reinstalled securely. Always tighten the installation screws of the front cover.
- 2. The same serial number is printed on the capacity plate of the front cover and the rating plate of the inverter. Before reinstalling the front cover, check the serial numbers to ensure that the cover removed is reinstalled to the inverter from where it was removed.

2.3 Installation of the inverter and instructions

Installation of the Inverter

Installation on the enclosure 00620 or less 00770 or more



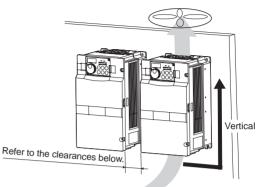


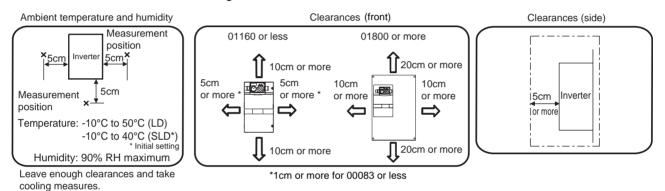
Fix six positions for the FR-F740-04320 to 08660 and fix eight positions for the FR-F740-09620 to 12120.

• Install the inverter under the following conditions.

CAUTION

- $\cdot\,$ When encasing multiple inverters, install them in parallel as a cooling measure.
- · Install the inverter vertically.

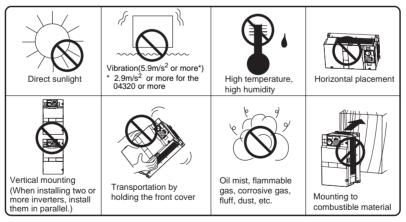




REMARKS

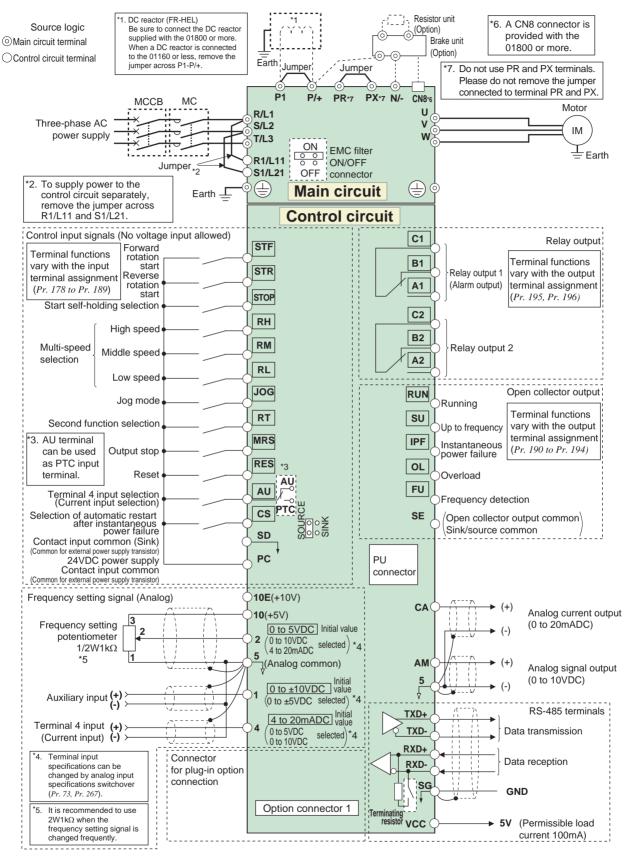
For replacing the cooling fan of the 04320 or more, 30cm of space is necessary in front of the inverter. Refer to *page 84* for fan replacement.

• The inverter consists of precision mechanical and electronic parts. Never install or handle it in any of the following conditions as doing so could cause an operation fault or failure.



2.4 Wiring





CAUTION :

To prevent a malfunction due to noise, keep the signal cables more than 10cm away from the power cables.
After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean.

When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

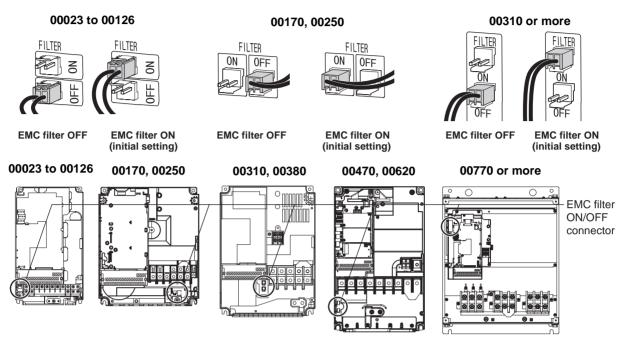
2.4.2 EMC filter

The inverter is equipped with a built-in EMC filter.

Effective for reduction of air-propagated noise on the input side of the inverter.

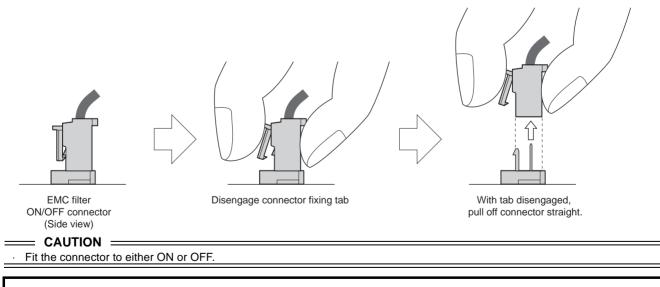
The EMC filter is factory-set to enable (ON).

To disable it, fit the EMC filter ON/OFF connector to the OFF position.



<How to disconnect the connector>

- (1) Before removing a front cover, check to make sure that the indication of the inverter operation panel is off, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. (For the front cover removal method, refer to *page 4.*)
- (2) When disconnecting the connector, push the fixing tab and pull the connector straight without pulling the cable or forcibly pulling the connector with the tab fixed. When installing the connector, also engage the fixing tab securely. If it is difficult to disconnect the connector, use a pair of long-nose pliers, etc.



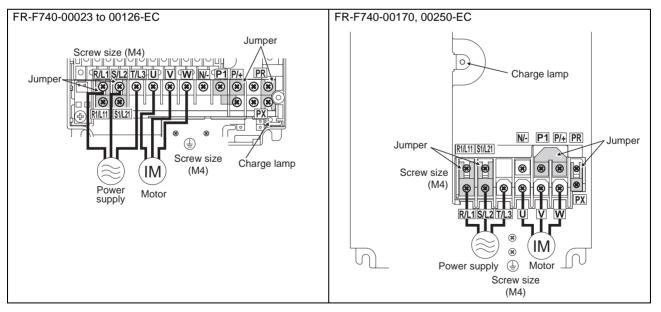
While power is on or when the inverter is running, do not open the front cover. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.

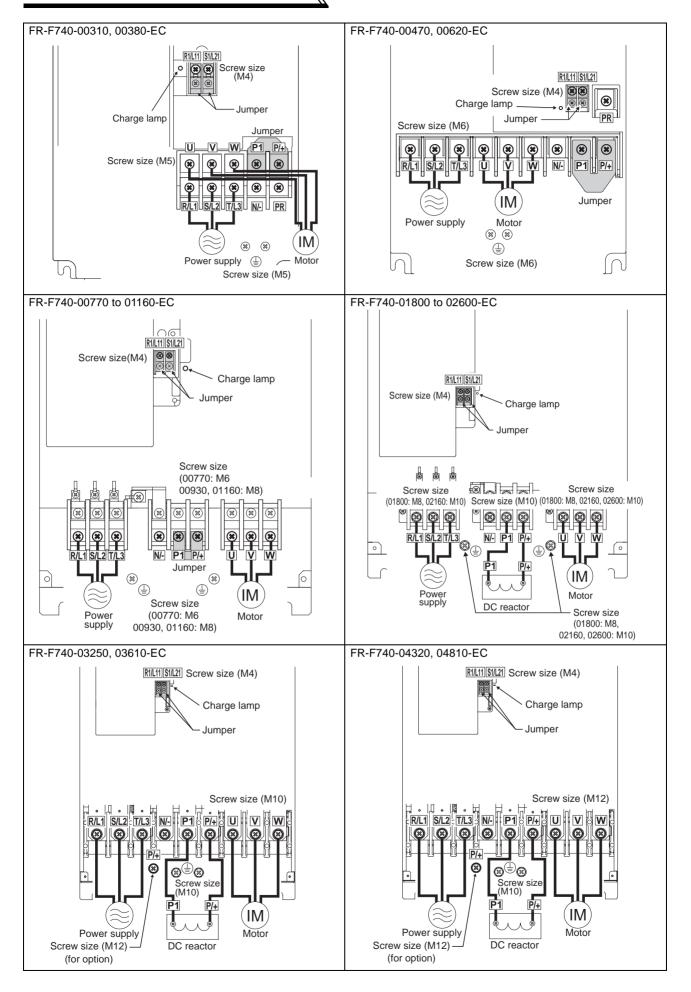
Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply. Keep these terminals open when using the high power factor converter (FR-HC, MT-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV).
U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.
R1/L11, S1/L21	Power supply for control circuit	Connected to the AC power supply terminals R/L1 and S/L2. To retain the alarm display and alarm output or when using the high power factor converter (FR-HC, MT-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), remove the jumpers from terminals R/L1-R1/L11 and S/L2-S1/L21 and apply external power to these terminals. Do not turn off the power supply for control circuit (R1/L11, S1/L21) with the main circuit power (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) on. Doing so may damage the inverter. The circuit should be configured so that the main circuit power (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) is also turned off when the power supply for control circuit (R1/L11, S1/L21) is off. 00380 or less : 60VA, 00470 or more : 80VA
P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	Connect the brake unit (FR-BU, BU and MT-BU5), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), high power factor converter (FR-HC and MT-HC) or power regeneration converter (MT-RC).
P/+, P1	DC reactor connection	For the 01160 or less, remove the jumper across terminals P/+ - P1 and connect the DC reactor. (For the 01800 or more, a DC reactor is supplied as standard.)
PR, PX	Please do not remove o	or use terminals PR and PX or the jumper connected.
	Earth	For earthing the inverter chassis. Must be earthed.

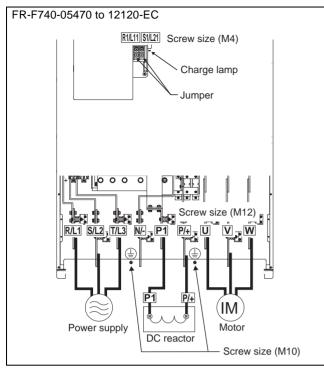
2.4.3 Specification of main circuit terminal

2.4.4 Terminal arrangement of the main circuit terminal, power supply and the motor wiring.

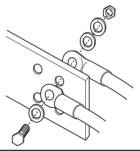
400V class







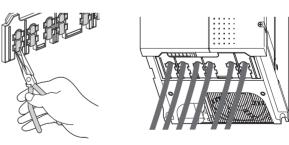
- The power supply cables must be connected to R/L1, S/L2, T/L3. Never connect the power cable to the U, V, W of the inverter. Doing so will damage the inverter. (Phase sequence needs not to be matched.)
- Connect the motor to U, V, W. At this time, turning on the forward rotation switch (signal) rotates the motor in the counterclockwise direction when viewed from the motor shaft.
- When wiring the inverter main circuit conductor of the 05470 or more, tighten a nut from the right side of the conductor. When wiring two wires, place wires on both sides of the conductor. (Refer to the drawing below.) For wiring, use bolts (nuts) provided with the inverter.



 Handling of the wiring cover (FR-F740-00470, 00620-EC)
 For the hook of the wiring cover, cut off the necessary parts using a pair of long-nose pliers etc.

= CAUTION :

Cut off the same number of lugs as wires. If parts where no wire is put through has been cut off (10mm or more), protective structure (JEM1030) becomes an open type (IP00).



(1) Cable sizes etc., of the main control circuit terminals and earth terminals

Select the recommended cable size to ensure that a voltage drop will be 2% max.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.

The following table indicates a selection example for the wiring length of 20m.

400V class (when input power supply is 440V based on the rated current for 110% overload for 1 minute)

			Crim	Cable Sizes										
Applicable	Terminal Screw	Tightening Torque	lern	ession) ninal	,	etc. (m	m²) ∗1	AWG/I	MCM *2		, etc. (mr	n²) ∗3		
Inverter Type	Size *4	N∙m	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	U, V, W	Earth cable	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	U, V, W	Earth cable		
FR-F740-00023 to 00083-EC	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5		
FR-F740-00126-EC	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	3.5	12	14	2.5	2.5	4		
FR-F740-00170-EC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4		
FR-F740-00250-EC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	5.5	5.5	8	10	10	6	6	10		
FR-F740-00310-EC	M5	2.5	8-5	8-5	8	8	8	8	8	10	10	10		
FR-F740-00380-EC	M5	2.5	14-5	8-5	14	8	14	6	8	16	10	16		
FR-F740-00470-EC	M6	4.4	14-6	14-6	14	14	14	6	6	16	16	16		
FR-F740-00620-EC	M6	4.4	22-6	22-6	22	22	14	4	4	25	25	16		
FR-F740-00770-EC	M6	4.4	22-6	22-6	22	22	14	4	4	25	25	16		
FR-F740-00930-EC	M8	7.8	38-8	38-8	38	38	22	1	2	50	50	25		
FR-F740-01160-EC	M8	7.8	60-8	60-8	60	60	22	1/0	1/0	50	50	25		
FR-F740-01800-EC	M8	7.8	60-8	60-8	60	60	38	1/0	1/0	50	50	25		
FR-F740-02160-EC	M10	14.7	100-10	100-10	80	80	38	3/0	3/0	70	70	35		
FR-F740-02600-EC	M10	14.7	100-10	150-10	100	125	38	4/0	4/0	95	95	50		
FR-F740-03250-EC	M10	14.7	150-10	150-10	125	125	38	250	250	120	120	70		
FR-F740-03610-EC	M10	14.7	150-10	150-10	150	150	38	300	300	150	150	95		
FR-F740-04320-EC	M12/M10	24.5	100-12	100-12	2×100	2×100	38	2×4/0	2×4/0	2×95	2×95	95		
FR-F740-04810-EC	M12/M10	24.5	100-12	100-12	2×100	2×100	38	2×4/0	2×4/0	2×95	2×95	95		
FR-F740-05470-EC		-	150-12	150-12	-	-	38	2×250	2×250	2×120	2×120	120		
FR-F740-06100-EC	M12/M10	24.5	150-12	150-12	2×150	2×150	38	2×300	2×300	2×150	2×150	150		
FR-F740-06830-EC		24.5	200-12	200-12		2×200	60	2×350	2×350	2×185	2×185	2×95		
FR-F740-07700-EC	M12/M10	24.5		C2-200		2×200	60	2×400	2×400	2×185	2×185	2×95		
FR-F740-08660-EC	M12/M10	24.5		C2-250		2×250	60	2×500	2×500	2×240	2×240	2×120		
FR-F740-09620-EC	M12/M10	24.5	C2-250	C2-250	2×250	2×250	100	2×500	2×500	2×240	2×240	2×120		
FR-F740-10940-EC	M12/M10	24.5	C2-200	C2-200	3×200	3×200	100	3×350	3×350	3×185	3×185	2×150		
FR-F740-12120-EC	M12/M10	24.5	C2-200	C2-200	3×200	3×200	100	3×400	3×400	3×185	3×185	2×150		

For the 01160 or less the recommended cable size is that of the cable (e.g. HIV cable (600V class 2 vinvl-insulated cable)) with continuous *1 maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the ambient temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. For the 01800 or more, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (e.g. LMFC (heat resistant flexible cross-linked polyethylene insulated cable)) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C. Assumes that the ambient temperature is 50°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure

*2 For the 00930 or less, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHW cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the ambient temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

For the 01160 or more, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHN cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C. Assumes that the ambient temperature is 40°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure.

*3 For the 00930 or less, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (PVC cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 70°C. Assumes that the ambient temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. For the 01160 or more, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (XLPE cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C.

Assumes that the ambient temperature is 40°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure.

The terminal screw size indicates the terminal size for R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, and a screw for earthing. *4 For the 04320 or more, screw sizes are different. (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W / a screw for earthing)

The line voltage drop can be calculated by the following formula:

line voltage drop [V]= $\frac{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[m\Omega/m] \times \text{wiring distance}[m] \times \text{current}[A]}{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[m\Omega/m] \times \text{wiring distance}[m] \times \text{current}[A]}$

1000

Use a larger diameter cable when the wiring distance is long or when it is desired to decrease the voltage drop (torgue reduction) in the low speed range.

= CAUTION

A screw that has been tighten too loosely can cause a short circuit or malfunction.

A screw that has been tighten too tightly can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to the unit breakage.

Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.

[·] Tighten the terminal screw to the specified torque.

(2) Notes on earthing

- Leakage currents flow in the inverter. To prevent an electric shock, the inverter and motor must be earthed. This inverter must be earthed. Earthing must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (JIS, NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards)
- Use the dedicated earth terminal to earth the inverter.
- (Do not use the screw in the casing, chassis, etc.)
- Use the thickest possible earth cable. Use the cable whose size is equal to or greater than that indicated in the above table, and minimize the cable length. The earthing point should be as near as possible to the inverter.

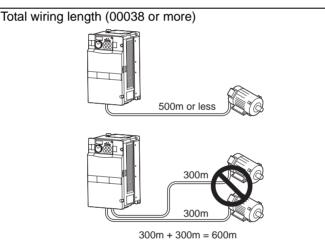
To be compliant with the European Directive (Low Voltage Directive), earth the inverter according to the instructions on page 134.

(3) Total wiring length

The overall wiring length for connection of a single motor or multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.

Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection Setting (carrier frequency) *	00023	00038	00052 or More					
2 (2kH) or less	300m	500m	500m					
3 (3kHz), 4 (4kHz)	200m	300m	500m					
5 (5kHz) to 9 (9kHz)		100m						
10 (10kHz) or more	10 (10kHz) or more 50m							

* For the 01800 or more, the setting range of *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* is "0 to 6".



When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. Take the following measures in this case.

 Connect the surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H) to the 01160 or less and the sine wave filter (MT-BSL/ BSC) to the 01800 or more on the inverter output side.

CAUTION

• Especially for long-distance wiring, the inverter may be affected by a charging current caused by the stray capacitances of the wiring, leading to a malfunction of the overcurrent protective function or fast response current limit function or a malfunction or fault of the equipment connected on the inverter output side. If fast-response current limit function malfunctions, disable this function. (For *Pr.156 Stall prevention operation selection, refer to the Instruction Manual (applied).*)

For details of *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection*, *refer to the Instruction Manual (applied)*. When using an optional sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) for the 01800 or more, set "25" in *Pr.72* (2.5kHz).
 For explanation of surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H) and sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC), refer to the manual of each option.

(4) Cable size of the control circuit power supply (terminal R1/L11, S1/L21)

- Terminal Screw Size: M4
- · Cable size: 0.75mm² to 2mm²
- Tightening torque: 1.5N·m

2.4.5 Control circuit terminals

indicates that terminal functions can be selected using *Pr. 178 to Pr. 196 (I/O terminal function selection) (Refer to* Instruction Manual (applied).)

(1) Input signals

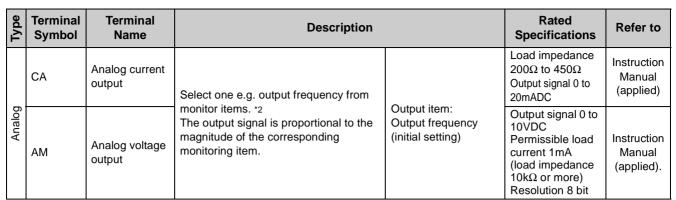
Type	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	Rated Specifications	Refer to	
	STF	Forward rotation start	Turn on the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it off to stop.		41	
	STR	Reverse rotation start	Turn on the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it off to stop.			
	STOP	Start self- holding selection	Turn on the STOP signal to self-hold the sta			Instruction Manual (applied)
	RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the RM and RL signals.	e combination of RH,		43
	JOG	Jog mode selection	Turn on the JOG signal to select Jog operation turn on the start signal (STF or STR) to start			Instruction Manual (applied)
	RT	Second function selection	Turn on the RT signal to select second funct When the second function such as "second "second V/F (base frequency)" are set, turning selects these functions.	torque boost" and ng on the RT signal	Input resistance 4.7kΩ	Instruction Manual (applied)
	MRS	Output stop	n on the MRS signal (20ms or more) to stop the inverter put. e to shut off the inverter output when stopping the motor by ctromagnetic brake.		Instruction Manual (applied)	
Contact input	RES	Reset	Used to reset alarm output provided when practivated. Turn on the RES signal for more than 0.1s, to Initial setting is for reset always. By setting <i>P</i> to enabled only at an inverter alarm occurrent 1s after reset is cancelled.	short-circuited: 4 to 6mADC	73	
ပိ	AU	Terminal 4 input selection	Terminal 4 is made valid only when the AU sign frequency setting signal can be set between 4 a Turning the AU signal on makes terminal 2 (volt	and 20mADC.)		47
		PTC input	AU terminal is used as PTC input terminal (t the motor). When using it as PTC input term switch to PTC.			Instruction Manual (applied)
	CS	Selection of automatic restart after instantaneous power failure	When the CS signal is left on, the inverter resta power restoration. Note that restart setting is n operation. In the initial setting, a restart is disat (<i>Refer to Pr. 57 Restart coasting time in Instruction</i>)	ecessary for this bled.		Instruction Manual (applied)
	SD	External transistor common, contact input common (sink)		_		
	PC	24VDC power supply, contact input common (source)	Power supply voltage range 19.2 to 28.8VDC Current consumption 100mA	21		

Type	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	Rated Specifications	Refer to
	10E	Frequency setting power	When connecting the frequency setting potentiometer at an initial status, connect it to terminal 10. Change the input specifications of terminal 2 when connecting it	10VDC Permissible load current 10mA	Instruction Manual (applied)
	10	supply	to terminal 10E. (Refer to Pr. 73 Analog input selection in Instruction Manual (applied).)	5VDC Permissible load current 10mA	37, 45
	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V, 4 to 20mA) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V, 20mA) and makes input and output proportional. Use Pr . 73 to switch from among input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting), 0 to 10VDC, and 4 to 20mA.	Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Maximum	37, 45
Frequency setting	4	Frequency setting (current)	Inputting 4 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA (5V, 10V) makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is on (terminal 2 input is invalid). Use <i>Pr. 267</i> to switch from among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC, and 0 to 10VDC. (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).)	permissible voltage 20VDC Current input: Input resistance $250\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ (while power is on) Maximum permissible current 30mA, $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ (while power is off)	39, 47
	1	Frequency setting auxiliary	Inputting 0 to \pm 5 VDC or 0 to \pm 10VDC adds this signal to terminal 2 or 4 frequency setting signal. Use <i>Pr.73</i> to switch between the input 0 to \pm 5VDC and 0 to \pm 10VDC (initial setting).	Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Maximum permissible voltage $\pm 20VDC$	Instruction Manual (applied)
	5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for frequency setting signal (terminal 2, 1 or 4) and analog output terminal AM and CA. Do not earth.		_

7

(2) Output signals

Type	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	Rated Specifications	Refer to	
Relay	A1, B1, C1	Relay output 1 (alarm output)	1 changeover contact output indicates that protective function has activated and the Abnormal: No conduction across B-C (Ac Normal: Across B-C Continuity (No condu	Contact capacity: 230VAC 0.3A (Power	Instruction Manual (applied)	
R	A2, B2, C2	Relay output 2	1 changeover contact output	factor=0.4) 30VDC 0.3A	Instruction Manual (applied)	
	RUN	Inverter running		Instruction Manual (applied)		
	SU	Up to frequency	Switched low when the output frequency reaches within the range of $\pm 10\%$ (initial value) of the set frequency. Switched high during acceleration/deceleration and at a stop. 1		Permissible load	Instruction Manual (applied)
Open collector	OL	Overload alarm	Switched low when stall prevention is activated by the stall prevention function. Switched high when stall prevention is cancelled. *1	24VDC 0.1A (A voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is	Instruction Manual (applied)	
Oper	IPF	Instantaneous power failure	Switched low when an instantaneous power failure and under voltage protections are activated. *1	on.)	Instruction Manual (applied)	
	FU	Frequency detection	Switched low when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the preset detected frequency and high when less than the preset detected frequency. *1			Instruction Manual (applied)
	SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal for terminals RUN, SU	, OL, IPF, FU		_



*1 Low indicates that the open collector output transistor is on (conducts).

High indicates that the transistor is off (does not conduct).

*2 Not output during inverter reset.

(3) Communication

Type		erminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description						
10		_	PU connector	With the PU connector, communication can be made through RS-485.(for connection on a 1:1 basis only). Conforming standard. Transmission format. Transmission format. Communication speed. 4800 to 38400bps. Overall length. 500m	22					
RS-485	ls	TXD+	Inverter							
RS	terminals	TXD-	transmission terminal	With the RS-485 terminals, communication can be made through RS-485. Conforming standard : EIA-485(RS-485)						
		RXD+	Inverter	Transmission format : Multidrop link	22					
	RS-485	RXD-	reception terminal	Communication speed: 300 to 38400bpsOverall length: 500m						
	R	SG	Earth							

(4) Control circuit terminal layout

																				С	A	SD	PC
	A	1	B1	I C	;1	A2	В	2 (22	RI	LR	M	Rł	н	RT	A	U ST	OPR	ES	STF	S	TR F	°C
F	ò	AN	N	10E	1	0	2	5	4	t	1	SI	E	RU	N S	Ū	IPF	OL	FU	М	RS	JOG	cs

(5) Wiring method

Loosen the terminal screw and insert the cable into the terminal.	Cable stripping size
CAUTION Undertightening can cause cable disconnection or malfunction. Overtightening can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to damage to the screw or unit.	Wire the stripped cable after twisting it to prevent it from becoming loose. In addition, do not solder it.

(6) Wiring instructions

- 1) Terminals 5, PC and SE are common to the I/O signals and isolated from each other. Do not earth. Avoid connecting the terminal PC and 5 and the terminal SE and 5.
- 2) Use shielded or twisted cables for connection to the control circuit terminals and run them away from the main and power circuits (including the 200V relay sequence circuit).
- Use two or more parallel micro-signal contacts or twin contacts to prevent a contact faults when using contact inputs since the control circuit input signals are micro-currents.



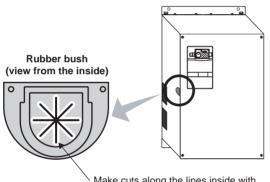
Micro signal contacts

Twin contacts

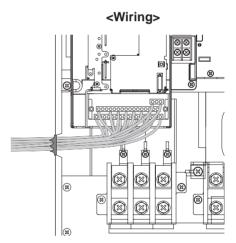
- 4) Do not apply a voltage to the contact input terminals (e.g. STF) of the control circuit.
- 5) Always apply a voltage to the alarm output terminals (A, B, C) via a relay coil, lamp, etc.
- 6) It is recommended to use the cables of 0.75mm² gauge for connection to the control circuit terminals.
 If the cable gauge used is 1.25mm² or more, the front cover may be lifted when there are many cables running or the cables are run improperly, resulting in an operation panel contact fault.
- 7) The wiring length should be 30m maximum.

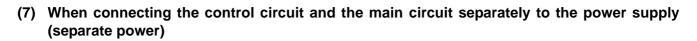
• Wiring of the control circuit of the 01800 or more

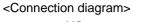
For wiring of the control circuit of the 01800 or more, separate away from wiring of the main circuit. Make cuts in rubber bush of the inverter side and lead wires.

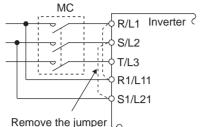


Make cuts along the lines inside with a cutter knife and such.







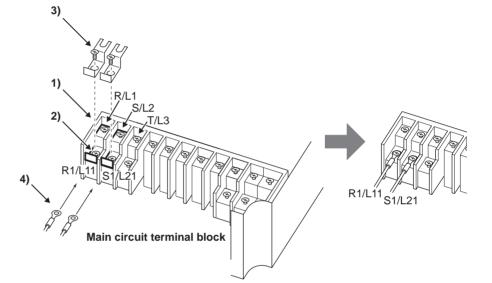


contactor (MC) on the inverter power supply side results in power loss in the control circuit, disabling the alarm output signal retention. Terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21 are provided to hold an alarm signal. In this case, connect the power supply terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21 of the control circuit to the primary side of the MC.

When the protected circuit is activated, opening of the electromagnetic

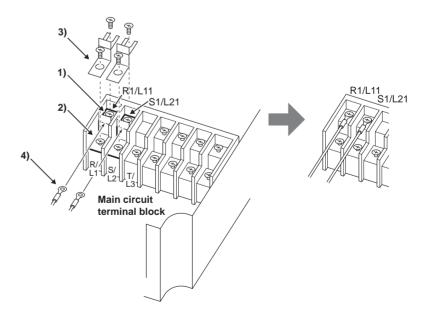
• FR-F740-00023 to 00126

- 1) Loosen the upper screws.
- 2) Remove the lower screws.
- 3) Remove the jumper
- 4) Connect the separate power supply cable for the control circuit to <u>the lower terminals</u> (R1/L11, S1/L21).



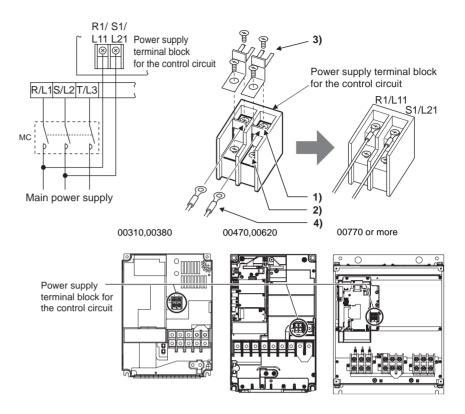
• FR-F740-00170, 00250

- 1) Remove the upper screws.
- 2) Remove the lower screws.
- 3) Remove the jumper.
- 4) Connect the separate power supply cable for the control circuit to the <u>upper terminals</u> (R1/L11, S1/L21).



• FR-F740-00310 or more

- 1) Remove the upper screws.
- 2) Remove the lower screws.
- 3) Pull the jumper toward you to remove.
- 4) Connect the separate power supply cable for the control circuit to the <u>upper terminals (R1/L11, S1/L21)</u>. Never connect the power cable to the terminals in the lower stand. Doing so will damage the inverter.



CAUTION =

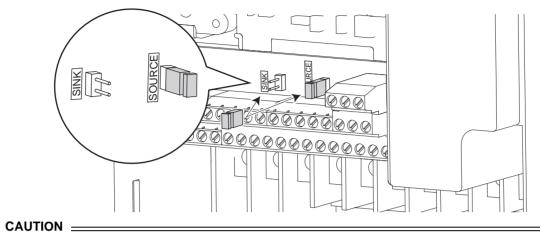
- 1. Do not turn off the control power (terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21) with the main circuit power (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) on. Doing so may damage the inverter.
- 2. Be sure to use the inverter with the jumpers across terminals R/L1-R1/L11 and S/L2-S1/L21 removed when supplying power from other sources. The inverter may be damaged if you do not remove the jumper.
- 3. The voltage should be the same as that of the main control circuit when the control circuit power is supplied from other than the primary side of the MC.
- 4. The power capacity is 60VA or more for 00380 or less, 80VA or more for 00470 or more when separate power is supplied from R1/L11, S1/L21.
- 5. When the power supply used with the control circuit is different from the one used with the main circuit, make up a circuit which will switch off the main circuit power supply terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 when the control circuit power supply terminals R1/L11, S1/L21 are switched off.

(8) Control logic switchover

The input signals are set to source logic (SOURCE) when shipped from the factory.

To change the control logic, the jumper connector on the control circuit terminal block must be moved to the other position.

(The output signals may be used in either the sink or source logic independently of the jumper connector position.)



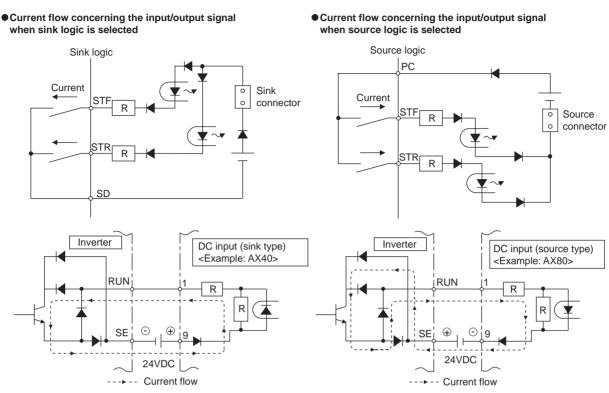
Turn off the inverter power before switching a jumper connector.

Sink logic and source logic

.

- In sink logic, a signal switches on when a current flows from the corresponding signal input terminal.
 Terminal SD is common to the contact input signals. Terminal SE is common to the open collector output signals.
 - In source logic, a signal switches on when a current flows into the corresponding signal input terminal.

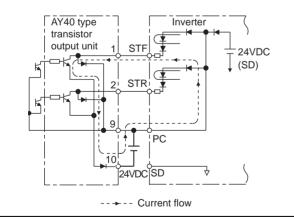
Terminal PC is common to the contact input signals. Terminal SE is common to the open collector output signals.



• When using an external power supply for transistor output

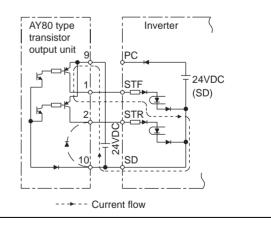
Sink logic type

Use terminal PC as a common terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable current. (Do not connect terminal SD of the inverter with terminal 0V of the external power supply. When using terminals PC-SD as a 24VDC power supply, do not install a power supply in parallel in the outside of the inverter. Doing so may cause a malfunction due to undesirable current.)



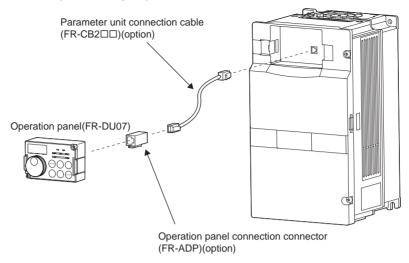
Source logic type

When using an external power supply for transistor output, use terminal SD as a common to prevent misoperation caused by undesirable current.



2.4.6 When connecting the operation panel using a connection cable

When connecting the operation panel (FR-DU07) to the inverter using a cable, the operation panel can be mounted on the enclosure surface and operationality improves.



= CAUTION =

Do not connect the PU connector to the computer's LAN port, FAX modem socket or telephone connector. The inverter and machine could be damaged due to differences in electrical specifications.

REMARKS

- · Refer to page 4 for removal method of the operation panel.
- When using a commercially available connector and cable as a parameter unit connection cable, refer to Instruction Manual (applied).
- · The inverter can be connected to the computer and FR-PU04.

2.4.7 RS-485 terminal block

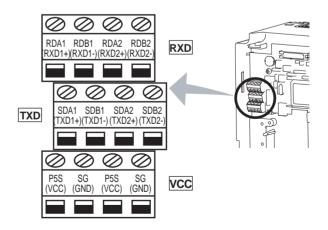
- Conforming standard: EIA-485(RS-485)
- Transmission format: Multidrop link
- · Communication speed: MAX 38400bps
- · Overall length: 500m
- · Connection cable:Twisted pair cable

(4 paires)





 Terminating resistor switch Factory-set to "OPEN".
 Set only the terminating resistor switch of the remotest inverter to the "100Ω" position.



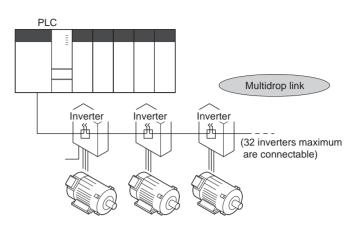
2.4.8 Communication operation

Using the PU connector or RS-485 terminal, you can perform communication operation from a personal computer etc. When the PU connector is connected with a personal, FA or other computer by a communication cable, a user program can run and monitor the inverter or read and write to parameters. For the Mitsubishi inverter protocol (computer link

operation), communication can be performed with the PU connector and RS-485 terminal.

For the Modbus RTU protocol, communication can be performed with the RS-485 terminal.

For further details, refer to Instruction Manual (applied).



2.5 Power-off and magnetic contactor (MC)

(1) Inverter input side magnetic contactor (MC)

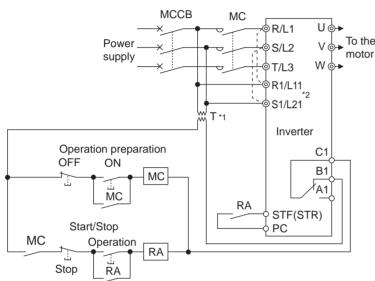
On the inverter input side, it is recommended to provide an MC for the following purposes.

(Refer to page 3 for selection.))

- 1) To release the inverter from the power supply when the inverter's protective function is activated or when the drive is not functioning (e.g. emergency stop operation).
- 2) To prevent any accident due to an automatic restart at restoration of power after an inverter stop made by a power failure
- 3) The control power supply for inverter is always running and consumes a little power. When stopping the inverter for an extended period of time, powering off the inverter will save power slightly.
- 4) To separate the inverter from the power supply to ensure safe maintenance and inspection work The inverter's input side MC is used for the above purpose, select class JEM1038-AC3MC for the inverter input side current when making an emergency stop during normal operation.

REMARKS

Since repeated inrush currents at power on will shorten the life of the converter circuit (switching life is about 1,000,000 times.), frequent starts and stops of the MC must be avoided. Turn on/off the inverter start controlling terminals (STF, STR) to run/stop the inverter.



• Inverter start/stop circuit example

As shown on the left, always use the start signal To the (ON or OFF across terminals STF or STR-PC) to motor make a start or stop.

- *1 When the power supply is 400V class, install a stepdown transformer.
- *2 Connect the power supply terminals R1/L11, S1/L21 of the control circuit to the primary side of the MC to hold an alarm signal when the inverter's protective circuit is activated. At this time, remove jumpers across terminals R/L1-R1/L11 and S/L2-S1/L21. (Refer to *page 18* for removal of the jumper.)

(2) Handling of the inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned on while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When an MC is provided to switch to a commercial power supply, for example, it is recommended to use commercial power supply-inverter switchover operation *Pr. 135 to Pr. 139* (Implicit).

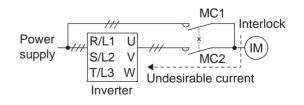
2.6 Precautions for use of the inverter

The FR-F700 series is a highly reliable product, but incorrect peripheral circuit making or operation/handling method may shorten the product life or damage the product. Before starting operation, always recheck the following items.

(1) Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.

- (2) Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Never perform such wiring.
- (3) After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter. Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- Use cables of the size to make a voltage drop 2% maximum.
 If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.
 Refer to *page 12* for the recommended cable sizes.
- (5) The overall wiring length should be 500m maximum. Especially for long distance wiring, the fast-response current limit function may be reduced or the equipment connected to the inverter output side may malfunction or become faulty under the influence of a charging current due to the stray capacity of the wiring. Therefore, note the overall wiring length. (*Refer to page 13.*)
- (6) Electromagnetic wave interference The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, set the EMC filter valid to minimize interference. (*Refer to page 8*)
- (7) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or radio noise filter on the inverter output side. This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices is installed, immediately remove it.
- (8) Before starting wiring or other work after the inverter is operated, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. The capacitor is charged with high voltage for some time after power off and it is dangerous.
- (9) A short circuit or earth fault on the inverter output side may damage the inverter modules.
 - Fully check the insulation resistance of the circuit prior to inverter operation since repeated short circuits caused by peripheral circuit inadequacy or an earth fault caused by wiring inadequacy or reduced motor insulation resistance may damage the inverter modules.
 - Fully check the to-earth insulation and inter-phase insulation of the inverter output side before power-on.
 Especially for an old motor or use in hostile atmosphere, securely check the motor insulation resistance etc.
- (10) Do not use the inverter input side magnetic contactor to start/stop the inverter.Always use the start signal (ON/OFF of STF and STR signals) to start/stop the inverter. (*Refer to page 7*)
- (11) Do not apply a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits. Contact to the inverter I/O signal circuits or opposite polarity may damage the I/O devices. Especially check the wiring to prevent the speed setting potentiometer from being connected incorrectly to short terminals 10E-5.
- (12) Provide electrical and mechanical interlocks for MC1 and MC2 which are used for commercial power supply-inverter switch-over.When the wiring is incorrect or if there is a commercial power supply-inverter switch-over circuit as shown on the right, the inverter will be damaged by leakage current from the power supply due to arcs generated at the time of

switch-over or chattering caused by a sequence error.



- (13) If the machine must not be restarted when power is restored after a power failure, provide a magnetic contactor in the inverter's input side and also make up a sequence which will not switch on the start signal. If the start signal (start switch) remains on after a power failure, the inverter will automatically restart as soon as the power is restored.
- (14) Instructions for overload operation

When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, increase/decrease in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter may repeat due to a continuous flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing bound current, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, increase the inverter capacity to have enough allowance for current.

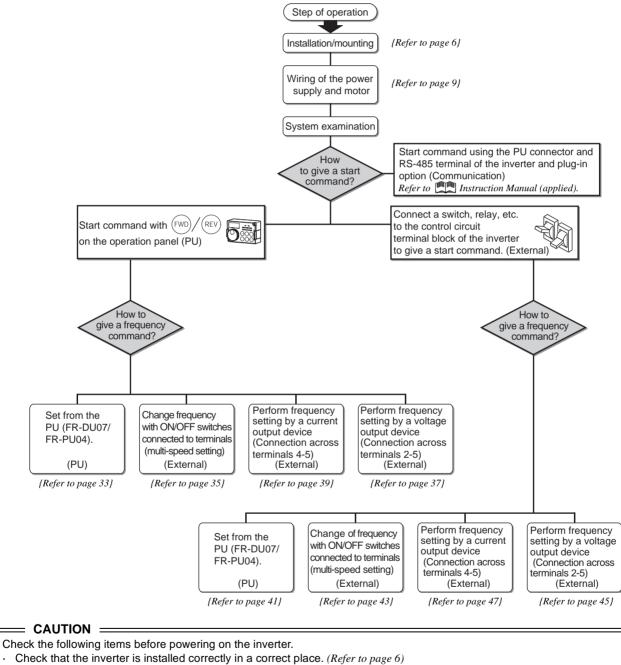
(15) Make sure that the specifications and rating match the system requirements.

3 DRIVE THE MOTOR

3.1 Step of operation

The inverter needs frequency command and start command.

Refer to the flow chart below to perform setting.



- Check that wiring is correct. (*Refer to page 7*)
- Check that no load is connected to the motor.

1400

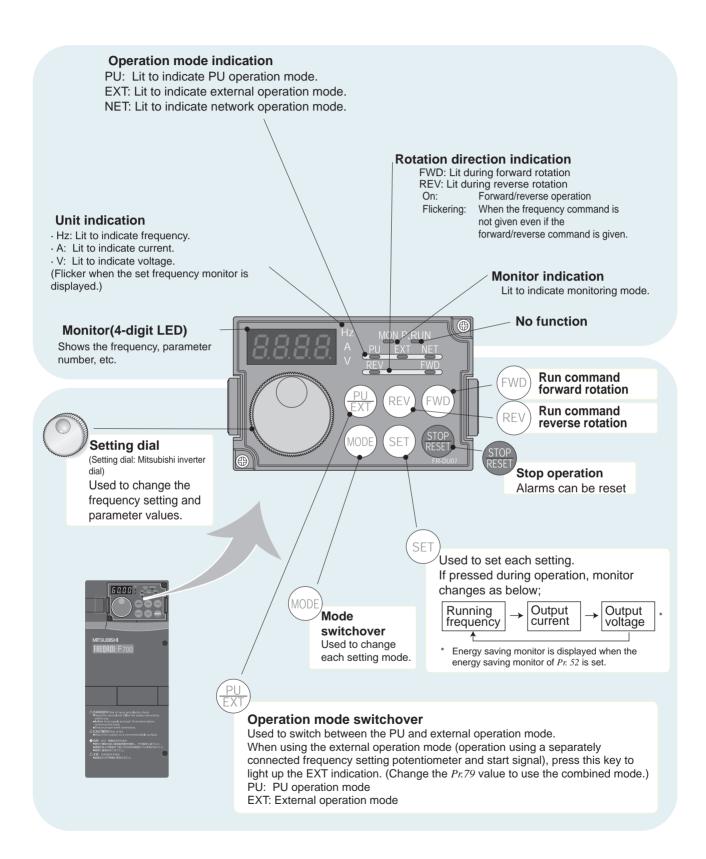
Check that no load is connected to the motor.

•When protecting the motor from overheat by the inverter, set Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay (Refer to page 32)

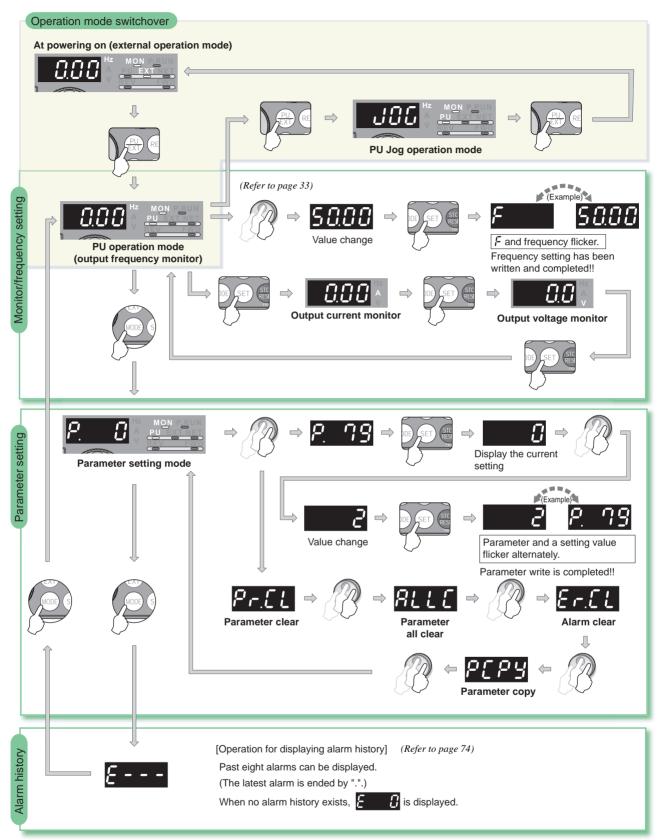
When the rated frequency of the motor is 60Hz, set Pr.3 Base frequency (Refer to page 52)

3.2 Operation panel (FR-DU07)

3.2.1 Parts of the operation panel (FR-DU07)



3.2.2 Basic operation (factory setting)



3.2.3 Operation lock (Press [MODE] for an extended time (2s))

Operation using the setting dial and key of the operation panel can be made invalid to prevent parameter change and unexpected start and stop.

- Set "10 or 11" in *Pr. 161*, then press (MODE) for 2s to make the setting dial and key operation invalid.
- When the setting dial and key operation is made invalid, HILL d appears on the operation panel.

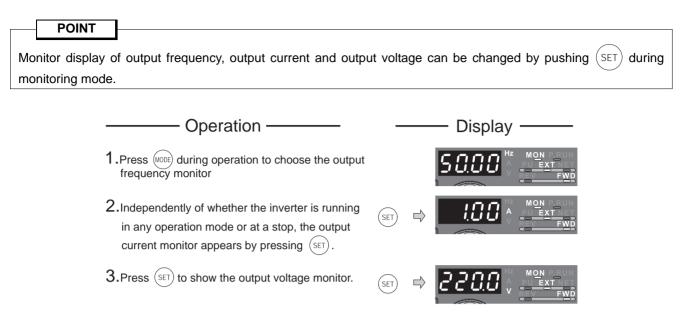
When the setting dial and key operation is invalid, **H** $\hat{\square}$ **L d** appears if the setting dial or key operation is performed. (When the setting dial or key operation is not performed for 2s, the monitor display appears.)

• To make the setting dial and key operation valid again, press (MODE) for 2s.

POINT 0" (extended mode parameter valid) in Pr.160 Use 10 or 11" (key lock mode valid) in Pr.161 Frequence	
Operation	—— Display ——
1. Screen at powering on The monitor display appears.	
2.Press (PU) to choose the PU operation mode.	PU indication is lit.
3.Press (MODE) to choose the parameter setting mode.	(MODE) IN P. C (The parameter number read previously appears.
4. Turn 🔘 until <i>P. 160</i> (<i>Pr. 160</i>) appears.	Ó ⇒ <u>8. 188</u>
5.Press (SET) to read the currently set value. "9999" (initial value) appears.	(set) ⇒ <mark>3333</mark>
6.Turn O to change it to the setting value of "D".	
7. Press (SET) to set.	(SET) ⇒ 0 <u>2</u> <u>7. 180</u>
	Flicker Parameter setting complete!!
8.Change Pr. 161 to the setting value of "10" in the similar manner.	ser ⇒ /8 / ₽. /8 /
(Refer to step 4 to 7.)	Flicker Parameter setting complete!!
9. Press $(MODE)$ for 2s to show the key lock mode.	Press for 2s.
Functions valid even in the o	operation lock status
Stop and reset with (RESET).	

Release the operation lock to release the PU stop by key operation.

3.2.4 Monitoring of output current and output voltage



3.2.5 First priority monitor

Hold down (SET) for 1s to set monitor description to be appeared first in the monitor mode.

(To return to the output frequency monitor, hold down (SET) for 1s after displaying the output frequency monitor.)

3.2.6 Setting dial push

Push the setting dial () to display the set frequency currently set.

DRIVE THE MOTOR

3.3 Overheat protection of the motor by the inverter (Pr. 9)

Set this parameter when using a motor other than the Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR) and Mitsubishi constant torque motor (SF-HRCA).

Set the rated motor current in Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay to protect the motor from overheat.

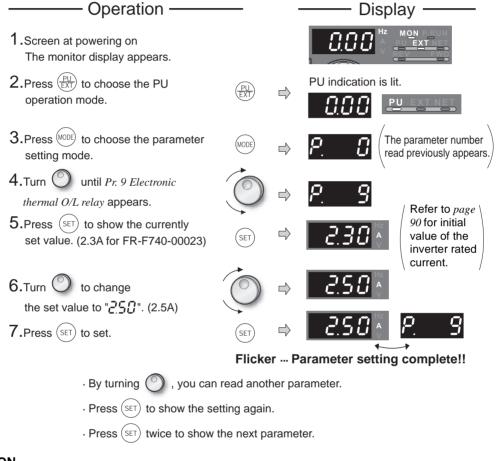
Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Setting R	ange *2	Description
9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	Rated inverter	01160 or less	0 to 500A	Set the rated motor current.
5	Liectionic thermal O/L relay	output current *1	01800 or more	0 to 3600A	Set the fated motor current.

*1 Refer to *page 90* for the rated inverter current value.

*2 The minimum setting increments are 0.01A for the 01160 or less and 0.1A for the 01800 or more.

Changing example Change the Pr. (FR-F740-0002)

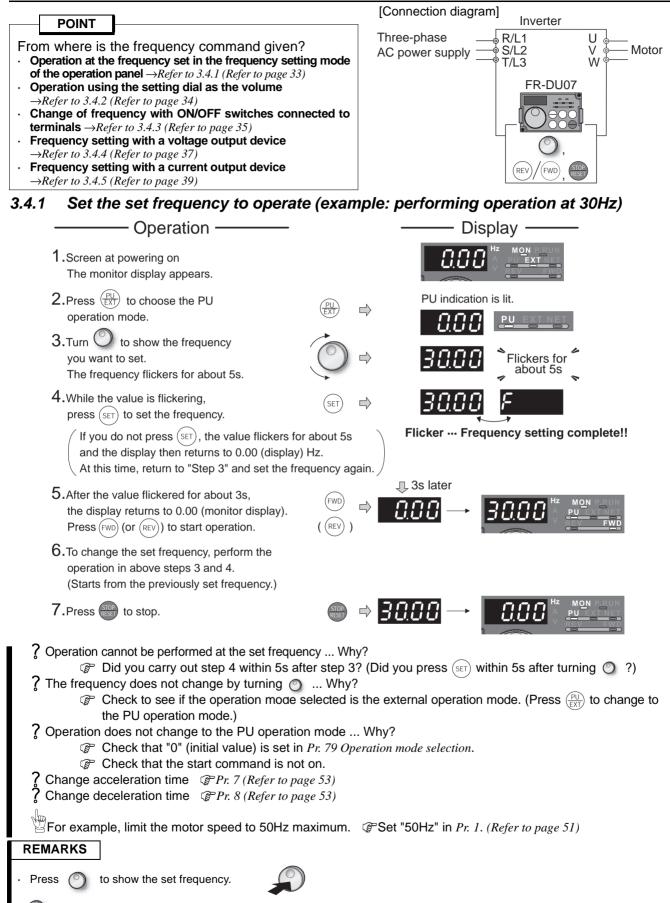
Change the *Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay* setting to 2.5A according to the motor rated current. (FR-F740-00023)



= CAUTION =

- Protective function by electronic thermal relay function is reset by inverter power reset and reset signal input. Avoid unnecessary reset and power-off.
- When two or more motors are connected to the inverter, they cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Install an external thermal relay to each motor.
- When the difference between the inverter and motor capacities is large and the setting is small, the protective characteristics of the electronic thermal relay function will be deteriorated. In this case, use an external thermal relay.
- A special motor cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Use an external thermal relay.
- PTC thermistor output built-in the motor can be input to the PTC signal (AU terminal). For details, refer to Instruction Manual (applied).

3.4 Start/stop from the operation panel (PU operation mode)



can also be used like a potentiometer to perform operation. (Refer to page 34)

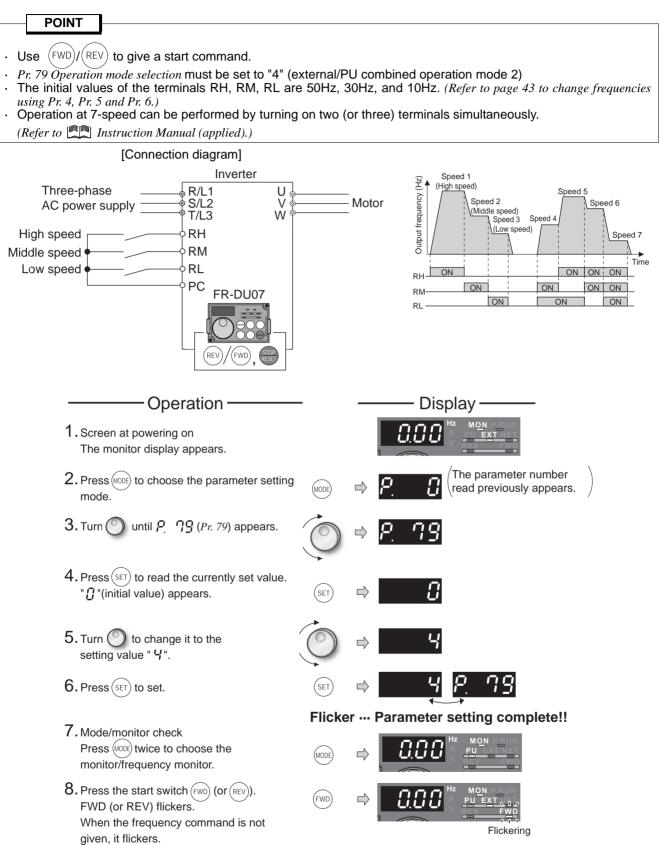
3.4.2 Use the setting dial like a potentiometer to perform operation.

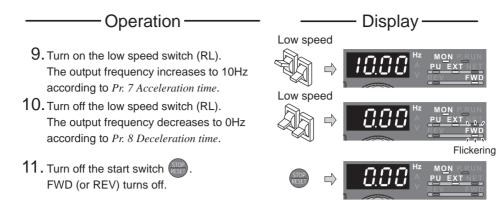
POINT	
Set "0" (extended mode parameter valid) in <i>Pr. 160 Use</i> Set "1" (setting dial potentiometer mode) in <i>Pr. 161 Free</i>	
Operation example Change the fre	quency from 0Hz to 50Hz during operation
Operation	— Display — —
1. Screen at powering on The monitor display appears.	
2. Press $(\frac{PU}{EXT})$ to choose the PU operation mode.	PU indication is lit.
3. Press (MODE) to choose the parameter setting mode.	$(\text{MODE}) \Rightarrow \textbf{P} \textbf{B} \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{The parameter number} \\ \text{previously read appears.} \end{array} \right)$
4. Turn O until <i>P</i> . <i>ISO</i> (<i>Pr. 160</i>) appears.	
5. Press (SET) to read the currently set value. " 9999" (initial value) appears.	(set) ⇒ <u>9999</u>
6. Turn to change it to the setting value "[]".	
7. Press (SET) to set.	SET ⇒ <u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>
	Flicker Parameter setting complete!!
8. Change Pr. 161 to the setting value of " / " in the similar manner. (Refer to step 4 to 7.)	(set) ⇒ / <u>/ /2. /8 /</u>
	Flicker Parameter setting complete!!
9. Mode/monitor check Press (MODE) twice to choose monitor/frequency monitor.	
10. Press (FWD) (or (REV)) to start the inverter.	
11. Turn O until "50.00" appears. The flickering frequency is the set frequency. You need not press (SET).	$ \Rightarrow \qquad $
DEMARKS	The frequency lickers for about 55.
REMARKS	

• If flickering "50.00" turns to "0.0", the Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection setting may not be "1".

- Independently of whether the inverter is running or at a stop, the frequency can be set by merely turning ${igodot}$.

3.4.3 Use switches to give a start command and a frequency command (multi-speed setting)

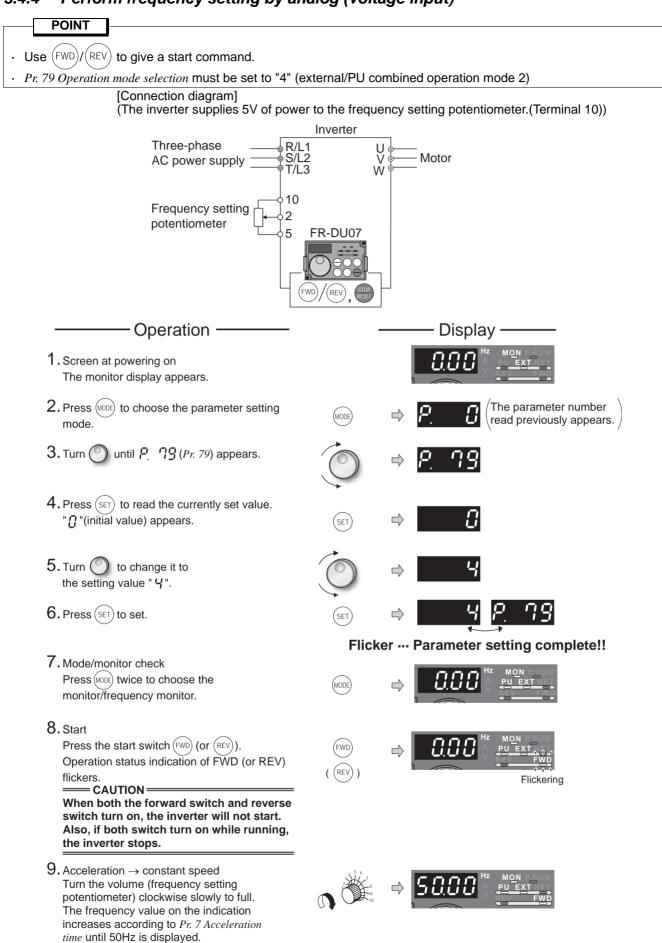


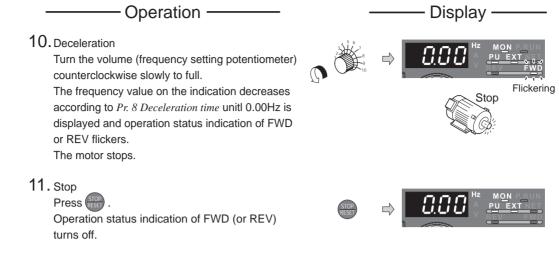


? 50Hz for the RH, 30Hz for the RL and 10Hz for the RL are not output when they are turned on ... Why? **?** Check for the setting of *Pr. 4, Pr. 5,* and *Pr. 6* once again.

- Check for the setting of Pr. 1 Maximum frequency and Pr. 2 Minimum frequency once again. (*Refer to page 51.*)
- Check that *Pr. 180 RL terminal function selection* = "0", *Pr. 181 RM terminal function selection* = "2", *Pr. 182 RH terminal function selection* and *Pr. 59 Remote function selection* = "0". (all are initial values)
- **?** [FWD (or REV)] lamp is not lit ... Why?
 - P Check that wiring is correct. Check the wiring once again.
 - Check for the *Pr.* 79 setting once again. (*Pr.* 79 must be set to "4".) (*Refer to page 56.*)
- ? Change the frequency of the terminal RL, RM, and RH. ... How?
 - **Refer** to page 43 to change the running frequency at each terminal in *Pr. 4 Multi-speed setting (high speed), Pr. 5 Multi-speed setting (middle speed),* and *Pr. 6 Multi-speed setting (low speed).*

3.4.4 Perform frequency setting by analog (voltage input)

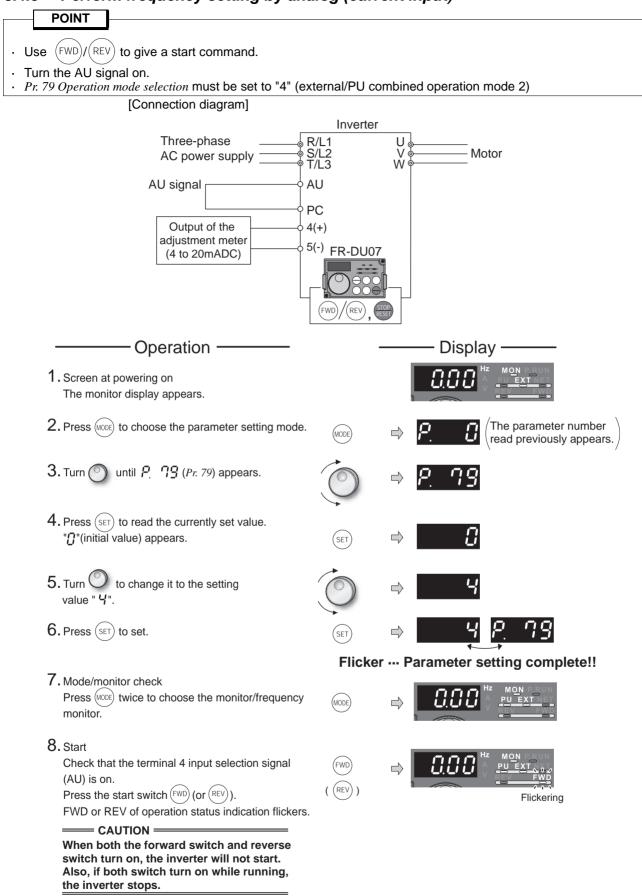


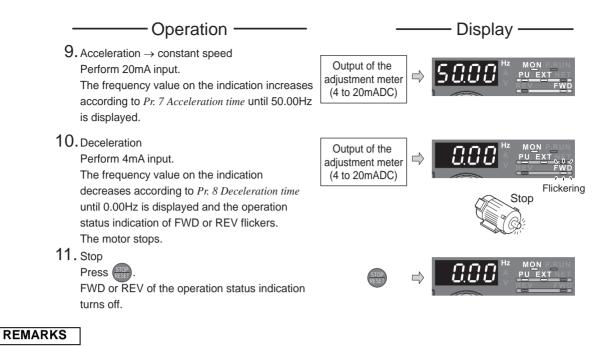


- Change the frequency (50Hz) of the maximum value of potentiometer (at 5V)
 Adjust the frequency in *Pr. 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency. (Refer to page 46.)*
- Adjust the frequency in *Pr. 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency. (Refer to page 46* Change the frequency (0Hz) of the minimum value of potentiometer (at 0V)
 - Adjust the frequency in calibration parameter C2 Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to Instruction Manual (applied).)

Start/stop from the operation panel (PU operation mode)

3.4.5 Perform frequency setting by analog (current input)





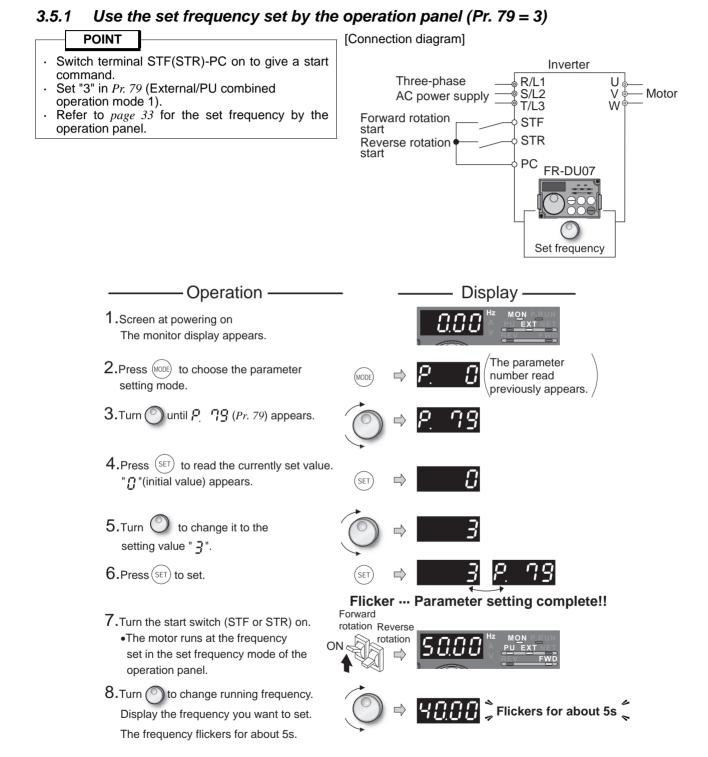
Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection must be set to "4" (AU signal) (initial value). (Refer to III Instruction Manual (applied).)

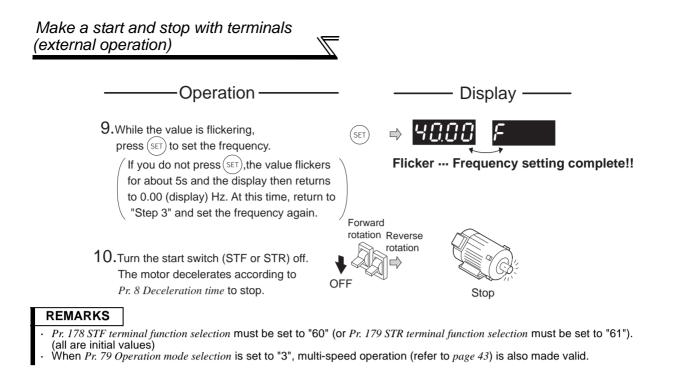
- ? Change the frequency (50Hz) at the maximum value of potentiometer (at 20mA)
 - Adjust the frequency in Pr. 126 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency. (Refer to page 48.)
- **?** Change the frequency (0Hz) at the minimum value of potentiometer (at 4mA)
 - Adjust the frequency in calibration parameter C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to Instruction Manual (applied).)

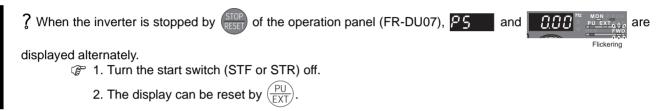
3.5 Make a start and stop with terminals (external operation)

POINT

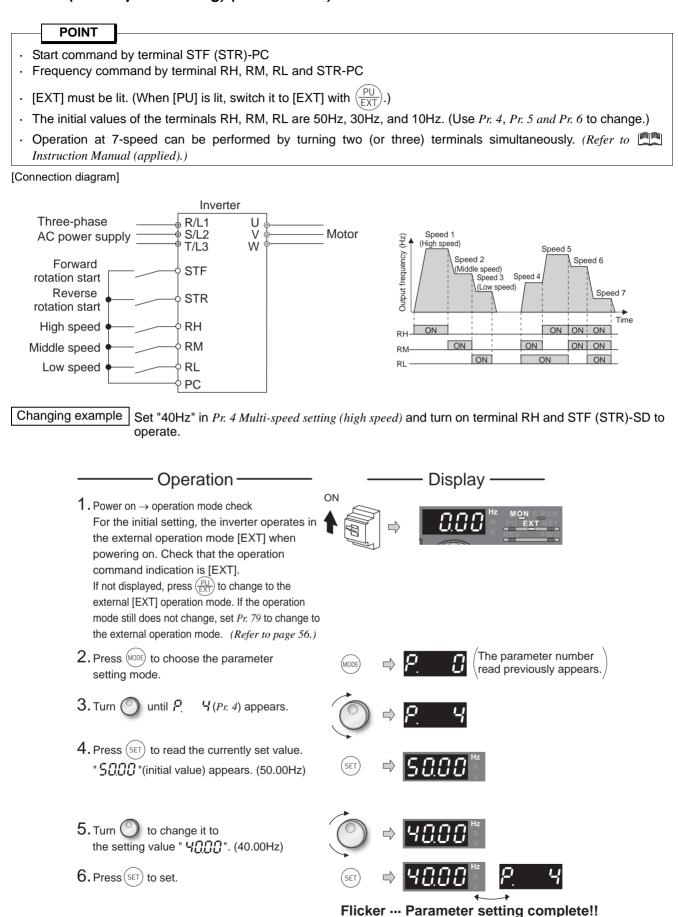
- From where is the frequency command given?
- Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel \rightarrow Refer to 3.5.1(Refer to page 41)
- Give a frequency command by switch (multi-speed setting) \rightarrow Refer to 3.5.2 (Refer to page 43)
- Perform frequency setting by a voltage output device $\rightarrow Refer$ to 3.5.3 (Refer to page 45) Berform frequency setting by a current output device $\rightarrow Refer$ to 3.5.3 (Refer to page 45)
- Perform frequency setting by a current output device \rightarrow Refer to 3.5.5 (Refer to page 47)

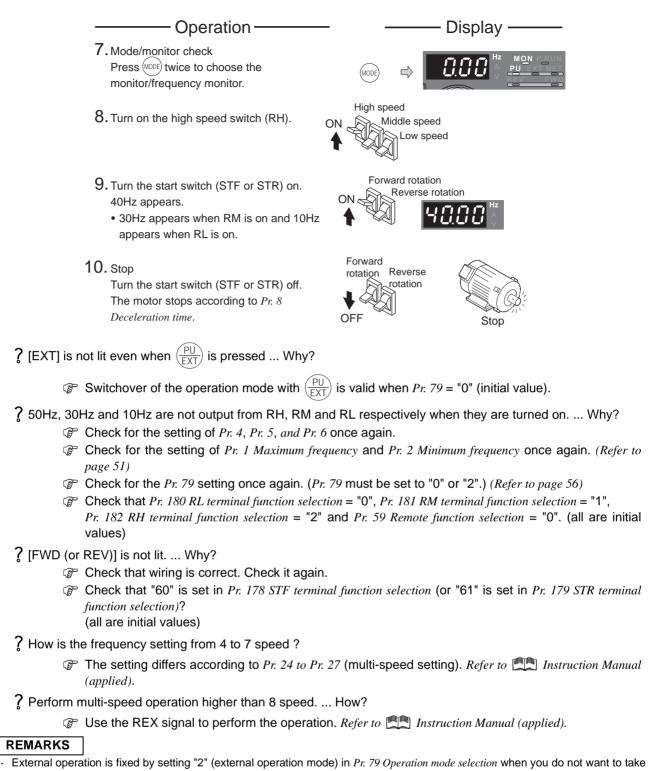






3.5.2 Use switches to give a start command and a frequency command (multi-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6)





time pressing $\frac{PU}{EYT}$ or when you want to use the current start command and frequency command. (*Refer to page 56*)

3.5.3 Perform frequency setting by analog (voltage input)

[Connection diagram] (The inverter supplies 5V of power to frequency setting potentiometer. (Terminal 10)) Inverter Three-phase R/L1 S/L2 T/L3 Motor AC power supply Forward rotation STF start STR Reverse rotation start PC 10 Frequency setting 2 potentiometer 5 Operation Display · ON **1.**Power on \rightarrow operation mode check For the initial setting, the inverter operates in the external operation mode [EXT] when powering on. Check that the operation command indication is [EXT]. If not displayed, press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ to change to the external [EXT] operation mode. If the operation mode still does not change, set Pr. 79 to change to the external operation mode. (Refer to page 56.) 2.Start Forward rotation Reverse Turn the start switch (STF or STR) on. rotation Operation status indication of FWD (or REV) ON flickers Flickering = CAUTION = When both the forward switch and reverse switch are on, the inverter will not start. Also, if both switches turn on while running. the inverter decelerates to stop. $3. {\sf Acceleration} \rightarrow {\sf constant} \ {\sf speed}$ Turn the volume (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full. The frequency value on the indication increases according to Pr. 7 Acceleration time until 50Hz is displayed. 4.Deceleration Turn the volume (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full. The frequency value of the indication Flickering decreases according to Pr. 8 Deceleration time until 0.00Hz is displayed. Stop The motor stops. Forward 5.Stop rotation Reverse rotation Turn the start switch (STF or STR) off. OFF

DRIVE THE MOTOR

3

When you want to operate in the external operation mode always at powering on or when you want to save the trouble of $\begin{pmatrix} PU \\ EXT \end{pmatrix}$ input, set "2" (external operation mode) in *Pr. 79 Operation mode selection* to

REMARKS

choose external operation mode always.

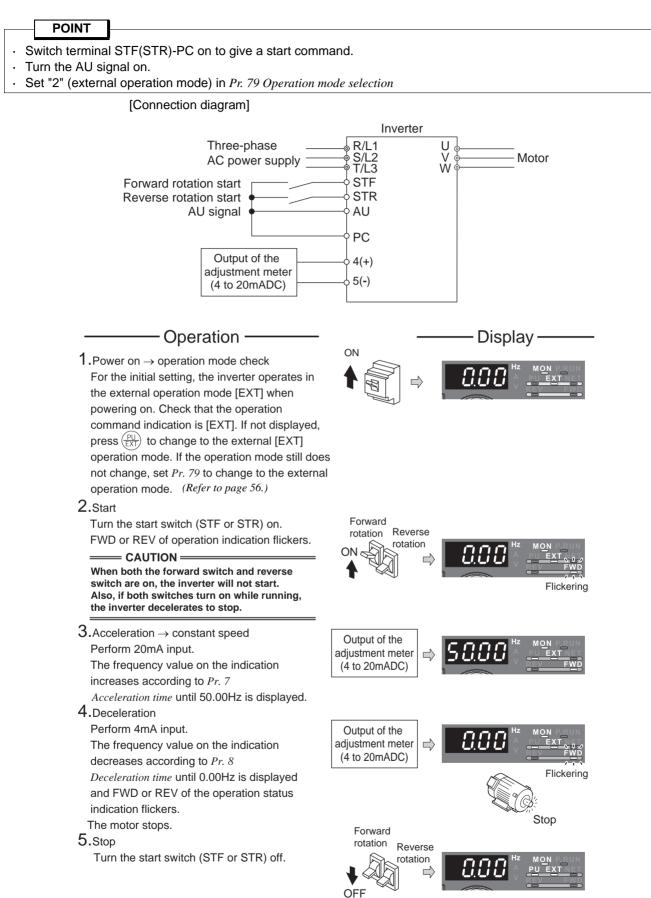
Pr. 178 STF terminal function selection must be set to "60" (or *Pr. 179 STR terminal function selection* must be set to "61"). (all are initial values)

 ? The motor will not rotate Why? ? Check that [EXT] is lit. [EXT] is valid when <i>Pr. 79</i> = "0" (initial value of the constant of	again.
 Change the frequency (0Hz) of the minimum value Adjust the frequency in <i>calibration paran</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) When you want to compensate frequency setting, For details, refer to Instruction Manual (applied) 	neter C2 Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to use terminal 1.
3.5.4 Change the frequency (50Hz) of th	e maximum value of potentiometer (at 5V)
<how change="" frequency?="" maximum="" the="" to=""></how>	
Changing example When you want to use the 0 to 5V time frequency from 50Hz (initial Adjust to output 40Hz at 5V voltage Set "40Hz" in <i>Pr. 125</i> .	
Operation	——— Display ———
1. Turn O until <i>P. 125</i> (<i>Pr. 125</i>) appears.	◯ ⇒ <u>₽.125</u>
2. Press (SET) to show the currently set value. (50)	0.00Hz) (SET) ➡ 5000
3. Turn O to change the set value to "40.00". (40.00Hz)	
4. Press (SET) to set.	
5.Mode/monitor check Press MODE twice to choose the monitor/frequency r	
6.Turn the start switch (STF or STR) on and turn the (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise to full sl (Refer to 3.5.3 steps 2 to 5)	
 Set frequency at 0V using calibration parameter C2 and adjust the indicator using calibration parameter C0. (Refer to Instruction Manual (applied).) 	Solution Sol
	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ &$
	0 Frequency setting signal 5V 0 10V C2 (Pr002) C4 (Pr002)
	C3 (<i>Pr.</i> 902) C4 (<i>Pr.</i> 903)
REMARKS	ain there are methods to adjust with a voltage applied to across

As other adjustment methods of frequency setting voltage gain, there are methods to adjust with a voltage applied to across terminals 2-5 and adjust at any point without a voltage applied.

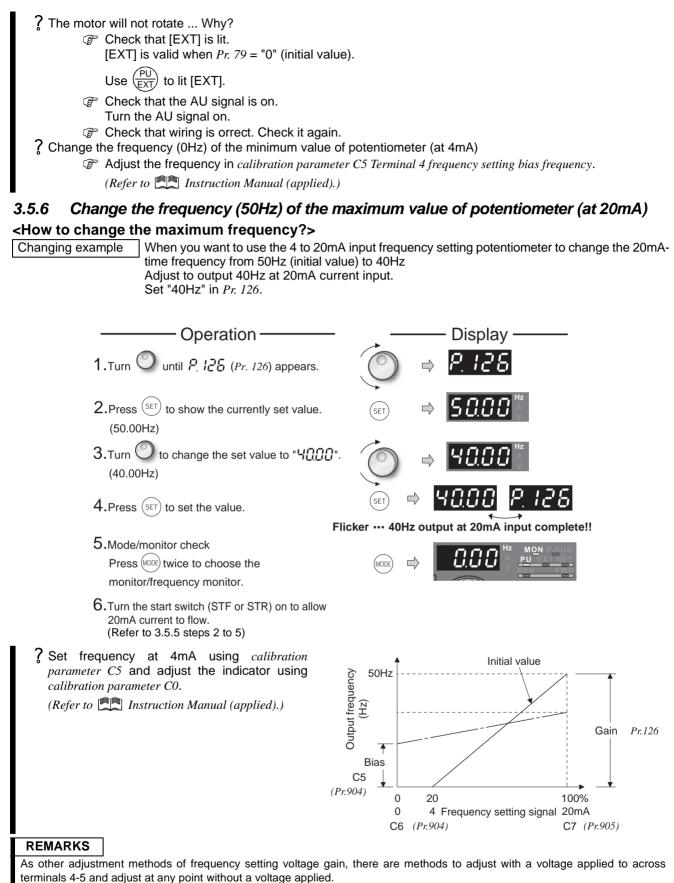
(Refer to Instruction Manual (applied) for the setting method of calibration parameter C4.)

3.5.5 Perform frequency setting by analog (current input)



REMARKS

Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection must be set to "4" (AU signal) (initial value). (Refer to 🛄 Instruction Manual (applied).)



(Refer to A libration Manual (applied) for the setting method of calibration parameter C7.)

4 ADJUSTMENT

4.1 Simple mode parameter list

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from

the operation panel (FR-DU07). For details of parameters, refer to Instruction Manual (applied).

POINT

Only simple mode parameters are displayed by the initial setting of *Pr. 160 User group read selection*. Set *Pr. 160 User group read selection* as required. (*Refer to page 106.*)

Pr. 160	Description
9999 (Initial Value)	Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.
0	Simple mode and extended mode parameters can be displayed.
1	Only the parameters registered in the user group can be displayed.

Parameter Number	Name	Incre ments	Initial Value	Range	Applications	Refer to
0	Torque boost	0.1%	6/4/3/2/ 1.5/1% *1	0 to 30%	Set to increase a starting torque or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1] *1 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (00023 / 00038 to 00083 / 00126,00170 / 00250 to 00770 / 00930, 01160 /01800 or more)	50
1	Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120/ 60Hz*2	0 to 120Hz	Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited. *2 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (01160 or less/01800 or more)	51
2	Minimum frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.	
3	Base frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Check the motor rating plate.	52
4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz		
5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0.01Hz	30Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when changing the preset speed in the parameter with a terminal.	43
6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0.01Hz	10Hz	0 to 400Hz		
7	Acceleration time	0.1s	5/15s*3	0 to 3600s	Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.	
8	Deceleration time	0.1s	10/30s*3	0 to 3600s	*3 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (00170 or less/00250 or more)	53
9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01/ 0.1A*4	Rated inverter output current	0 to 500/ 0 to 3600A*4	Protect the motor from overheat by the inverter. Set the rated motor current. *4 Setting increments and setting range differ according to the inverter capacity. (01160 or less/01800 or more)	32
60	Energy saving control selection	1	0	0, 4, 9	The inverter output voltage is minimized when using for fan and pump applications.	54
79	Operation mode selection	1	0	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	Select the start command location and frequency command location.	56
125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (at 5V) can be changed.	46
126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency at 20mA input can be changed.	48
160	User group read selection	1	9999	0, 1, 9999	Make extended parameters valid	

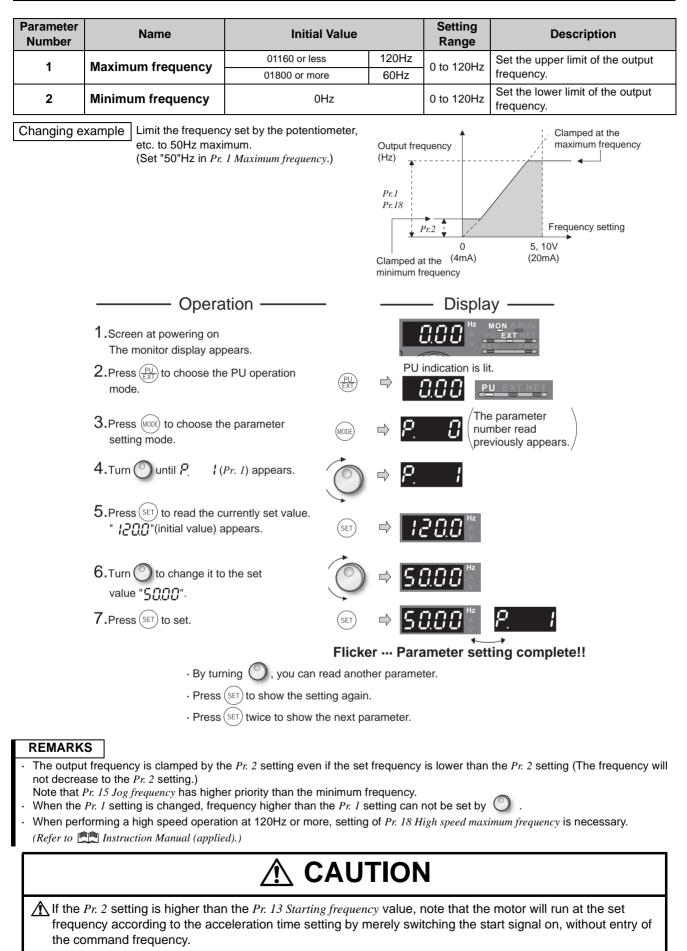
4.2 Increase the starting torque (Pr. 0)

Set this parameter when "the motor with a load will not rotate", "an alarm [OL] is output, resulting in an inverter trip due to [OC1], etc.

Number 0		0002				Range	
0			3	6	%		
0		00038 to 0		4	%		Motor torque in the low-
U	Torque boost	00126, 0	0170	3	%	0 to 30%	frequency range can be
	loique boost	00250 to 0	0770		%	01030%	adjusted to the load to increase
		00930, 0			5%		the starting motor torque.
		01800 or	more	1'	%		
hanging e	increase the looking at the	tor with a load will not Pr. 0 value 1% by 1% ι motor movement. (Th 0% change at the grea	unit by ne guideline		Pr.0 Pr.46	100% Output voltage Setting range 0	Output Base frequency frequency
	1.Screen at powering		_	_		- Display	
	The monitor display a 2. Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ to choose		de. (PU)	F □⇒	PU in	dication is lit.	
	3.Press (MODE) to choose setting mode.	the parameter	MODE	⇒ 8	2.	l numb	arameter er read busly appears.
	4. Turn 🔿 until P. 🛛	<i>(Pr. 0</i>) appears.	\bigcirc	⇒ 8	2	8	
	5.Press (SET) to read th " <u>6.0</u> "(initial value is FR-F740-00023) ap	6% for the	SET			b. d	he initial value iffers according o the capacity.
	6.Turn () to change "חָרָי".	it to the set value	\bigcirc	⇒			
	7.Press (SET) to set.		SET	⇒		<u>no</u> P	<u> </u>
	_						g complete!!
	-	turning \bigodot , you can r $\cos(\operatorname{set})$ to show the se		paran	neter		
	· Pre	$\operatorname{ss}(\operatorname{SET})$ to show the se	again.				
	• Pre	ess (SET) twice to show t	the next para	ameter			
REMARK	2	-					
A too large shut-off du	setting may cause the n ring acceleration)), therm	al trip (E.THM (Motor o	verload shut	-off)), a	and E	.THT (Inverter o	nt alarm) then E.OC1 (Overcurre overload shut-off)). % to reset. (<i>Refer to page 66.</i>)
						•	

If the inverter still does not operate properly after the above measures, adjust *Pr. 80* "Simple magnetic vector control" [extended mode]. (*Refer to* [1]] Instruction Manual (applied).)

4.3 Limit the maximum and minimum output frequency (Pr. 1, Pr. 2)



4.4 When the rated motor frequency is 60Hz (Pr. 3)

First, check the motor rating plate. If a frequency given on the rating plate is "60Hz" only, always set *Pr. 3 Base frequency* to "60Hz".

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Settin	g Range	Description
3	Base frequency	50Hz	0 to	400Hz	Set the frequency when the motor rated torque is generated.
	Changing example Change Pr. 3	Base frequency to 60)Hz accore	ding to the n	notor rated frequency.
	Operation			— Di	splay ——
	1. Screen at powering on The monitor display appears.			0.00	
	2.Press (PU EXT) to choose the PU mode.	operation (PU) EXT		PU indicatio	n is lit.
	3.Press (MODE) to choose the para setting mode.	ameter MODE		P. 0	The parameter number read previously appears.
	4. Turn O until <i>Pr. 3 Base frequ</i> appears.	uency		P. 3	
	5.Press (SET) to show the currer value. (50Hz)	ntly set		50.00	Hz A V
	6.Turn 🔘 counterclockwise t change the set value to "६००		⊳	<i>50.00</i>	Hz A
	7. Press (SET) to set.	SET		60.00	P <u></u> 3
		Flicker	··· Param	eter settin	ig complete!!
	· By turning \bigcirc ,	you can read anot	her param	eter.	
	$\cdot \operatorname{Press}\left(\operatorname{SET}\right)$ to sh	now the setting again	in.		

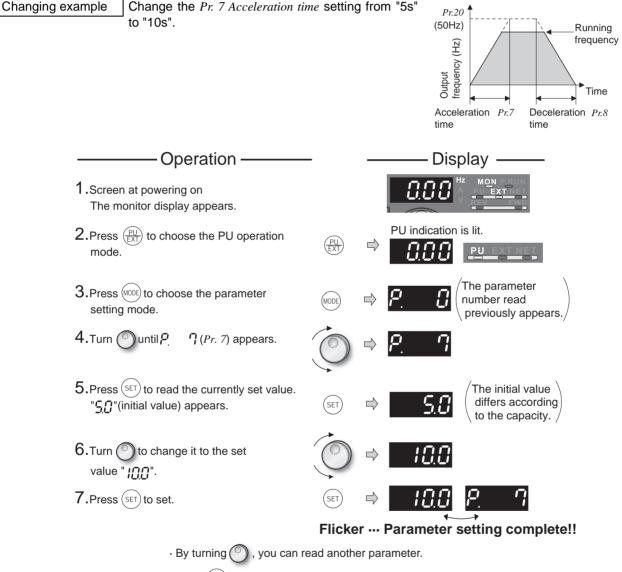
 \cdot Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

4.5 Change acceleration and deceleration time (Pr. 7, Pr. 8)

Set in *Pr.* 7 Acceleration time a larger value for a slower speed increase and a smaller value for a faster speed increase. Set in *Pr.* 8 Deceleration time a larger value for a slower speed decrease and a smaller value for a faster speed decrease.

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value		Setting Range	Description
7	Acceleration time	00170 or less 00250 or more	5s 15s	0 to 3600/ 360s *	Set the motor acceleration time.
8	Deceleration time	00170 or less	10s	0 to 3600/	Set the motor deceleration time.
		00250 or more	30s	360s *	

Depends on the *Pr. 21 Acceleration/deceleration time increments* setting. The initial value for the setting range is "0 to 3600s" and setting increments is "0.1s".



• Press(set) to show the setting again.

 $\cdot \operatorname{Press}(\operatorname{SET})$ twice to show the next parameter.

4.6 Energy saving operation (Pr. 60)

Without a fine parameter setting, the inverter automatically performs energy saving operation. This inverter is appropriate for fan and pump applications

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Setting Range	Remarks
			0	Normal operation mode
60	Energy saving control selection	0	4	Energy saving operation mode
			9	Optimum excitation control mode

4.6.1 Energy saving operation mode (setting "4")

- When "4" is set in Pr. 60, the inverter operates in the energy saving operation mode.
- In the energy saving operation mode, the inverter automatically controls the output voltage to minimize the inverter output voltage during a constant operation.

REMARKS

• For applications a large load torque is applied to or machines repeat frequent acceleration/deceleration, an energy saving effect is not expected.

4.6.2 Optimum excitation control mode (setting "9")

- When "9" is set in *Pr.* 60, the inverter operates in the optimum excitation control mode.
- The optimum excitation control mode is a control system which controls excitation current to improve the motor
 efficiency to maximum and determines output voltage as an energy saving method.

REMARKS

When the motor capacity is too small as compared to the inverter capacity or two or more motors are connected to one inverter, the energy saving effect is not expected.

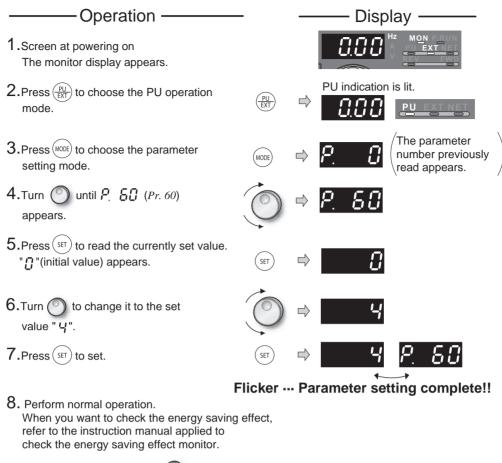
= CAUTION =

- When the energy saving mode and optimum excitation control mode are selected, deceleration time may be longer than the setting value. Since overvoltage alarm tends to occur as compared to the constant torque load characteristics, set a longer deceleration time.
- The energy saving mode and optimum excitation control functions only under V/F control.
 When a value other than "9999" is set in *Pr. 80 Motor capacity (simple magnetic flux control*), the energy saving mode and optimum excitation control does not function.

(For simple magnetic flux vector control, refer to the Instruction Manual (applied).)

POINT

When you want to check the energy saving effect, refer to *the Instruction Manual (applied)* to check the energy saving effect monitor.



• By turning (), you can read another parameter.

• Press (SET) to show the setting again.

• Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

REMARKS

If the motor decelerates to stop, the deceleration time may be longer than the set time. Since overvoltage tends to occur as compared to the constant torque characteristics, set a longer deceleration time.

4.7 Selection of the operation command and frequency command locations (Pr. 79)

Select the start command location and frequency command location.

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Setting Range	Descri	ption	LED Indication : Off : On		
			0	Use external/PU switchover n between the PU and external <i>page 33)</i>) At power on, the inverter is in mode.	operation mode. (Refer to	External operation mode		
			1	Fixed to PU operation mode		PUEXTNET		
			2	Fixed to external operation m Operation can be performed external and NET operation r	by switching between the	External operation mode		
				External/PU combined opera	tion mode 1			
				Running frequency	Start signal			
	Operation mode 0 selection		n		3	PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04) setting or external signal input (multi-speed setting, across terminals 4-5 (valid when AU signal turns on)).	External signal input (terminal STF, STR)	PUEXTNET
79		0		External/PU combined opera	tion mode 2	$(\bigcirc \bigcirc $		
			ection		Running frequency	Start signal		
			4	External signal input (Terminal 2, 4, 1, JOG, multi-speed selection, etc.)	Input from the PU (FR- DU07/FR-PU04) ((FWD), (REV))			
			6	Switchover mode Switch among PU operatio NET operation while keeping	PU operation mode External operation mode NET operation mode			
			7	mode. (output stop during externa X12 signal OFF*	witched to the PU operation	PU operation mode		

* For the terminal used for the X12 signal (PU operation interlock signal) input, set "12" in *Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection)* to assign functions.

For Pr. 178 to Pr. 189, refer to Instruction Manual (applied).

When the X12 signal is not assigned, function of the MRS signal switches from MRS (output stop) to PU operation interlock signal.

4.8 **Parameter clear**

Operation		—— Display ——
1. Screen at powering on The monitor display appears.		
2.Press (\underline{PU}) to choose the PU operation mode.	(PU) EXT	PU indication is lit.
3.Press (MODE) to choose the parameter setting mode.	MODE	⇒ P. D (The parameter number read previously appears.)
4.Turn 〇 until "ア <u> 「</u> [<u>'</u> " (parameter clear appears.	r) O	$\Rightarrow Pr.EL$
5.Press (SET) to read the currently set valu " [] "(initial value) appears.	IE.	⇒ 3
6.Turn () to change it to the setting value " /".	\bigcirc	⇒ /
7. Press (SET) to set.	SET	⇒ IPr.EL
		er ··· Parameter setting complete!!
	ner paramete	
• Press (SET) to show the • Press (SET) twice to sho	setting again w the next pa	

1. Press $\left(\frac{PO}{EXT}\right)$.

Carry out operation from step 6 again.

4.9 All parameter clear

POINT · Set "1" in ALLC parameter clear to initialize all parameters. (Parameters are not cleared when "1" is set in Pr. 77Parameter write selection. In addition, calibration parameters are not cleared.) Refer to the extended parameter list on page 107 for parameters to be cleared with this function. Operation · Display 1.Screen at powering on The monitor display appears. PU indication is lit. **2.**Press $\binom{PU}{FXT}$ to choose the PU operation mode. The parameter **3.**Press (MODE) to choose the parameter number read setting mode. previously appears. 4.Turn O until R!! [(all parameter clear) appears. 5.Press (SET) to read the currently set value. " [] "(initial value) appears. 6.Turn () to change it to the setting value " /". 7.Press (SET) to set. SET Flicker --- Parameter setting complete!! Press to read another parameter. \cdot Press(SET) to show the setting again. · Press (SET twice to show the next parameter.

? and Er 4 are displayed alternately ... Why?

- P The inverter is not in the PU operation mode.
 - 1. Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$.

is lit and the monitor (4 digit LED) displays "0" (Pr. 79 = "0" (initial value)).

2. Carry out operation from step 6 again.

4.10 Parameter copy and parameter verification

PCPY Setting	Description			
0	Cancel			
1	py the source parameters to the operation panel.			
2	Nrite the parameters copied to the operation panel into the destination inverter.			
3	Verify parameters in the inverter and operation panel. (Refer to page 60.)			

REMARKS

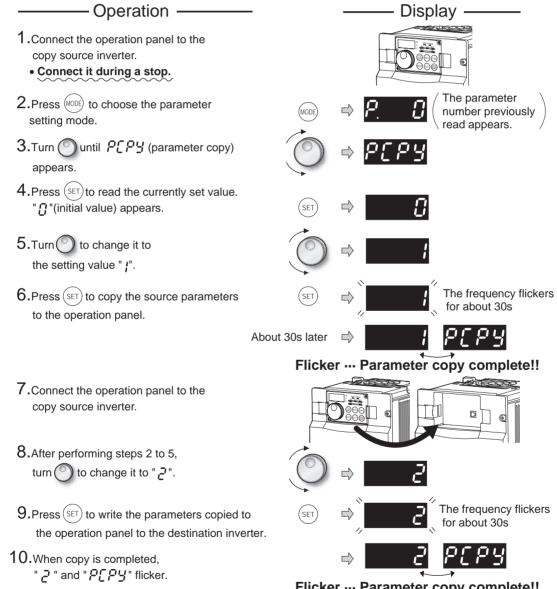
・When the copy destination inverter is not the FR-F700 series or parameter copy write is performed after parameter read is stopped, "model error (ィ と ソ)" is displayed.

· Refer to the extended parameter list on page 107 and later for availability of parameter copy.

• When the power is turned off or an operation panel is disconnected, etc. during parameter copy write, perform write again or check the values by parameter verification.

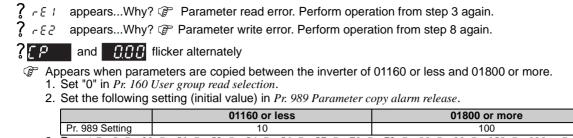
4.10.1 Parameter copy

Multiple inverters and parameter settings can be copied.



 After writing the parameter values to the copy destination inverter, always reset the inverter, e.g. switch power off once, before starting operation.

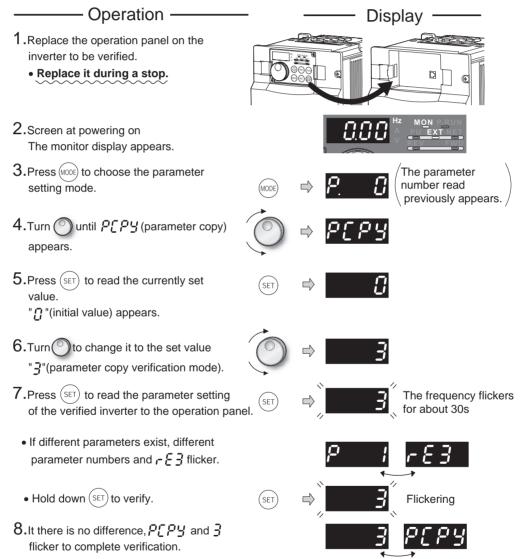




3. Reset Pr. 9, Pr. 30, Pr. 51, Pr. 52, Pr. 54, Pr. 56, Pr. 57, Pr. 70, Pr. 72, Pr. 80, Pr. 90, Pr. 158, Pr. 190 to Pr. 196, Pr. 893.

4.10.2 Parameter verification

Whether same parameter values are set in other inverters or not can be checked.



Flicker --- Parameter verification complete!!

REMARKS

When the copy destination inverter is not the FR-F700 series, "model error ($r \notin 4$)" is displayed.

? - E 3 flickers ... Why?

P Set frequencies, etc. may be different. Check set frequencies.

5 TROUBLESHOOTING

When an alarm (major failures) occurs in the inverter, the protective function is activated bringing the inverter to an alarm stop and the PU display automatically changes to any of the following error (alarm) indications. If your fault does not correspond to any of the following errors or if you have any other problem, please contact your

sales representative.

- Alarm display
 When the protective function is activated, the operation panel display automatically switches to the above indication.
- When the protective function is activated, take the corresponding corrective action, then reset the inverter, and resume operation.

Not doing so may lead to the inverter fault and damage.

5.1 List of alarm display

	Operation P Indicatio		Name	Refer to
	HOLd	HOLD	Operation panel lock	62
Error message	Er I to Er 4	Er1 to 4	Parameter write error	62
Error m	rを! to rを4	rE1 to 4	Copy operation error	62
	Enr.	Err.	Error	63
	0L	OL	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	64
	ol	oL	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	64
S	rb	RB	Regenerative brake prealarm	65
Warnings	ſH	ΤН	Electronic thermal relay function prealarm	65
≥	PS	PS	PU stop	64
	Πſ	MT	Maintenance signal output	65
	EP	CP	Parameter copy	65
Minor fault	۶n	FN	Fan fault	66
	E.DC I	E.OC1	Overcurrent shut-off during acceleration	66
	5.00.2	E.OC2	Overcurrent shut-off during constant speed	66
	E.0C 3	E.OC3	Overcurrent shut-off during deceleration or stop	66
	8.0u l	E.OV1	Regenerative overvoltage shut-off during acceleration	67
	5.0 <i>u2</i>	E.OV2	Regenerative overvoltage shut-off during constant speed	67
ault	8.0 u 3	E.OV3	Regenerative overvoltage shut- off during deceleration or stop	67
Major fault	E.F H.F	E.THT	Inverter overload shut-off (electronic thermal relay function)	67
Mâ	6,Г НП	E.THM	Motor overload shut-off (electronic thermal relay function)	67
	6,81 m	E.FIN	Fin overheat	68
	EJ PF	E.IPF	Instantaneous power failure	68
	Е. БЕ	E.BE	Brake transistor alarm detection/internal circuit error	68
	E.Uuf	E.UVT	Undervoltage	68
	ELLE	E.ILF*	Input phase failure	69
	E.01.7	E.OLT	Stall prevention	69

	Operation P Indicatio	anel n	Name	Refer to
	E. GF	E.GF	Output side earth fault overcurrent	69
	E. L.F	E.LF	Output phase failure	69
	6.0 <i>H</i> F	E.OHT	External thermal relay operation *2	69
	5.PFE	E.PTC*	PTC thermistor operation	69
	E.0PF	E.OPT	Option alarm	70
	E.0P I	E.OP1	Communication option alarm	70
	E. 1	E. 1	Option alarm	70
	E. PE	E.PE	Parameter storage devide alarm	70
	8.PU8	E.PUE	PU disconnection	70
	6.c.6.f	E.RET	Retry count excess	71
Major fault	539,3	E.PE2*	Parameter storage devide alarm	70
Major	E. 67 E. 77 E.C.PU	E. 6 / E. 7 / E.CPU	CPU error	71
	8.C.F.E	E.CTE	Operation panel power supply short circuit, RS-485 terminal power supply short circuit	71
	E.P24	E.P24	24VDC power output short circuit	71
	0 b 3.3	E.CDO*	Output current detection value exceeded	71
	EJ OH	E.IOH*	Inrush current limit circuit alarm	71
	8.58 r	E.SER*	Communication error (inverter)	72
	E.RT E	E.AIE*	Analog input error	72
	E. 13	E.13	Internal circuit error	72

If an error occurs when using the FR-PU04, "Fault 14" is displayed on the FR-PU04.

5.2 Causes and corrective actions

(1) Error Message

A message regarding operational troubles is displayed. Output is not shut off.

Operation Panel Indication	HOLD	HOLd		
Name	Operation pa	Operation panel lock		
Description	Operation loc	Operation lock mode is set. Operation other than (RESET) is made invalid. (Refer to page 30.)		
Check point	—			
Corrective action	Press MODE for 2s to release lock.			

Operation Panel Indication	Er1	Er I	
Name	Write disable	error	
Description	 You attempted to make parameter setting when <i>Pr. 77 Parameter write selection</i> has been set to disable parameter write. Frequency jump setting range overlapped. Adjustable 5 points V/F settings overlapped The PU and inverter cannot make normal communication 		
Check point	 Check the setting of Pr. 77 Parameter write selection (Refer to III Instruction Manual (applied).) Check the settings of Pr. 31 to 36 (frequency jump). (Refer to IIII Instruction Manual (applied).) Check the settings of Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 (Adjustable 5 points V/F). (Refer to IIII Instruction Manual (applied).) Check the connection of the PU and inverter. 		

Operation Panel Indication	Er2	Er2		
Name	Write error du	Write error during operation		
Description		When parameter write was performed during operation with a value other than "2" (writing is enabled independently of operation status in any operation mode) is set in <i>Pr</i> : 77 and the STF (STR) is on.		
Check point	 Check the Pr. 77 setting. (Refer to Price Instruction Manual (applied).) Check that the inverter is not operating. 			
Corrective action	 Set "2" in <i>Pr. 77</i>. After stopping operation, make parameter setting. 			

Operation Panel Indication	Er3	8r3		
Name	Calibration er	Calibration error		
Description	Analog input b	Analog input bias and gain calibration values are too close.		
Check point	Check the setti	Check the settings of C3, C4, C6 and C7 (calibration functions). (Refer to 📖 Instruction Manual (applied).)		

Operation Panel Indication	Er4	Er 4		
Name	Mode designa	Mode designation error		
Description	You attempted	You attempted to make parameter setting in the NET operation mode when Pr. 77 is not "2".		
Check point	1. Check that	operation mode is "PU operation mode".		
Спеск ропп	2. Check the Pr. 77 setting. (Refer to final Instruction Manual (applied).)			
	1. After setting the operation mode to the "PU operation mode", make parameter setting. (Refer to			
Corrective action	56.)			
	2. After setting	g "2" in <i>Pr. 77</i> , make parameter setting.		

Operation Panel Indication	rE1	r 8 1		
Name	Parameter rea	Parameter read error		
Description	An error occurred in the EEPROM on the operation panel side during parameter copy reading.			
Check point				
Corrective action	 Make parameter copy again. (<i>Refer to page 59.</i>) Check for an operation panel (FR-DU07) failure. Please contact your sales representative. 			

Operation Panel Indication	rE2	-82		
Name	Parameter wr	Parameter write error		
Description		 You attempted to perform parameter copy write during operation. An error occurred in the EEPROM on the operation panel side during parameter copy writing. 		
Check point	Is the FWD or	Is the FWD or REV LED of the operation panel (FR-DU07) lit or flickering?		
Corrective action		After stopping operation, make parameter copy again. (<i>Refer to page 59.</i>) Check for an operation panel (FR-DU07) failure. Please contact your sales representative.		

Operation Panel Indication	rE3	r 8 3	
Name	Parameter ve	rification error	
Description	 Data on the operation panel side and inverter side are different. An error occurred in the EEPROM on the operation panel side during parameter verification. 		
Check point	Check for the parameter setting of the source inverter and inverter to be verified.		
Corrective action	 Press SET to continue verification. Make parameter verification again. (<i>Refer to page 60.</i>) Check for an operation panel (FR-DU07) failure. Please contact your sales representative. 		

Operation Panel Indication	rE4	- 64	
Name	Model error		
Description	 A different model was used for parameter write and verification during parameter copy. When parameter copy write is stopped after parameter copy read is stopped 		
Check point	 Check that the verified inverter is the same model. Check that the power is not turned off or an operation panel is not disconnected, etc. during parameter copy read. 		
Corrective action	 Use the same model (FR-F700 series) for parameter copy and verification. Perform parameter copy read again. 		

Operation Panel Indication	Err.	Err.			
Description	3. When the c	ignal is on; d inverter cannot make normal communication (contact fault of the connector) control circuit power (R1/L11, S1/L21) and the main circuit power are connected to a ower, it may appear at turning on of the main circuit. It is not a fault.			
Corrective action	1. Turn off the 2. Check the c	e RES signal. connection of the PU and inverter.			



When the protective function is activated, the output is not shut off.

Operation Panel Indication	OL	<u> </u>	FR-PU04	OL		
Name	Stall prevention (overcurrent)					
	During acceleration	If a current of more than 110% ⁺¹ of the rated inverter current flows in the motor, this function stops the increase in frequency until the overload current reduces to prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent shut-off. When the overload current has reduced below 110% ⁺¹ , this function increases the frequency again.				
Description	During constant- speed operation	If a current of more than 110% ⁻¹ of the rated inverter current flows in the motor, this function lowers the frequency until the overload current reduces to prevent overcurrent shut-off. When the overload current has reduced below 110% ⁻¹ , this function increases the frequency up to the set value.				
	During deceleration	If a current of more than 110% ⁺¹ of the rated inverter current flows in the motor, this function stops the decrease in frequency until the overload current reduces to prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent shut-off. When the overload current has reduced below 110% ⁺¹ , this function decreases the frequency again.				
Check point	 Check that the <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> setting is not too large. Check that the <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> and <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> settings are not too small. Check that the load is not too heavy. Are there any failure in peripheral devices? Check that the <i>Pr. 13 Starting frequency</i> is not too large. Check the motor for use under overload. 					
Corrective action	 Increase or decrease the <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> value 1% by 1% and check the motor status. (<i>Refer to page 50.</i>) Set a larger value in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> and <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i>. (<i>Refer to page 53.</i>) Reduce the load weight. Try simple magnetic flux vector control (<i>Pr. 80</i>). Change the <i>Pr. 14 Load pattern selection</i> setting. Set stall prevention operation current in <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i>. (The initial value is 110%.) The acceleration/deceleration time may change. Increase the stall prevention operation level with <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i>, or disable stall prevention with <i>Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation level</i>. (Use <i>Pr. 156</i> to set either operation continued or not at OL operation.) 					

*1 120% when LD is selected

Operation Panel Indication	oL	οί	FR-PU04	oL	
Name	Stall prevention	n (overcurrent)			
Description	During deceleration	 If the regenerative energy of the motor becomes excessive and exceeds the regenerative energy consumption capability, this function stops the decrease in frequency to prevent overvoltage shut-off. As soon as the regenerative energy has decreased, deceleration resumes. If the regenerative energy of the motor becomes excessive when regeneration avoidance function is selected (<i>Pr. 882</i> = 1), this function increases the speed to prevent overvoltage shut-off. (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) 			
Check point	 Check for sudden speed reduction. Regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882 to Pr. 886</i>) is being used? (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) 				
Corrective action	The deceleration time may change. Increase the deceleration time using <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> .				

Operation Panel Indication	PS	PS -	FR-PU04	PS
Name	PU stop			
Description	Stop with RESET of the PU is set in <i>Pr. 75 Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection.</i> (For <i>Pr. 75</i> , refer to Annual (applied).)			
Check point	Check for a stop made by pressing (RESET) of the operation panel.			
Corrective action	Turn the start signal off and release with $\begin{pmatrix} PU \\ EXT \end{pmatrix}$.			

Operation Panel Indication	RB	rb	FR-PU04	RB	
Name	Regenerative	brake prealarm			
Description	Appears if the regenerative brake duty reaches or exceeds 85% of the <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake</i> <i>duty</i> value. If the regenerative brake duty reaches 100%, a regenerative overvoltage (E. OV_) occurs. Appears only for the 01800 or more.				
Check point	 Check that the brake resistor duty is not high. Check that the <i>Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection</i> and <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> values are correct. 				
Corrective action	 Increase the deceleration time. Check the Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection and Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty values. 				

 \mathbb{Z}

Operation Panel Indication	тн	ſH	FR-PU04	тн	
Name	Electronic thermal relay function prealarm				
Description	Appears if the cumulative value of the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> reaches or exceeds 85% of the preset level. If it reaches 100% of the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> setting, a motor overload shut-off (E. THM) occurs. The THP signal can be simultaneously output with the [TH] display. For the terminal used for the THP signal output, assign the function by setting "8" (positive logic) or "108" (negative logic) in any of <i>Pr. 190</i> to <i>Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection). (Refer to</i> 🛤 Instruction Manual (applied))				
Check point	 Check for large load or sudden acceleration. Is the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> setting is appropriate? (<i>Refer to page 32.</i>) 				
Corrective action	 Reduce the load weight or the number of operation times. Set an appropriate value in <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay. (Refer to page 32.)</i> 				

Operation Panel Indication	МТ	nr	FR-PU04		
Name	Maintenance signal output				
Description	Indicates that the cumulative energization time of the inverter has reached a given time.				
Check point	The Pr. 503 Maintenance timer setting is larger than the Pr. 504 Maintenance timer alarm output set time				
Check point	setting. (Refer to Instruction Manual (applied).)				
Corrective action	Setting "0" in Pr. 503 Maintenance timer erraces the signal.				

Operation Panel Indication	СР	[P	FR-PU04		
Name	Parameter copy				
Description	Appears when parameters are copied between models with capacities of 01160 or less and 01800 or more.				
Check point	Resetting of <i>Pr.9, Pr.30, Pr.51, Pr.52, Pr.54, Pr.56, Pr.57, Pr.70, Pr.72, Pr.80, Pr.90, Pr.158, Pr.190 to Pr.196,</i> and <i>Pr.893</i> is necessary.				
Corrective action	Set the initial value in Pr. 989 Parameter copy alarm release.				

(3) Minor fault

When the protective function is activated, the output is not shut off. You can also output a minor fault signal by making parameter setting. (Set "98" in any of *Pr. 190 to Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection)*. (*Refer to* Instruction Manual (applied).))

Operation Panel Indication	FN	Fn	FR-PU04	FN		
Name	Fan fault	Fan fault				
Description		For the inverter that contains a cooling fan, F_{n} appears on the operation panel when the cooling fan stops due to a fault or different operation from the setting of <i>Pr. 244 Cooling fan operation selection</i> .				
Check point	Check the cooling fan for a fault.					
Corrective action	Check for fan	fault. Please contact	our sales represe	ntative.		

(4) Major fault

When the protective function is activated, the inverter output is shut off and an alarm is output.

Operation Panel Indication	E.OC1	1 30.3	FR-PU04	OC During Accs		
Name	Overcurrent s	hut-off during accelerati	on			
Description		erter output current reach he protective circuit is ac		proximately 170% of the rated current during inverter output.		
Check point	 Check for sudden acceleration. Check that the downward acceleration time is not long in vertical lift application. Check that the downward acceleration time is not long in vertical lift application. Check for output short circuit. Check that stall prevention operation is correct. Check that the regeneration is not performed frequently. (Check that the output voltage becomes larger than the V/F reference voltage at regeneration and overcurrent due to increase in motor current occurs.) 					
Corrective action	current occurs.) 1. Increase the acceleration time. (Shorten the downward acceleration time in vertical lift application.) 2. When "E.OC1" is always lit at starting, disconnect the motor once and start the inverter. If "E.OC1" is still lit, contact your sales representative. 3. Check the wiring to make sure that output short circuit does not occur. 4. Perform a correct stall prevention operation. (<i>Refer to</i> Immediate the motor, etc.) in <i>Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage.</i> (<i>Refer to</i> Immediate the motor, etc.) in <i>Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage.</i> (<i>Refer to</i> Immediate the motor).)					

Operation Panel Indication	E.OC2	5 3 0.3	FR-PU04	Stedy Spd OC			
Name	Overcurrent s	Overcurrent shut-off during constant speed					
Description		When the inverter output current reaches or exceeds approximately 170% of the rated current during constant speed operation, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output.					
Check point	2. Check for o	 Check for sudden load change. Check for output short circuit. Check that stall prevention operation is correct. 					
Corrective action	2. Check the v	 Keep load stable. Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit. Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct. (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) 					

Operation Panel Indication	E.OC3	E.OC 3	FR-PU04	OC During Dec		
Name	Overcurrent s	nut-off during decelerat	tion or stop	·		
Description	When the inverter output current reaches or exceeds approximately 170% of the rated inverter current during deceleration (other than acceleration or constant speed), the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output.					
Check point	 Check for sudden speed reduction. Check for output short circuit. Check for too fast operation of the motor's mechanical brake. Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct. 					
Corrective action	 Increase the deceleration time. Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit. Check the mechanical brake operation. Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct.(<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) 					

Operation Panel Indication	E.OV1	E.0 u	1	FR-PU04	OV During Acc		
Name	Regenerative	Regenerative overvoltage shut-off during acceleration					
Description	If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system.						
Check point	Check for too slow acceleration. (e.g. during descending acceleration with lifting load)						
Corrective action		ne acceleration ration avoidance		n (<i>Pr. 882 to Pr. 88</i>	36). (Refer to 📖 Instruction Manual (applied).)		

Operation Panel Indication	E.OV2	5.003	FR-PU04	Stedy Spd OV		
Name	-	overvoltage shut-off durin	• ·			
Description	If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system.					
Check point	Check for sudden load change.					
Corrective action	 Keep load stable. Use regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882 to Pr. 886</i>). (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) Use the brake unit or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) as required. 					

Operation Panel Indication	E.OV3	E.O u 3	FR-PU04	OV During Dec			
Name	Regenerative	overvoltage shut-off duri	ing deceleration	or stop			
Description	If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system.						
Check point	Check for suc	Check for sudden speed reduction.					
Corrective action	 Increase the deceleration time. (Set the deceleration time which matches the inertia of moment of the load) Decrease the braking duty. Use regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882 to Pr. 886</i>). (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) Use the brake unit or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) as required. 						

Operation Panel Indication	E.THT	E.F.H.F	FR-PU04	Inv. Overload		
Name	Inverter overlo	Inverter overload shut-off (electronic thermal relay function) *3				
Description	If a current not less than 110% ¹² of the rated output current flows and overcurrent shut-off does not occur (170% or less), inverse-time characteristics cause the electronic thermal relay to be activated to stop the inverter output in order to protect the output transistors. (overload immunity 110% ¹² 60s)					
Check point	Check the motor for use under overload.					
Corrective action	Reduce the lo	ad weight.				

*2 120% when LD is selected

Operation Panel Indication	E.THM	6.F H N	FR-PU04	Motor Overload			
Name	Motor overloa	d shut-off (electronic th	ermal relay funct	tion) *3			
Description	The electronic thermal relay function in the inverter detects motor overheat due to overload or reduced cooling capability during constant-speed operation and pre-alarm (TH display) is output when the temperature reaches 85% of the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> setting and the protection circuit is activated to stop the inverter output when the temperature reaches the specified value. When running a special motor such as a multi-pole motor or multiple motors, provide a thermal relay on the inverter output side since such motor(s) cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function.						
Check point	 Check the motor for use under overload. Check that the setting of <i>Pr. 71 Applied motor</i> for motor selection is correct. (<i>Refer to Manual (applied).</i>) Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct. 						
Corrective action	 Reduce the load weight. For a constant-torque motor, set the constant-torque motor in <i>Pr. 71 Applied motor</i>. Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct. (<i>Refer to</i> Refer to Refer to						

Operation Panel Indication	E.FIN	6.F1 n	FR-PU04	H/Sink O/Temp		
Name	Fin overheat					
Description	If the heatsink overheats, the temperature sensor is actuated to stop the inverter output. The FIN signal can be output when the temperature becomes approximately 85% of the heatsink overheat protection operation temperature. For the terminal used for the FIN signal output, assign the function by setting "26" (positive logic) or "126" (negative logic) in any of <i>Pr. 190 to Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection). (Refer to</i> <i>Instruction Manual (applied)</i>)					
Check point	 Check for too high ambient temperature. Check for heatsink clogging. 					
	3. Check that the cooling fan is stopped. (Check that \digamma n is displayed on the operation panel.)					
Corrective action	 Set the ambient temperature to within the specifications. Clean the heatsink. Replace the cooling fan. 					

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Operation Panel Indication	E.IPF	EJ PF	FR-PU04	Inst. Pwr. Loss		
Name	Instantaneous	s power failure				
Description	If a power failure occurs for longer than 15ms (this also applies to inverter input shut-off), the instantaneous power failure protective function is activated to stop the inverter output in order to prevent the control circuit from malfunctioning. If a power failure persists for longer than 100ms, the alarm warning output is not provided, and the inverter restarts if the start signal is on upon power restoration. (The inverter continues operating if an instantaneous power failure is within 15ms.) In some operating status (load magnitude, acceleration/deceleration time setting, etc.), overcurrent or other protection may be activated upon power restoration. (When instantaneous power failure protection is activated, the IPF signal is output. (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (<i>applied</i>))					
Check point	Find the cause of instantaneous power failure occurrence.					
Corrective action	Prepare a b Set the fund	e instantaneous power f backup power supply for ction of automatic restar Manual (applied).)	instantaneous p	oower failure. eous power failure (Pr. 57). (Refer to 📖		

Operation Panel Indication	E.BE	Ε.	68	FR-PU04	Br. Cct. Fault	
Name	Brake transisto	or alarm det	ection/interna	l circuit error		
Description	transistors wh In this case, th	This function stops the inverter output if an alarm occurs in the brake circuit, e.g. damaged brake transistors when using functions of the 01800 or more. In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately. For the 01160 or less, it appears when an internal circuit error occurred.				
Check point	 Check that Check that 	 Reduce the load inertia. Check that the frequency of using the brake is proper. Check that the brake resistor selected is correct. 				
Corrective action	replace the br	For the 01800 or more, when the protective function is activated even if the above measures are taken, replace the brake unit with a new one. For the 01160 or less, replace the inverter.				

Operation Panel Indication	E.UVT	E.Uuf	FR-PU04	Under Voltage						
Name	Undervoltage	Undervoltage								
Description	If the power supply voltage of the inverter reduces, the control circuit will not perform normal functions. In addition, the motor torque will be insufficient and/or heat generation will increase. To prevent this, if the power supply voltage reduces below about 300VAC, this function stops the inverter output. When a jumper is not connected across P/+-P1, the undervoltage protective function is activated. When undervoltage protection is activated, the IPF signal is output. (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied))									
Check point	1. Check for start of large-capacity motor. 2. Check that a jumper or DC reactor is connected across terminals P/+-P1.									
Corrective action	2. Connect a j	 Check the power supply system equipment such as the power supply. Connect a jumper or DC reactor across terminals P/+-P1. If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative. 								

Operation Panel Indication	E.ILF	E.I. L.F	FR-PU04	Fault 14				
Name	Input phase fa	Input phase failure						
Description		This alarm is output when function valid setting (=1) is set in <i>Pr.</i> 872 <i>Input phase failure protection selection</i> and one phase of the three phase power input opens. (<i>Refer to</i> A <i>Instruction Manual (applied).</i>)						
Check point	Check for a bi	Check for a break in the cable for the three-phase power supply input.						
Corrective action	 Wire the cables properly. Repair a brake portion in the cable. Check the <i>Pr. 872 Input phase failure protection selection</i> Setting. 							

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Operation Panel Indication	E.OLT	E.01.7	FR-PU04	Still Prev STP (OL shown during stall prevention operation)			
Name	Stall prevention						
Description		If the frequency has fallen to 0.5Hz by stall prevention operation and remains for 3s, an alarm (E.OLT) appears to shutoff the inverter output. OL appears while stall prevention is being activated.					
Check point	Check the motor for use under overload. (Refer to Instruction Manual (applied).)						
Corrective action	Reduce the load weight.						

Operation Panel Indication	E.GF	Ε.	68	FR-PU04	Ground Fault		
Name	Output side ea	Output side earth fault overcurrent					
Description		This function stops the inverter output if an earth fault overcurrent flows due to an earth fault that occurred on the inverter's output (load) side.					
Check point	Check for an earth fault in the motor and connection cable.						
Corrective action	Remedy the e	arth fault p	portion.				

Operation Panel Indication	E.LF	Ε.	LF	FR-PU04			
Name	Output phase	Output phase failure					
Description		This function stops the inverter output if one of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's output side (load side) opens.					
Check point	 Check the wiring (Check that the motor is normal.) Check that the capacity of the motor used is not smaller than that of the inverter. 						
Corrective action	 Wire the ca Check the I 			e protection selec	tion setting.		

Operation Panel Indication	E.OHT	E.0HF	FR-PU04	OH Fault		
Name	External thern	nal relay operation *4				
Description	If the external thermal relay provided for motor overheat protection, or the internally mounted temperature relay in the motor, etc. switches on (contacts open), the inverter output is stopped.					
Check point	 Check for motor overheating. Check that the value of 7 (OH signal) is set correctly in any of <i>Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection)</i>. 					
Corrective action	 Reduce the load and operating duty. Even if the relay contacts are reset automatically, the inverter will not restart unless it is reset. 					
*4 Functions only when any of	of Pr. 178 to Pr. 18	9 (input terminal function selec	ction) is set to OH.			

Operation Panel Indication	E.PTC	E.P.F.C	FR-PU04	Fault 14					
Name	PTC thermisto	PTC thermistor operation							
Description	input connect	Appears when the motor overheat status is detected for 10s or more by the external PTC thermistor input connected to the terminal AU.							
Check point	 Check the r Is valid sett 	 Check the connection between the PTC thermistor switch and thermal protector. Check the motor for operation under overload. Is valid setting (= 63) selected in <i>Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection</i>? (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).) 							
Corrective action	Reduce the load weight.								

Operation Panel Indication	E.OPT	E.0PF	FR-PU04	Option Fault				
Name	Option alarm	Option alarm						
Description		Appears when the AC power supply is connected to the terminal R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 accidentally when a high power factor converter is connected.						
Check point		 Check that the AC power supply is not connected to the terminal R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 when a high power factor converter (FR-HC, MT-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) is connected. 						
Corrective action	 Check the parameter (<i>Pr. 30</i>) setting and wiring. The inverter may be damaged if the AC power supply is connected to the terminal R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 when a high power factor converter is connected. Please contact your sales representative. 							

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Operation Panel Indication	E.OP1	E.0P I	FR-PU04	Option slot alarm 1				
Name	Communicatio	Communication option alarm						
Description	Stops the inve	erter output when a comr	nunication line e	error occurs in the communication option.				
Check point	 Check that Check for a 	 Check for a wrong option function setting and operation. Check that the plug-in option is plugged into the connector securely. Check for a brake in the communication cable. Check that the terminating resistor is fitted properly. 						
Corrective action	 Check the option function setting, etc. Connect the plug-in option securely. Check the connection of communication cable. 							

Operation Panel Indication	E. 1	Ε.	1	FR-PU04	Fault 1		
Name	Option alarm						
Description	Stops the inverter output if a contact fault or the like of the connector between the inverter and communication option occurs.						
Check point		 Check that the plug-in option is plugged into the connector securely. Check for excess electrical noises around the inverter. 					
Corrective action	 Connect the plug-in option securely. Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative or distributor. 						

Operation Panel Indication	E.PE	Ε.	PE	FR-PU04	Corrupt Memry		
Name	Parameter sto	Parameter storage devide alarm (control circuit board)					
Description	A fault occurre	ed in paran	neters stored (EEPROM failur	e)		
Check point	Check for too	Check for too many number of parameter write times.					
Corrective action	Please contact your sales representative. When performing parameter write frequently for communication purposes, set "1" in <i>Pr. 342</i> to enable RAM write. Note that powering off returns the inverter to the status before RAM write.						

Operation Panel Indication	E.PE2	539.3	FR-PU04	Fault 14				
Name	Parameter sto	Parameter storage devide alarm (main circuit board)						
Description	A fault occurre	A fault occurred in parameters stored (EEPROM failure)						
Check point								
Corrective action	Please contac	t your sales representati	ve.					

Operation Panel Indication	E.PUE	E.PUE	FR-PU04	PU Leave Out			
Name	PU disconnec	tion					
Description	e.g. the operat Reset selection/ communicatio value other that communicatio broken for the	ion panel and parameter disconnected PU detection in errors occurred conse an "9999" is set in Pr. 12 in with the PU connector period of time set in Pr.	r unit is disconn- <i>u/PU stop selectic</i> cutively for more <i>1 Number of PU</i> . This function a <i>122 PU commun.</i>	on between the inverter and PU is suspended, ected, when "2", "3", "16" or "17" was set in <i>Pr. 75</i> <i>in</i> . This function stops the inverter output when e than permissible number of retries when a <i>communication retries</i> during the RS-485 ilso stops the inverter output if communication is <i>ication check time interval</i> .			
Check point	Check that the FR-DU07 or parameter unit (FR-PU04) is fitted tightly. Check the <i>Pr. 75</i> setting.						
Corrective action	Fit the FR-DU07 or parameter unit (FR-PU04) securely.						

Operation Panel Indication	e.ret <i>E.r- E.</i>		FR-PU04	Retry No Over			
Name	Retry count ex	Retry count excess					
Description	If operation ca output.	If operation cannot be resumed properly within the number of retries set, this function stops the inverter output.					
Check point	Find the cause of alarm occurrence.						
Corrective action	Eliminate the cause of the error preceding this error indication.						

	E. 6	Ε.	8		Fault 6
Operation Panel Indication	E. 7	Ε.		FR-PU04	Fault 7
	E.CPU	E.C	PU		CPU Fault
Name	CPU error				
Description	Stops the inverter output if the communication error of the built-in CPU occurs.				
Check point	Check for devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter.				
Corrective action	 Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. Please contact your sales representative. 				

Operation Panel Indication	E.CTE	373.3	FR-PU04		
Name	Operation par	el power supply short ci	rcuit, RS-485 te	erminal power supply short circuit	
Description	output. At this from the PU c this function s At this time, c To reset, ente	time, the operation pand onnector cannot be mad huts off the power output ommunication from the F r the RES signal or switch	el (parameter un le. When the po lt. RS-485 termina ch power off, the	en on again.	
Check point	 Check for a short circuit in the PU connector cable. Check that the RS-485 terminals are connected correctly. 				
Corrective action	1. Check the PU and cable. 2. Check the connection of the RS-485 terminals				

Operation Panel Indication	E.P24	8.834	FR-PU04	E.P24		
Name	24VDC power output short circuit					
Description	When the 24VDC power output from the PC terminal is shorted, this function shuts off the power output. At this time, all external contact inputs switch off. The inverter cannot be reset by entering the RES signal. To reset it, use the operation panel or switch power off, then on again.					
Check point	Check for a short circuit in the PC terminal output.					
Corrective action	Remedy the earth fault portion.					

Operation Panel Indication	E.CDO <i>E.[d[]</i>		FR-PU04	Fault 14			
Name	Output curren	Output current detection value exceeded					
Description	This function i setting.	This function is activated when the output current exceeds the <i>Pr. 150 Output current detection level</i> setting.					
Check point	Check the settings of <i>Pr. 150 Output current detection level</i> , <i>Pr. 151 Output current detection signal delay time</i> , <i>Pr. 166 Output current detection signal retention time</i> , <i>Pr. 167 Output current detection operation selection</i> . (<i>Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).)						

Operation Panel Indication	E.IOH	<i>E.</i> /	0H	FR-PU04	Fault 14		
Name	Inrush current	Inrush current limit circuit alarm					
Description	This function is activated when the resistor of the inrush current limit circuit overheats. The inrush current limit circuit failure						
Check point	Check that frequent ON/OFF is not repeated.						
Corrective action	Configure a circuit where frequent ON/OFF is not repeated. If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative.						

Operation Panel Indication	E.SER	e.ser E.SEr		Fault 14	
Name	Communication error (inverter)				
Description	This function stops the inverter output when communication error occurs consecutively for more than permissible retry count when a value other than "9999" is set in <i>Pr. 335 RS-485 communication retry count</i> during RS-485 communication from the RS-485 terminals. This function also stops the inverter output if communication is broken for the period of time set in <i>Pr. 336 RS-485 communication check time interval.</i>				
Check point	Check the RS-485 terminal wiring.				
Corrective action	Perform wiring of the RS-485 terminals properly.				

Operation Panel Indication	e.aie <i>8,81 8</i>		FR-PU04	Fault 14	
Name	Analog input error				
Description	Appears when 30mA or more is input or a voltage (7.5V or more) is input with the terminal 2/4 set to current input.				
Check point	Check the setting of <i>Pr. 73 Analog input selection</i> and <i>Pr. 267 Terminal 4 input selection. (Refer to</i> Instruction Manual (applied).)				
Corrective action	Either give a frequency command by current input or set <i>Pr. 73 Analog input selection</i> or <i>Pr. 267 Terminal 4 input selection</i> to voltage input.				

Operation Panel Indication	E.13	Ε.	13	FR-PU04	Fault 13		
Name	Internal circuit	Internal circuit error					
Description	Appears when an internal circuit error occurred.						
Corrective action	Please contact your sales representative.						

— CAUTION —

• If protective functions of E.ILF, E.PTC, E.PE2, E.CDO, E.IOH, E.SER, E.AIE are activated when using the FR-PU04, "Fault 14" appears.

Also when the alarm history is checked on the FR-PU04, the display is "E.14". • If alarms other than the above appear, contact your sales representative.

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5.3 Reset method of protective function

(1) Resetting the inverter

The inverter can be reset by performing any of the following operations. Note that the internal thermal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter. Recover about 1s after reset is cancelled.

Operation 1: Using the operation panel, press (STOP) to reset the inverter.

(Enabled only when the inverter protective function is activated (major fault) (Refer to *page 66* for major fault.))

- Operation 2: Switch power off once, then switch it on again.
- Operation 3: Turn on the reset signal (RES) for more than 0.1s. (If the RES signal is kept on, "Err." appears (flickers) to indicate that the inverter is in a reset status.)

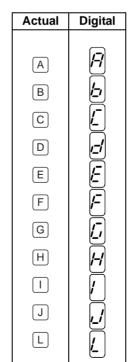
REMARKS

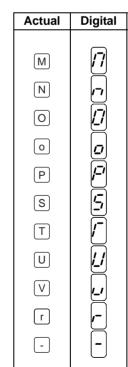
For the 01800 or more, you can set *Pr.* 75 to disable reset operation until the thermal cumulative amount reaches 0 when a thermal trip (THM, THT) or an overcurrent trip (OC1 to OC3) occurs consecutively twice. (*Refer to* Indtruction Manual (applied).)

5.4 Correspondences between digital and actual characters

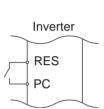
There are the following correspondences between the actual alphanumeric characters and the digital characters displayed on the operation panel.

Actual	Digital
0	
1	
2	
3	I
4	4
5	
6	5
7	
8	
9	9





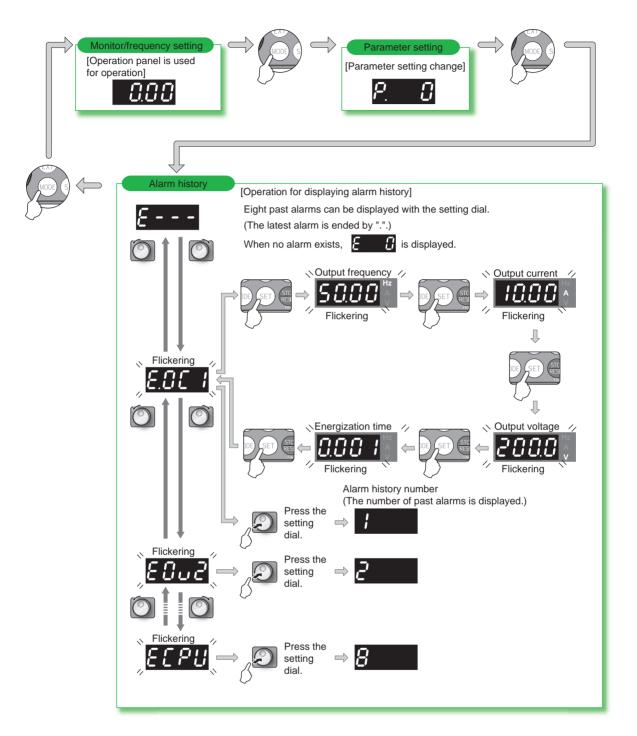




OFF

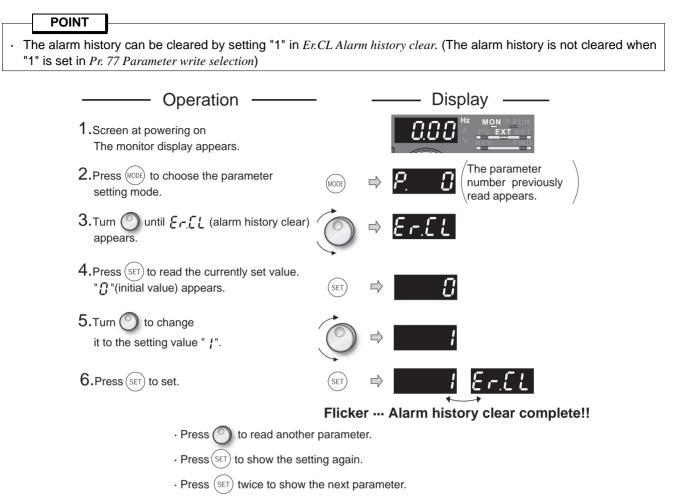
5.5 Check and clear of the alarm history

(1) Check for the alarm (major fault) history



Check and clear of the alarm history

(2) Clearing procedure



5.6 Check first when you have troubles

POINT

If the cause is still unknown after every check, it is recommended to initialize the parameters (initial value) then reset the required parameter values and check again.

5.6.1 Motor does not rotate as commanded
1) Check the value of <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> setting. (<i>Refer to page 50</i>)
2) Check the main circuit.
 Check that a proper power supply voltage is applied (operation panel display is provided). Check that the motor is connected properly. Check that the jumper across P/+-P1 is connected.
3) Check the input signals
 Check that the start signal is input. Check that both the forward and reverse rotation start signals are not input simultaneously. Check that the frequency setting signal is not zero. (When the frequency command is 0Hz and the start command is entered, FWD or REV LED on the operation panel flickers.) Check that the AU signal is on when the frequency setting signal is 4 to 20mA. Check that the output stop signal (MRS) or reset signal (RES) is not on. Check that the CS signal is not OFF with automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function is selected (<i>Pr. 57</i> ≠ "9999"). Check that the sink or source jumper connector is fitted securely. (<i>Refer to page 20.</i>)
4) Check the parameter settings
 Check that the <i>Pr. 78 Reverse rotation prevention selection</i> is not selected. Check that the <i>Pr. 79 Operation mode selection</i> setting is correct. Check that the bias and gain (<i>calibration parameter C2 to C7</i>) settings are correct. Check that the <i>Pr. 13 Starting frequency</i> setting is not greater than the running frequency. Check that frequency settings of each running frequency (such as multi-speed operation) are not zero. Check that especially the <i>Pr. 1 Maximum frequency</i> is not zero. Check that the <i>Pr. 15 Jog frequency</i> setting is not lower than the <i>Pr. 13 Starting frequency</i> setting.
5) Inspection of load Check that the load is not too heavy. Check that the shaft is not locked.
5.6.2 Motor generates abnormal noise

-No carrier frequency noises (metallic noises) are generated.

Soft-PWM operation to change the motor tone into an unoffending complex tone is factory-set to valid by *Pr*.72 *PWM frequency selection*.

Adjust *Pr.72 PWM frequency selection* to change the motor tone.

(When operating the inverter with the carrier frequency of 3kHz or more set in Pr. 72, the carrier frequency will automatically decrease if the output current of the inverter exceeds the value in parenthesis of the rated output current on *page 90*. This may cause the motor noise to increase. But it is not a fault.)

-Check for any mechanical looseness.

-Contact the motor manufacturer.

5.6.3 Motor generates heat abnormally

—Is the fan for the motor is running? (Check for accumulated dust.)

-Check that the load is not too heavy. Lighten the load.

-Check that the inverter output voltages (U, V, W) balanced.

-Check that the Pr.0 Torque boost setting is correct.

5.6.4 Motor rotates in opposite direction

-Check that the phase sequence of output terminals U, V and W is correct.

-Check that the start signals (forward rotation, reverse rotation) are connected properly. (Refer to page 41)

5.6.5 Speed greatly differs from the setting

- -Check that the frequency setting signal is correct. (Measure the input signal level.)
- -Check that the Pr. 1, Pr. 2, Calibration parameter C2 to C7 settings are correct
- -Check that the input signal lines are not affected by external noise.

(Use shielded cables)

- -Check that the load is not too heavy.
- -Check that the Pr. 31 to Pr. 36 (frequency jump) settings are correct.

5.6.6 Acceleration/deceleration is not smooth

-Check that the acceleration and deceleration time settings are not too short.

- -Check that the load is not too heavy.
- -Check that the torque boost (Pr. 0, Pr. 46) setting is not too large to activate the stall function.

5.6.7 Motor current is large

-Check that the load is not too heavy.

-Check that the Pr. 0 Torque boost setting is correct.

-Check that the *Pr. 3 Base frequency* setting is correct.

-Check that the Pr. 14 Load pattern selection setting is appropriate.

-Check that the Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage setting is correct.

5.6.8 Speed does not increase

Check that the maximum frequency (*Pr. 1*) setting is correct. (If you want to run the motor at 120Hz or more, set *Pr. 18 High speed maximum frequency*. (*Refer to* \square *Instruction Manual (applied)*.))

-Check that the load is not too heavy.

(In agitators, etc., load may become heavier in winter.)

Check that the torque boost (Pr. 0, Pr. 46) setting is not too large to activate the stall function .

-Check that the brake resistor is not connected to terminals P/+-P1 accidentally.

5.6.9 Speed varies during operation

1) Inspection of load

Check that the load is not varying.

2) Check the input signals

-Check that the frequency setting signal is not varying.

—Check that the frequency setting signal is not affected by noise.

_Check for a malfunction due to undesirable currents when the transistor output unit is connected. (*Refer to page 21*)

3) Others

-Check that the wiring length is not too long for V/F control

5.6.10 Operation mode is not changed properly

1) Inspection of load

Check that the STF or STR signal is off.

When it is on, the operation mode cannot be changed.

2) Parameter setting

—Check the *Pr. 79* setting.

When the *Pr. 79 Operation mode selection* setting is "0" (initial value), the inverter is placed in the external operation mode at input power-on. At this time, pressing $\begin{pmatrix} PU \\ EXT \end{pmatrix}$ on the operation panel switches the mode to the PU operation mode. For other values (1 to 4, 6, 7), the operation mode is limited accordingly.

5.6.11 Operation panel (FR-DU07) display is not operating

Check that the operation panel is connected to the inverter securely.

5.6.12 POWER lamp is not lit

-Check that wiring is securely performed and installation is correct.

5.6.13 Parameter write cannot be performed

-Make sure that you are not attempting to set the parameter in the external operation mode.

-Check Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.

-Check Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection.

6 PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The inverter is a static unit mainly consisting of semiconductor devices. Daily inspection must be performed to prevent any fault from occurring due to the adverse effects of the operating environment, such as temperature, humidity, dust, dirt and vibration, changes in the parts with time, service life, and other factors.

• Precautions for maintenance and inspection

For some short time after the power is switched off, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+-N/– of the inverter is not more than 30VDC using a tester, etc.

6.1 Inspection item

6.1.1 Daily inspection

Basically, check for the following faults during operation.

- (1) Motor operation fault
- (2) Improper installation environment
- (3) Cooling system fault
- (4) Unusual vibration and noise
- (5) Unusual overheat and discoloration
- During operation, check the inverter input voltages using a tester.

6.1.2 Periodic inspection

Check the areas inaccessible during operation and requiring periodic inspection.

Consult us for periodic inspection.

- 1) Check for cooling system fault Clean the air filter, etc.
- 2) Tightening check and retightening The screws and bolts may become loose due to vibration, temperature changes, etc.
 - Tighten them according to the specified tightening torque. (Refer to page 12.)
- 3) Check the conductors and insulating materials for corrosion and damage.
- 4) Measure insulation resistance.
- 5) Check and change the cooling fan and relay.

6.1.3 Daily and periodic inspection

لم من A Lea B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	n <u>:</u>	Daily	odic	Corrective Action at	je X
		õ	Periodic *2	Alarm Occurrence	Customer's Check
Surrounding environmentCheck the ambient temperature, corrosive gas, oil mist , etc	humidity, dirt,	0		Improve emvironment	
General Overall unit Check for unusual vibration and	noise	0		Check alarm location and retighten	
Power supply voltageCheck that the main circuit voltage voltages are normal *1	ges and control	0		Inspect the power supply	
(1)Check with megger (across m terminals and earth (ground)			0	Contact the manufacturer	
General (2)Check for loose screws and b	olts.		0	Retighten	
(3)Check for overheat traces on	the parts.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
(4)Check for stain			0	Clean	
(1)Check conductors for distortion			0	Contact the manufacturer	
Conductors, cables (2)Check cable sheaths for break deterioration (crack, discoloration)			0	Contact the manufacturer	
Main circuit Transformer/reactor Check for unusual odor and abnown whining sound.	ormal increase in	0		Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
Terminal block Check for damage.				Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
Smoothing (1)Check for liquid leakage.			0	Contact the manufacturer	
aluminum (2)Check for safety valve project	tion and bulge.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
electrolytic capacitor(3)Visual check and judge by the main circuit capacitor (Refer to the capacitor (Refer to 			0		
Relay/contactor Check that the operation is norm is heard.			0	Contact the manufacturer	
(1)Check that the output voltages with the inverter operated alc			0	Contact the manufacturer	
Control Operation check (2)Check that no fault is found in display circuits in a sequence operation test.			0	Contact the manufacturer	
circuit protective X Overall (1)Check for unusual odor and d	liscoloration.		0	Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
circuit Circuit (2)Check for serious rust develop			0	Contact the manufacturer	
Aluminum electrolytic (1)Check for liquid leakage in a c deformation trance	capacitor and		0	Contact the manufacturer	
capacitor (2) Visual check and judge by the i control circuit capacitor. (<i>Refer</i>	to page 81.)		0		
(1)Check for unusual vibration a	nd noise.	0		Replace the fan	
Cooling fan (2)Check for loose screws and b	olts		0	Retighten	
(3)Check for stain			0	Clean	
Cooling system Heatsink (1)Check for clogging			0	Clean	
(2)Check for stain			0	Clean	
Air filter oto (1)Check for clogging			0	Clean or replace	
Air filter, etc. (2)Check for stain			0	Clean or replace	
(1)Check that display is normal.	(0		Contact the manufacturer	
Display (2)Check for stain			0	Clean Stop the device and contact	
Meter Check that reading is normal		0		the manufacturer.	
Load motor Operation check Check for vibration and abnorma operation noise	ai increase in	0		Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	

*1 It is recommended to install a device to monitor voltage for checking the power supply voltage to the inverter.

*2 One to two years of periodic inspection cycle is recommended. However, it differs according to the installation environment. Consult us for periodic inspection.

6.1.4 Display of the life of the inverter parts

The self-diagnostic alarm is output when the life span of the control circuit capacitor, cooling fan, each parts of the inrush current limit circuit is near to give an indication of replacement time .

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Parts	Judgement level
Main circuit capacitor	85% of the initial capacity
Control circuit capacitor	Estimated 10% life remaining
Inrush current limit circuit	Estimated 10% life remaining (Power on: 100,000 times left)
Cooling fan	Less than 40% of the predetermined speed

The life alarm output can be used as a guideline for life judgement.

For the life check of the main circuit capacitor, the alarm signal (Y90) will not be output if a measuring method of (2) is not performed. (*Refer to page 82.*)

(1) Display of the life alarm

• *Pr. 255 Life alarm status display* can be used to confirm that the control circuit capacitor, main circuit capacitor, cooling fan, and each parts of the inrush current limit circuit has reached the life alarm output level.

it 15 0,0,0,00,0	7 ,0,00,0,0,0,	bit0 Co bit1 Main bit2 Cooling	ontrol circuit ca o circuit capacit g fan life rrent limit circu	pacitor life	P.255 read	• <i>Pr.255</i> setting read Bit image is displayed in decimal
Pr. 255	Bit	Inrush Current	Cooling	Main Circuit	Control Circuit	
(decimal)	(binary)	Limit Circuit Life	Fan Life	Capacitor Life	Capacitor Life	
15	1111	0	0	0	0	
14	1110	0	0	0	×	
13	1101	0	0	×	0	
12	1100	0	0	×	×	
11	1011	0	\times	0	0	
10	1010	0	×	0	×	
9	1001	0	\times	×	0	
8	1000	0	\times	×	×	
7	0111	×	0	0	0	
6	0110	×	0	0	×	
5	0101	×	0	×	0	
4	0100	×	0	×	×	
3	0011	×	×	0	0	
2	0010	×	×	0	×	
1	0001	×	\times	×	0	
0	0000	×	×	×	×	
				: with alarr	m, $ imes$: without alarm	

POINT

Life check of the main circuit capacitor needs to be done by Pr. 259. (Refer to page 82.)

(2) Measuring method of life of the main circuit capacitor

- If the value of capacitor capacity measured before shipment is considered as 100%, *Pr. 255* bit1 is turned on when the measured value falls below 85%.
- Measure the capacitor capacity according to the following procedure and check the deterioration level of the capacitor capacity.
- 1) Check that the motor is connected and at a stop.
- 2) Set "1" (measuring start) in Pr. 259
- Switch power off. The inverter applies DC voltage to the motor to measure the capacitor capacity while the inverter is off.
- 4) After confirming that the LED of the operation panel is off, power on again.
- 5) Check that "3" (measuring completion) is set in *Pr. 259*, then read *Pr .255* and check the life of the main circuit capacitor.

REMARKS

- The life of the main circuit capacitor can not be measured in the following conditions.
 - (a) FR-HC, FR-CV, FR-BU, MT-HC, MT-RC, MT-BU5, or BU is connected.
 - (b) Terminal R1/L11, S1/L21 or DC power supply is connected to the terminals P/+ and N/-.
 - (c) Switch power on during measuring.
 - (d) The motor is not connected to the inverter.
 - (e) The motor is running.(The motor is coasting.)
 - (f) The motor capacity is two rank smaller as compared to the inverter capacity.
 - (g) The inverter is at an alarm stop or an alarm occurred while power is off.
 - (h) The inverter output is shut off with the MRS signal.
 - (i) The start command is given while measuring.
- Operating environment:Ambient temperature (annual average 40°C (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt))

Output current (80% of the rated current of Mitsubishi standard 4P motor)

POINT

For the accurate life measuring of the main circuit capacitor, perform after more than 3h passed since the turn off of the power as it is affected by the capacitor temperature.

6.1.5 Checking the inverter and converter modules

<Preparation>

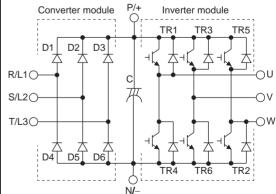
- (1) Disconnect the external power supply cables (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) and motor cables (U, V, W).
- (2) Prepare a tester. (Use 100Ω range.)

<Checking method>

Change the polarity of the tester alternately at the inverter terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, P/+ and N/-, and check for continuity.

<Module device numbers and terminals to be checked>

		Tester	Polarity	Measured		Tester I	Polarity	Measured
		Ð	\bigcirc	Value				Value
	D1	R/L1	P/+	Discontinuity	D4	R/L1	N/-	Continuity
r.		P/+	R/L1	Continuity	04	N/-	R/L1	Discontinuity
Converter module	D2	S/L2	P/+	Discontinuity	D5	S/L2	N/-	Continuity
	DZ	P/+	S/L2 Continuit	Continuity	05	N/-	S/L2	Discontinuity
0 -	D3	T/L3	P/+	Discontinuity	D6	T/L3	N/-	Continuity
	03	P/+	T/L3	Continuity	00	N/-	T/L3	Discontinuity
	TR1	U	P/+	Discontinuity	TR4	U	N/-	Continuity
	IKI	P/+	U	Continuity	164	N/-	U	Discontinuity
Inverter module	TR3	V	P/+	Discontinuity	TR6	V	N/-	Continuity
nve	1173	P/+	V	Continuity		N/-	V	Discontinuity
	TR5	W	P/+	Discontinuity	TR2	W	N/-	Continuity
	TRO	P/+	W	Continuity	1152	N/-	W	Discontinuity



(Assumes the use of an analog meter.)

6.1.6 Cleaning

Always run the inverter in a clean status.

When cleaning the inverter, gently wipe dirty areas with a soft cloth immersed in neutral detergent or ethanol.

Do not use solvent, such as acetone, benzene, toluene and alcohol, as they will cause the inverter surface paint to peel off. The display, etc. of the operation panel (FR-DU07) and parameter unit (FR-PU04) are vulnerable to detergent and alcohol. Therefore, avoid using them for cleaning.

6.1.7 Replacement of parts

The inverter consists of many electronic parts such as semiconductor devices.

The following parts may deteriorate with age because of their structures or physical characteristics, leading to reduced performance or fault of the inverter. For preventive maintenance, the parts must be replaced periodically. Use the life check function as a guidance of parts replacement.

Part Name	Standard Replacement Interval*	Description
Cooling fan	10 years	Replace (as required.)
Main circuit smoothing capacitor	10 years	Replace (as required.)
On-board smoothing capacitor	10 years	Replace the board (as required)
Relays	-	as required.
Fuse (04320 or more)	10 years	Replace the fuse (as required)

Replacement years for when the yearly average ambient temperature is 40°C (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc)

— CAUTION =

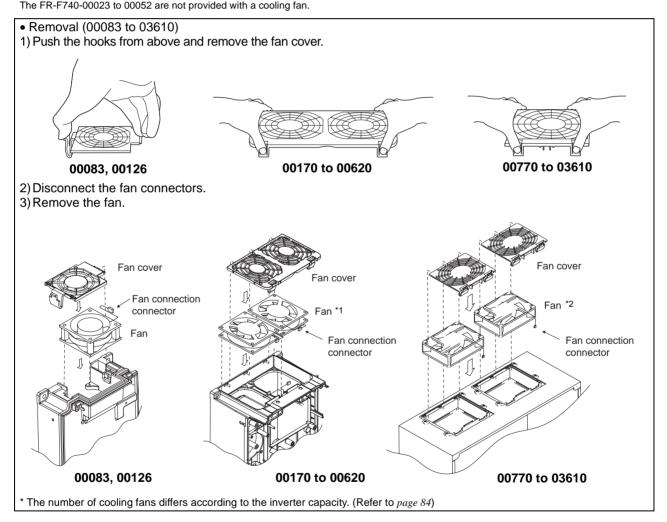
For parts replacement, consult the nearest Mitsubishi FA Center.

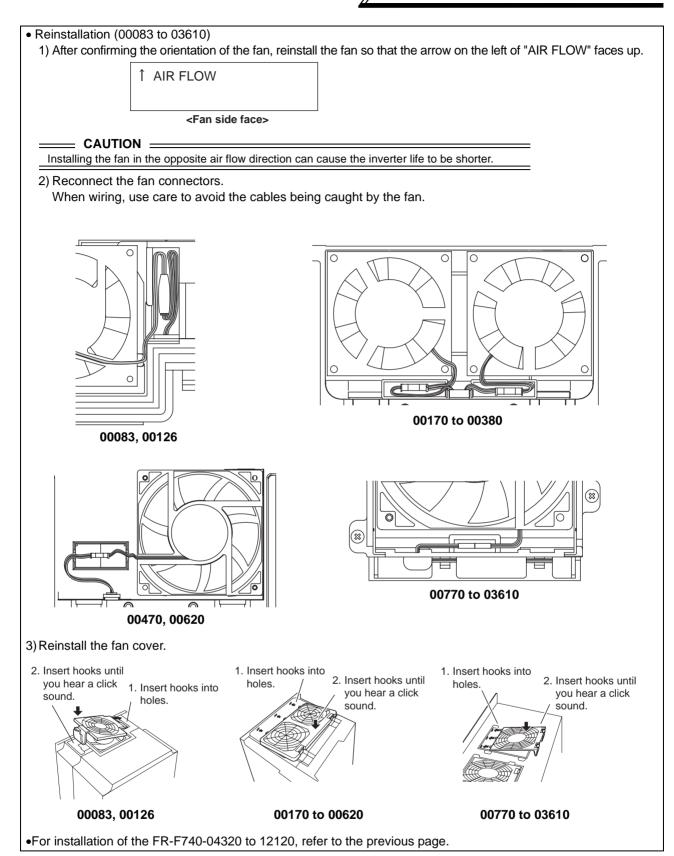
(1) Cooling fan

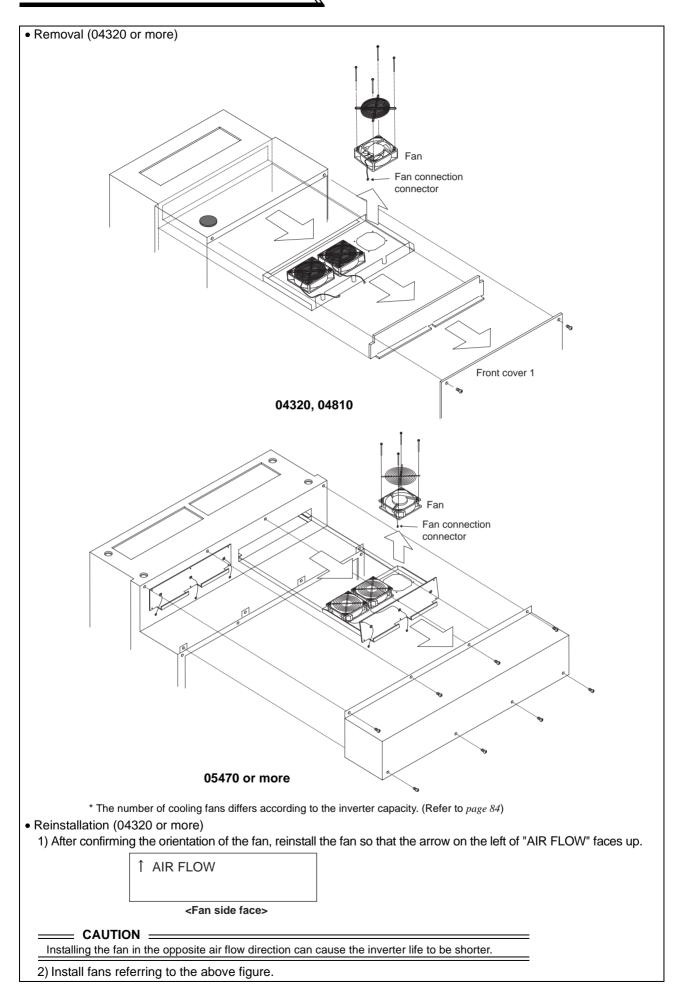
The replacement interval of the cooling fan used for cooling the parts generating heat such as the main circuit semiconductor is greatly affected by the ambient temperature. When unusual noise and/or vibration is noticed during inspection, the cooling fan must be replaced immediately.

	0		•	
For parts replacement, con	sult the ne	earest Mit	subishi FA Ce	enter.

	Inverter Type	Fan Type	Units
	00083, 00126	MMF-06F24ES-RP1 BKO-CA1638H01	1
	00170 to 00380	MMF-08D24ES-RP1 BKO-CA1639H01	2
	00470, 00620	MMF-12D24DS-RP1 BKO-CA1619H01	1
F740	00770	MMF-09D24TS-RP1 BKO-CA1640H01	2
	00930 to 01800	MMF-12D24DS-RP1 BKO-CA1619H01	2
F740	02160 to 03610	MIMIF-12D24D3-RP1 BRO-CA1819H01	3
	04320, 04810		3
	05470 to 06830	9LB1424H5H03	4
	07700, 08660		5
	09620 to 12120	9LB1424S5H03	6

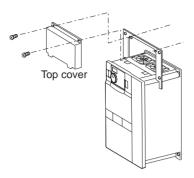






(2) Replacement procedure of the cooling fan when using a heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN)

When replacing a cooling fan, remove a top cover of the heatsink protrusion attachment and perform replacement. After replacing the cooling fan, replace the top cover in the original position.



(3) Smoothing capacitors

A large-capacity aluminum electrolytic capacitor is used for smoothing in the main circuit DC section, and an aluminum electrolytic capacitor is used for stabilizing the control power in the control circuit. Their characteristics are deteriorated by the adverse effects of ripple currents, etc.

The replacement intervals greatly vary with the ambient temperature and operating conditions. When the inverter is operated in air-conditioned, normal environment conditions, replace the capacitors about every 10 years.

The appearance criteria for inspection are as follows:

- 1) Case: Check the side and bottom faces for expansion
- 2) Sealing plate: Check for remarkable warp and extreme crack.
- 3) Check for external crack, discoloration, fluid leakage, etc. Judge that the capacitor has reached its life when the measured capacitance of the capacitor reduced below 80% of the rating.

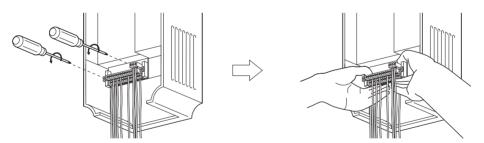
(4) Relays

To prevent a contact fault, etc., relays must be replaced according to the cumulative number of switching times (switching life).

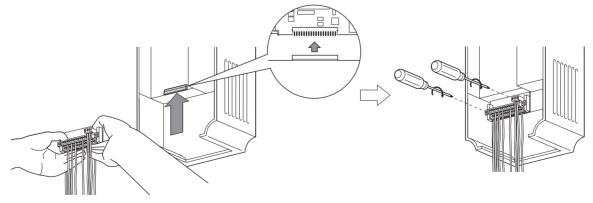
6.1.8 Inverter replacement

The inverter can be replaced with the control circuit wiring kept connected. Before replacement, remove the wiring cover of the inverter.

1) Loosen the two installation screws in both ends of the control circuit terminal block. (These screws cannot be removed.) Pull down the terminal block from behind the control circuit terminals.



2) Using care not to bend the pins of the inverter's control circuit connector, reinstall the control circuit terminal block and fix it with the mounting screws.



___ CAUTION _

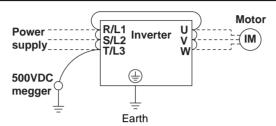
Before starting inverter replacement, switch power off, wait for at least 10 minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester and such to ensure safety.

6.2 Measurement of main circuit voltages, currents and powers

6.2.1 Insulation resistance test using megger

For the inverter, conduct the insulation resistance test on the main circuit only as shown below and do not perform the test on the control circuit. (Use a 500VDC megger.)

- Before performing the insulation resistance test on the external circuit, disconnect the cables from all terminals of the inverter so that the test voltage is not applied to the inverter.
- For the continuity test of the control circuit, use a tester (high resistance range) and do not use the megger or buzzer.



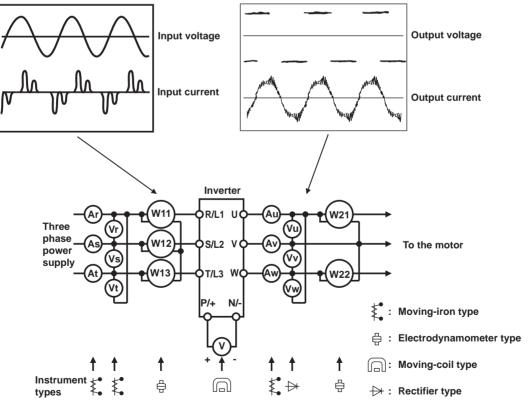
6.2.2 Pressure test

Do not conduct a pressure test. Deterioration may occur.

6.2.3 Measurement of voltages and currents

Since the voltages and currents on the inverter power supply and output sides include harmonics, measurement data depends on the instruments used and circuits measured.

When instruments for commercial frequency are used for measurement, measure the following circuits with the instruments given on the next page.



Examples of Measuring Points and Instruments

Measuring Points and Instruments

ltem	Measuring Point	Measuring Instrument	Remarks (Reference Measured V	/alue)			
Power supply voltage V1	Across R/L1-S/ L2, S/L2-T/L3, T/ L3-R/L1	Moving-iron type AC voltmeter	Commercial power supply Within permissible AC voltage fluctuation Refer to <i>page 90</i> .	n			
Power supply side current I1	R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3 line currents	Moving-iron type AC ammeter					
Power supply side power P1	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 and R/L1-S/L2, S/L2-T/ L3, T/L3-R/L1	Electrodynamic type single-phase wattmeter	P1=W11+W12+W13 (3-wattmeter metho	od)			
Power supply side power factor Pf1	Calculate after me $Pf_1 = \frac{P_1}{\sqrt{3} V_1 \times I_1}$		r supply side current and power supply side	de power.			
Output side voltage V2	Across U-V, V-W and W-U	Rectifier type AC voltage meter *1 (Moving-iron type cannot measure)	Difference between the phases is within the maximum output voltage.	±1% of			
Output side current I2	U, V and W line currents	Moving-iron type AC ammeter *2	Difference between the phases is 10% of the rated inverter current.	r lower of			
Output side power P2	U, V, W and U-V, V-W	Electrodynamic type single-phase wattmeter	P2 = W21 + W22 2-wattmeter method (or 3-wattmeter method)				
Output side power factor Pf2	Calculate in simila $Pf_2 = \frac{P_2}{\sqrt{3} V_2 \times I_2}$	r manner to power supply side power x 100%	er factor.				
Converter output	Across P/+-N/-	Moving-coil type (such as tester)	Inverter LED display is lit. $1.35 \times V1$				
Frequency setting signal	Across 2, 4 (positive)- 5 Across 1 (positive)-5		0 to 10VDC, 4 to 20mA 0 to ±5VDC, 0 to ±10VDC				
Frequency setting power supply	Across 10 (positive) -5 Across 10E (positive)- 5		5.2VDC "5" 10VDC con				
Frequency meter signal	Across CA (positive)-5 Across AM (positive)- 5	Moving-coil type (Tester and such may be used) (Internal resistance: 50kΩ or	About 20mA at maximum frequency Approximately 10DVC at maximum frequency (without frequency meter)				
Start signal Select signal	Across STF, STR, RH, RM, RL, JOG, RT, AU, STOP, CS - PC (positive)	larger)	When open	"PC" is			
Reset	Across RES-PC (positive)		20 to 30VDC ON voltage: 1V or less	common			
Output stop	Across MRS-PC (positive)						
Alarm signal	Across A1-C1 Across B1-C1	Moving-coil type (such as tester)	Continuity check*3 <normal> Across A1-C1 Discontinuity Across B1-C1 Continuity Discontinuity</normal>				

*1

Use an FFT to measure the output voltage accurately. A tester or general measuring instrument cannot measure accurately. When the carrier frequency exceeds 5kHz, do not use this instrument since using it may increase eddy-current losses produced in metal parts *2 inside the instrument, leading to burnout. If the wiring length between the inverter and motor is long, the instrument and CT may generate heat due to line-to-line leakage current.

*3 When the setting of Pr. 195 ABC1 terminal function selection is positive logic

SPECIFICATIONS 7

7.1 Rating

•400V class

SLD is initially set.

Type FR-F740- D <thd< thd=""> D D <</thd<>								01160								
Appl (kW)	lied motor capacity)*1	LD SLD	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	LD SLD	1.6	2.7	3.7	5.8	8.8	12.2	17.5	22.1	26.7	32.8	43.4	53.3	64.8	80.8
Ŧ		LD	2.1 (1.8)	3.5 (3.0)	4.8 (4.1)	7.6 (6.5)	11.5 (9.8)	16 (13.6)	23 (20)	29 (25)	35 (30)	43 (37)	57 (48)	70 (60)	85 (72)	106 (90)
Output	Rated current (A)*3	SLD	2.3 (2.0)	3.8 (3.2)	5.2 (4.4)	8.3 (7.1)	12.6 (10.7)	17 (14.5)	25 (21)	31 (26)	38 (32)	47 (40)	62 (53)	77 (65)	93 (79)	116 (99)
	Overload current	LD				120%	60s, 15	0% 3s	, 50°C	(inverse	time cl	haracte	eristics)			
	rating*4	SLD	110% 60s, 120% 3s, 40°C (inverse time characteristics)													
	Voltage*5		Three-phase 380 to 480V													
>	Rated input AC voltage/ frequency						Thre	e-phas	se 380	to 480V	50Hz/6	60Hz				
ilddns	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation							323	to 528	/ 50Hz/	60Hz					
Power supply	Permissible frequency fluctuation								±	5%						
₫.	Power supply system c (kVA)*6	apacity	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28	34	41	52	66	80	100
	ective structure M 1030)∗ଃ			Enclosed type (IP20)-7 Open type (IP00)												
Cool	ling system		Se	Self-cooling Forced air cooling												
Appr	rox. mass (kg)		3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	6.5	6.5	7.5	7.5	13	13	23	35	35
Ту	pe FR-F740-0000]-EC	01800	02160	02600	03250	03610 04	4320 04	4810 05	470 061	00 0683	0 0770	08660	09620	10940	12120
Appl	lied motor capacity	LD	75	90	110	132	160 1	85 2	20 2	50 28	0 315	5 355	400	450	500	560
(kW))*1	SLD	90	110	132	160	185 2	220 2	250 2	80 31	5 355	5 400	450	500	560	630
			110	137	165					66 41				659	733	833
		LD			100	247	275 3	329 3	66 4	16 46	4 520	586	659	733	833	923
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	LD SLD	137	165	198					10 10				-	_	
((kVA)*2		144 (122)	180 (153)	216 (184)	260 (221)	325 3 (276) (3	306) (3	132 4 367) (4	81 54 08) (46	4) (518) (580)	(654)	866 (736)	962 (817)	1094 (929)
(SLD	144	180	216	260 (221) 325	325 3 (276) (3 361 4	361 4 306) (3 132 4	132 4 367) (4 181 5	81 54	4) (5180 683) (580) 3 770	(654) 866			
Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current	SLD LD	144 (122) 180	180 (153) 216	216 (184) 260	260 (221) 325 (276) 120%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (3 60s, 150	361 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s,	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C	81 54 08) (46 47 61 64) (51) (inverse	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch) (580) 3 770 (654) naracte	(654) 866 (736) eristics)	(736) 962	(817) 1094	(929) 1212
Output	(kVA) [,] 2 Rated current (A) [,] 3	SLD LD SLD	144 (122) 180	180 (153) 216	216 (184) 260	260 (221) 325 (276) 120%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (3 60s, 150	361 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s,	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C	81 54 08) (46) 47 61 64) (51)	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch) (580) 3 770 (654) naracte	(654) 866 (736) eristics)	(736) 962	(817) 1094	(929) 1212
Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current	SLD LD SLD LD	144 (122) 180	180 (153) 216	216 (184) 260	260 (221) 325 (276) 120%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (3 60s, 150 60s, 120	861 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s, 0% 3s, Three	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C 40°C e-phase	81 54 08) (46- 47 61 (51) (51) (inverse (inverse 2380 to (51)	 4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch time ch 500V) (580) 3 770 3 (654) 1 aracter 1 aracter	(654) 866 (736) eristics)	(736) 962	(817) 1094	(929) 1212
Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A)+3 Overload current rating+4	SLD LD SLD LD SLD	144 (122) 180	180 (153) 216	216 (184) 260	260 (221) 325 (276) 120%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (3 60s, 150 60s, 120	861 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s, 0% 3s, Three	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C 40°C e-phase	81 54 08) (46 47 61 64) (51 (inverse (inverse	 4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch time ch 500V) (580) 3 770 3 (654) 1 aracter 1 aracter	(654) 866 (736) eristics)	(736) 962	(817) 1094	(929) 1212
oply Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current rating ⁺ 4 Voltage ⁺ 5 Rated input AC voltage/free Permissible AC voltage fluo	SLD LD SLD SLD SLD	144 (122) 180	180 (153) 216	216 (184) 260	260 (221) 325 (276) 120%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (3 60s, 150 60s, 120	861 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s, 0% 3s, 0% 3s, Three e-phas	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 40°C - e-phase - se 380 -	81 54 08) (46- 47 61 (51) (51) (inverse (inverse 2380 to (51)	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch time ch 500V 50Hz/6) (580) 3 770 3 (654) 1 aracter 1 aracter	(654) 866 (736) eristics)	(736) 962	(817) 1094	(929) 1212
supply Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current rating ⁺ 4 Voltage ⁺ 5 Rated input AC voltage/free	SLD LD SLD SLD SLD	144 (122) 180	180 (153) 216	216 (184) 260	260 (221) 325 (276) 120%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (3 60s, 150 60s, 120	861 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s, 0% 3s, 0% 3s, Three e-phas	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C (40°C 40°C (40°C e-phase (40°C to 528 (40°C	81 54 08) (46) 47 61 64) (51) (inverse (inverse 380 to 500V	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch time ch 500V 50Hz/6) (580) 3 770 3 (654) 1 aracter 1 aracter	(654) 866 (736) eristics)	(736) 962	(817) 1094	(929) 1212
Power supply Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current rating ⁺ 4 Voltage ⁺ 5 Rated input AC voltage/free Permissible AC voltage fluo Permissible frequency	SLD LD SLD SLD quency ctuation	144 (122) 180 (153)	180 (153) 216 (184) 137	216 (184) 260 (221) 165	260 (221) 325 (276) 120% 110%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (6 60s, 15 60s, 12 Three 247 2	361 4 306) (3 132 4 367) (4 0% 3s, 323 1 31 275 3	32 4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C 40°C 40°C -phase -phase -phase ie 380 ± 429 3	81 54 08) (46 47 61 64) (51) (inverse 380 to to 500V 500V 5% 66	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch time ch 500V 50Hz/6 60Hz) (580) 3 770 3 770 1 (654) 1 aracte 1 aracte 50Hz 4 520	(654) 866 (736) eristics) eristics)	(736) 962 (817) 659	(817) 1094 (929) 733	(929) 1212 (1030) 833
Content Supply Output Output	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current rating ⁺ 4 Voltage ⁺ 5 Rated input AC voltage/free Permissible AC voltage fluc Permissible frequency fluctuation Power supply system capacity (kVA) ⁺ 6 ective structure	SLD LD SLD SLD SLD quency ctuation	144 (122) 180 (153)	180 (153) 216 (184)	216 (184) 260 (221)	260 (221) 325 (276) 120% 110%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (6 60s, 15 60s, 12 Three 247 2	361 4 306) (3 367) (4 367) (4 0% 3s, 0% 3s, 0% 3s, Three e-phas 323 1 275 3 329 3	32 4 367) (4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C (4 40°C (4 e-phase (4 66 4	81 54 08) (46 47 61 64) (51) (inverse ≥ 380 to to 500V / 50Hz/0 5%	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch 500V 50Hz/6 60Hz 6 464 4 520) (580) 3 770 3 770 1 (654) 1 aracte 1 aracte 50Hz 4 520	(654) 866 (736) eristics) eristics)	(736) 962 (817)	(817) 1094 (929)	(929) 1212 (1030)
Power supply Output Page 1	(kVA) ⁺² Rated current (A) ⁺³ Overload current rating ⁺⁴ Voltage ⁺⁵ Rated input AC voltage/free Permissible AC voltage fluc Permissible frequency fluctuation Power supply system capacity (kVA) ⁺⁶ ective structure M 1030) ⁺⁸	SLD LD SLD SLD quency ctuation	144 (122) 180 (153)	180 (153) 216 (184) 137	216 (184) 260 (221) 165	260 (221) 325 (276) 120% 110%	325 3 (276) (3 361 4 (306) (6 60s, 15 60s, 12 Three 247 2	361 4 306) (3 4306) (3 437) (4 00% 3s, 00% 3s, 00% 3s, Three e-phas 323 275 3 329 3 C	32 4 367) (4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C 40°C -phase - -phase - -ass -	81 54 08) (46 47 61 64) (51) (inverse 380 to 380 to 500V / 50Hz/d 5% 66 41 16 46 pe (IP00) 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch 500V 50Hz/6 60Hz 6 464 4 520 0)) (580) 3 770 3 770 1 (654) 1 aracte 1 aracte 50Hz 4 520	(654) 866 (736) eristics) eristics)	(736) 962 (817) 659	(817) 1094 (929) 733	(929) 1212 (1030) 833
Output Dower supply Again to the supply Dutput Dutput Dutput Dutput	(kVA) ⁺ 2 Rated current (A) ⁺ 3 Overload current rating ⁺ 4 Voltage ⁺ 5 Rated input AC voltage/free Permissible AC voltage fluc Permissible frequency fluctuation Power supply system capacity (kVA) ⁺ 6 ective structure	SLD LD SLD SLD quency ctuation	144 (122) 180 (153)	180 (153) 216 (184) 137	216 (184) 260 (221) 165	260 (221) 325 (276) 120% 110%	325 3 (276) (; 361 4 (306) (; 60s, 15) 60s, 120 Three 247 2 275 3	361 4 306) (3 32 4 4367) (4 0% 3s, 0% 3s, Three e-phas 323 325 329 329 329 C	32 4 367) (4 367) (4 81 5 408) (4 50°C (40°C 40°C (40°C 2-phase (40°C 366 4 229 3 366 4 0pen ty (40°C 0penct a (40°C)	81 54 08) (46 47 61 64) (51) (inverse 380 to (a) 500V / 50Hz/d 55% 66 41 16 46	4) (518 0 683 8) (580 time ch time ch 500V 50Hz/6 60Hz 6 464 4 520 0)) (580) 3 770 654) naracte naracte 50Hz 4 520 0 586	(654) 866 (736) eristics) eristics)	(736) 962 (817) 659	(817) 1094 (929) 733	(929) 1212 (1030) 833

The applicable follow capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the misubisin 4-pole standard motor. The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 440V. When operating the inverter with the carrier frequency set to 3kHz or more, the carrier frequency automatically decreases if the inverter output current exceeds the value in parenthesis of the rated current. This may cause the motor noise to increase. The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated *2 *3

*4 duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.

*5 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about $\sqrt{2}$ that of the power supply.

The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables). When the hook of the inverter front cover is cut off for installation of the plug-in option, the inverter changes to an open type (IP00). FR-DU07: IP40 (except for the PU connector) *6

*7 *8

7.2 Common specifications

	Cor	ntrol syste	_	High carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control)/optimum excitation control/simple
		-	ency range	magnetic flux vector control 0.5 to 400Hz
S	Fre set	equency ting	Analog input	0.015Hz/0 to 60Hz (terminal 2, 4: 0 to 10V/12bit) 0.03Hz/0 to 60Hz (terminal 2, 4: 0 to 5V/11bit, 0 to 20mA/11bit, terminal 1: 0 to ±10V/12bit) 0.06Hz/0 to 60Hz (terminal 1: 0 to ±5V/11bit)
tior	res	olution	Digital input	0.01Hz
specifications		equency	Analog input	Within ±0.2% of the max. output frequency (25°C ± 10°C)
ecif		curacy	Digital input	Within 0.01% of the set output frequency
		tage/frequ aracteristic		0 to 400Hz of the base frequency can be set from constant torque/adjustable 5 points V/F can be selected.
Control	Sta	rting torqu	е	120% (3Hz) when simple magnetic flux vector control and slip compensation are set
ö		celeration/ e setting	deceleration	0 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/deceleration mode can be selected.
	DC	injection t	orake	Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) variable
	Stal	ll preventior	n operation level	Operation current level can be set (0 to 150% variable), whether to use the function or not can be set.
		equency ting	Analog input	Terminal 2, 4: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, 4 to 20mA can be selected Terminal 1: -10 to +10V, -5 to 5V can be selected
	seti sigi	0	Digital input	Four-digit BCD or16-bit binary using the setting dial of the operation panel or parameter unit (when used with the option FR-A7AX)
	Sta	rt signal		Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected.
	Inp	ut signals		You can select any twelve signals using <i>Pr.178 to Pr.189 (input terminal function selection)</i> from among multi speed selection, second function selection, terminal 4 input selection, JOG operation selection, selection of automatic restart after instantaneous power failure, external thermal relay input, HC connection (inverter operation enable signal), HC connection (instantaneous power failure detection), PU operation/external interlock signal, External DC injection brake operation start, PID control enable terminal, PU operation, external operation switchover, output stop, start self-holding selection, traverse function selection, forward rotation command, reverse rotation command, inverter reset, PTC thermistor input, PID forward reverse operation switchover, PU-NET operation switchover, External-NET operation switchover, command source switchover.
cifications	Ор	erational fi	unctions	Maximum and minimum frequency settings, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selection, polarity reversible operation, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure operation, original operation continuation at an instantaneous power failure, commercial power supply-inverter switchover operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, operation mode selection, external DC injection braking start, PID control, computer link operation (RS-485).
Operation specifications	Output signals	Operating status		You can select any seven signals using <i>Pr</i> .190 to <i>Pr</i> .196 (output terminal function selection) from among inverter running, up-to-speed, instantaneous power failure /undervoltage, overload warning, output frequency detection, second output frequency detection, regenerative brake prealarm ⁴ , electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm, PU operation mode, inverter operation ready, output current detection, zero current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward rotation reverse rotation output, commercial power supply-inverter switchover MC1 to MC3, commercial power supply side moter 1 to 4 connection, fan fault output, heatsink overheat pre-alarm, inverter running start command on, deceleration at an instantaneous power failure, PID control activated, during retry, during PID output suspension, life alarm, alarm output 3 (power-off signal), power savings average value update timing, current average monitor, alarm output 2, maintenance timer alarm, remote output, minor failure output, alarm output, traverse function. Open collector output (5 points), relay output (2 points) and alarm code of the inverter can be output (4 bit) from the open collector.
	Outl		When used with the FR-A7AY, FR-A7AR (option)	You can select any seven signals using <i>Pr.313 to Pr. 319 (extension output terminal function selection)</i> from among control circuit capacitor life, main circuit capacitor life, cooling fan life, inrush current limit circuit life. (Only positive logic can be set for extension terminals of the FR-A7AR)
		Pulse/ana	alog output	Selection can be made from output frequency, motor current (steady or peak value), output voltage, frequency setting value, running speed, converter output voltage (steady or peak value), electronic thermal relay function load factor, input power, output power, load meter, reference voltage output, motor load factor, power saving effect, regenerative brake duty·4, PID set value, PID measured value using <i>Pr.54</i> CA <i>terminal function selection (pulse train output)</i> and <i>Pr.158</i> AM <i>terminal function selection (analog output)</i> .

7

Display	PU (FR-DU07/ FR-PU04)	Operating status	Output frequency, motor current (steady or peak value), output voltage, alarm indication, frequency setting, running speed, converter output voltage (steady or peak value), electronic thermal relay function load factor, input power, output power, load meter, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, motor load factor, cumulative power, power saving effect, cumulative saving power, regenerative brake duty-4,PID set point, PID measured value, PID deviation value, inverter I/O terminal monitor, input terminal option monitor-1, output terminal option monitor-1, option fitting status monitor-2, terminal assignment status-2
	Alarm definition		Alarm definition is displayed during the protective function is activated, output voltage/ current/frequency/cumulative energization time and eight past alarm definition is stored.
		Interactive guidance	Operation guide/trouble shooting with a help function +2
Pro	otective/warnin		Overcurrent during acceleration, overcurrent during constant speed, overcurrent during deceleration, overvoltage during acceleration, overvoltage during constant speed, overvoltage during deceleration, inverter protection thermal operation, motor protection thermal operation, heatsink overheat, instantaneous power failure occurrence, undervoltage, input phase failure, motor overload, output side earth fault overcurrent, output phase failure, external thermal relay operation, PTC thermistor operation, option alarm, parameter error, PU disconnection, retry count excess, CPU alarm, operation panel power supply short circuit, 24VDC power output short circuit, output current detection value excess, inrush current limit circuit alarm, communication alarm (inverter), analog input alarm, internal circuit error (15V power supply), fan fault, overcurrent stall prevention, overvoltage stall prevention, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, PU stop, maintenance timer alarm ⁺¹ , brake transistor alarm detection ⁺⁴ , parameter write error, copy operation error, operation panel lock, parameter copy
	Ambient	LD	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing)
Environment	SLD		-10°C to +40°C (non-freezing)
ш	Ambient hum	idity	90%RH or less (non-condensing)
iro	Storage temp	erature∗₃	-20°C to +65°C
2 L	Atmosphere		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)
	Altitude, vibra	ation	Maximum 1000m above sea level for standard operation. After that derate by 3% for every extra 500m up to 2500m (92%) 5.9m/s ² or less ⁺ 5 (conforming to JIS C 60068-2-6)

 \square

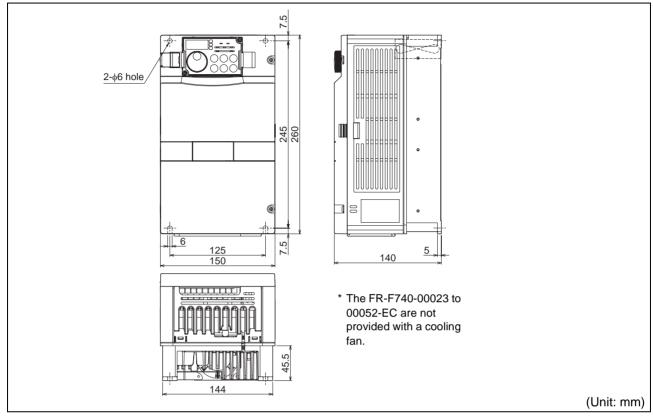
*1 Can be displayed only on the operation panel (FR-DU07).
*2 Can be displayed only on the parameter unit (FR-PU04).
*3 Temperature applicable for a short period in transit, etc.
*4 Only the 01800 or more functions.

*5 2.9m/s^2 or less for the 04320 or more.

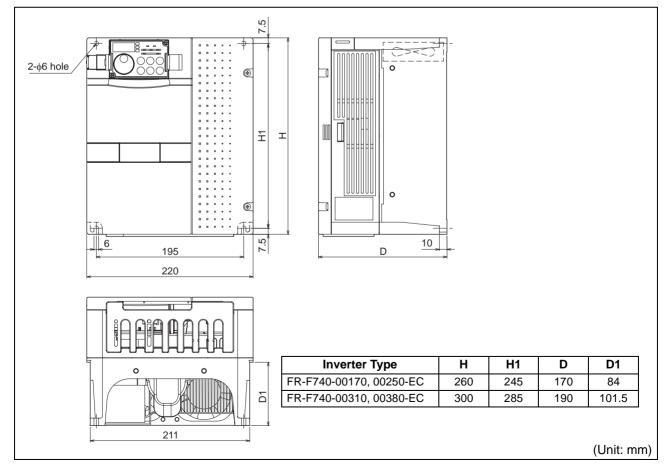
7.3 Outline dimension drawings

7.3.1 Inverter outline dimension drawings

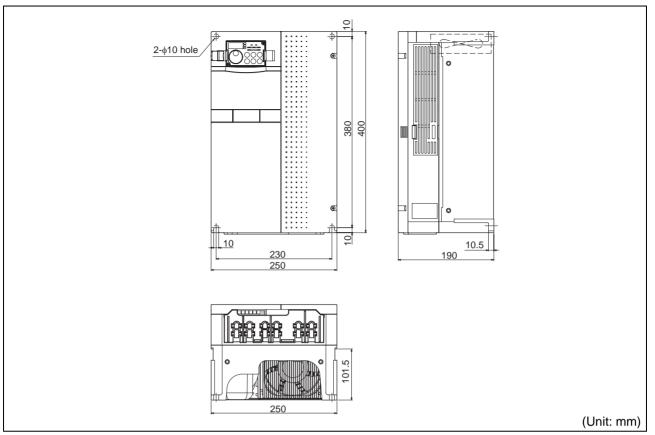
• FR-F740-00023, 00038, 00052, 00083, 00126-EC



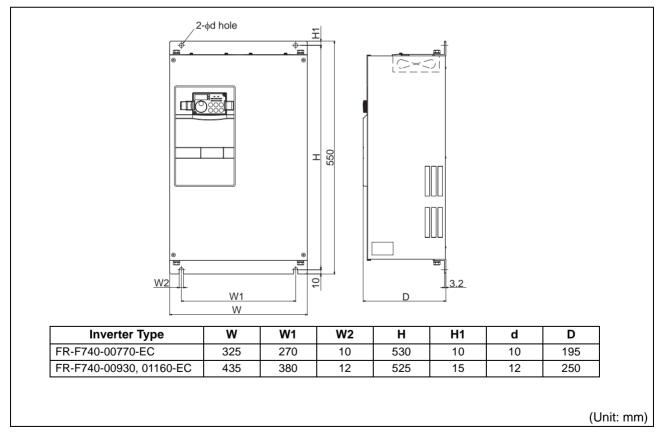
• FR-F740-00170, 00250, 00310, 00380-EC



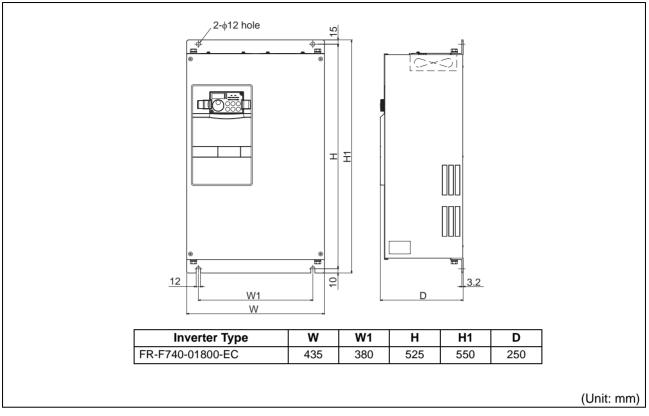




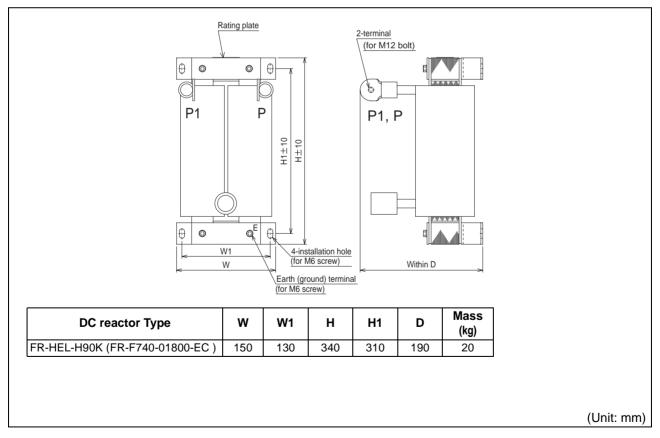
• FR-F740-00770, 00930, 01160-EC



• FR-F740-01800-EC

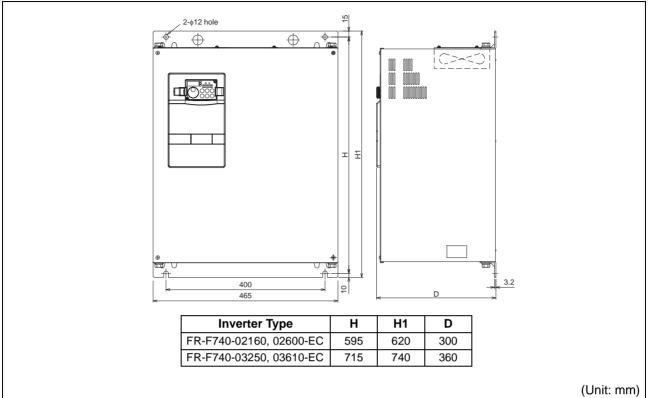


• DC reactor supplied

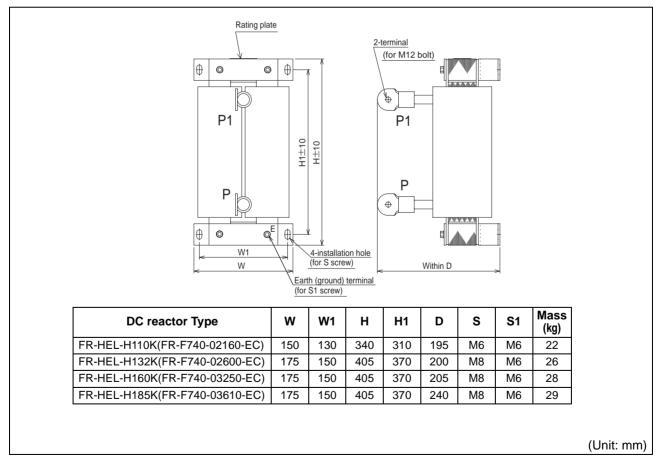




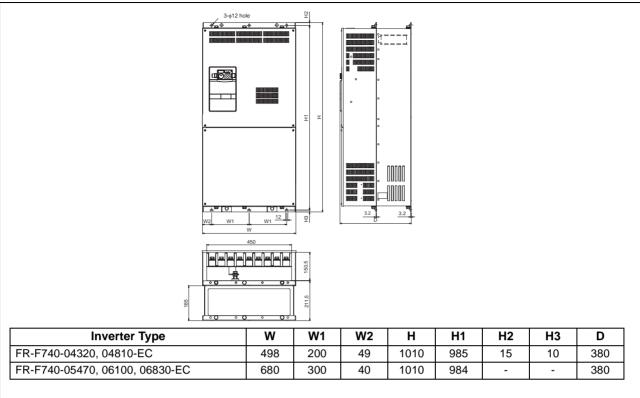
• FR-F740-02160, 02600, 03250, 03610-EC



• DC reactor supplied

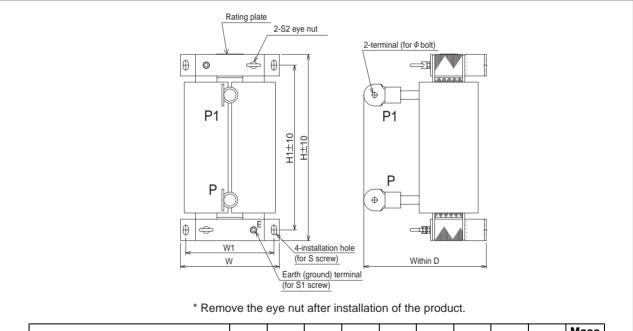


• FR-F740-04320, 04810, 05470, 06100, 06830-EC



(Unit: mm)

• DC reactor supplied

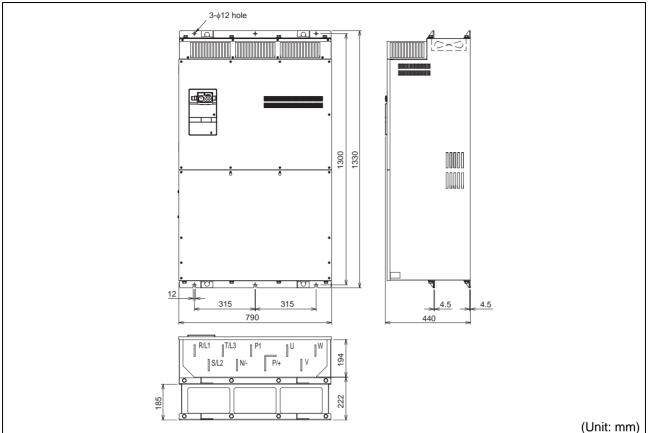


DC reactor Type	w	W1	н	H1	D	S	S1	S2	φ	Mass (kg)
FR-HEL-H220K (FR-F740-04320-EC)	175	150	405	370	240	M8	M6	M6	M12	30
FR-HEL-H250K (FR-F740-04810-EC)	190	165	440	400	250	M8	M8	M8	M12	35
FR-HEL-H280K (FR-F740-05470-EC)	190	165	440	400	255	M8	M8	M8	M16	38
FR-HEL-H315K (FR-F740-06100-EC)	210	185	495	450	250	M10	M8	M8	M16	42
FR-HEL-H355K (FR-F740-06830-EC)	210	185	495	450	250	M10	M8	M8	M16	46

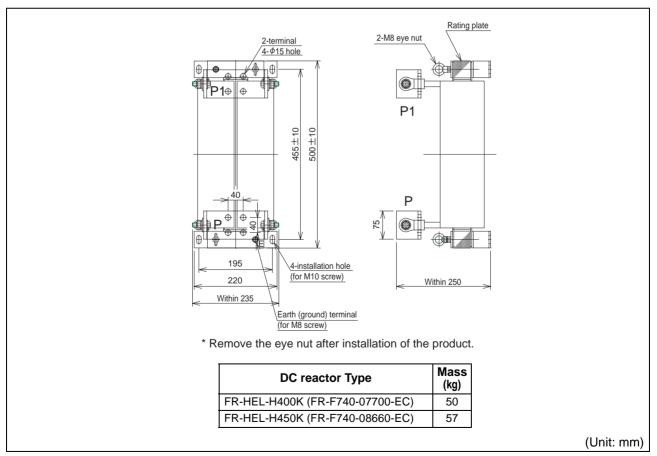
(Unit: mm)



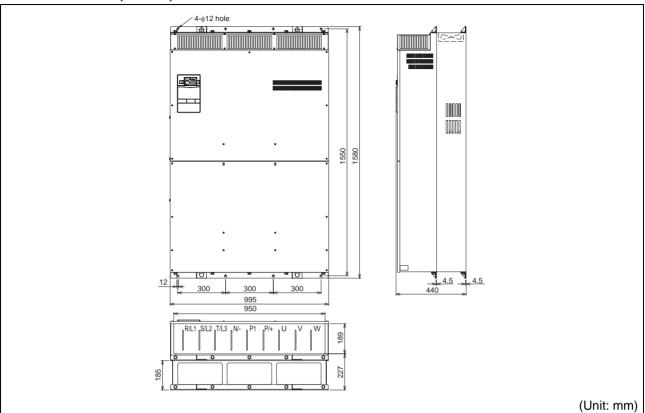
• FR-F740-07700, 08660-EC



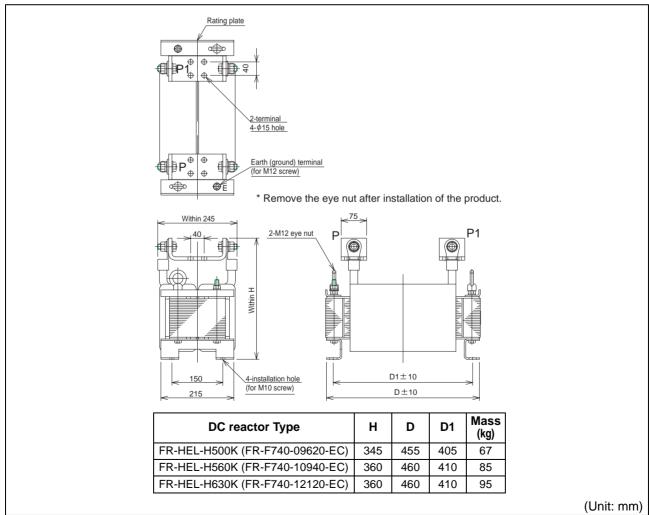
• DC reactor supplied



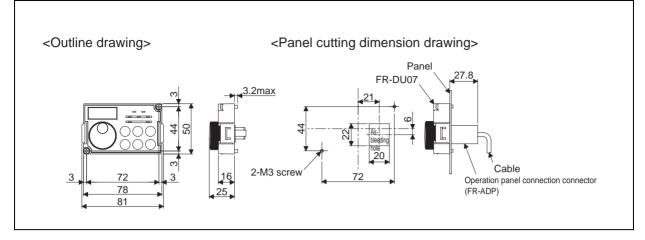
• FR-F740-09620, 10940, 12120-EC



• DC reactor supplied

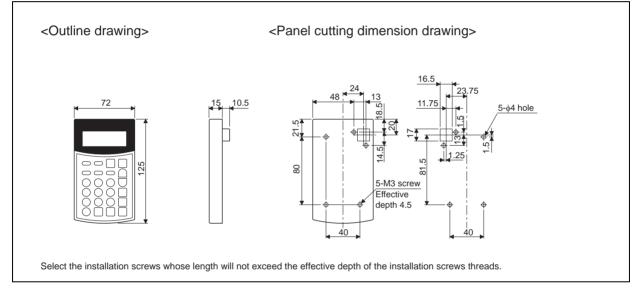


7.3.2 Operation panel (FR-DU07) outline dimension drawings



7.3.3 Parameter unit (FR-PU04) outline dimension drawings

• FR-PU04



7.4 Heatsink protrusion attachment procedure

When encasing the inverter in an enclosure, the generated heat amount in an enclosure can be greatly reduced by installing the heatsink portion of the inverter outside the enclosure. When installing the inverter in a compact enclosure, etc., this installation method is recommended.

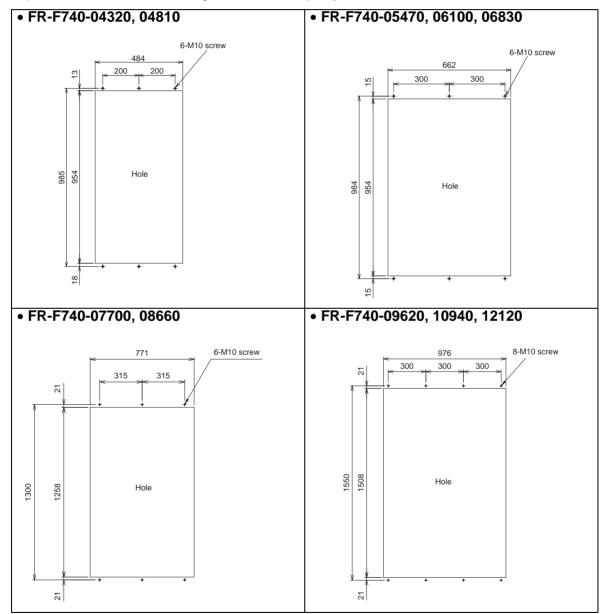
7.4.1 When using a heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN)

For the FR-F740-00023 to 03610, a heatsink can be protruded outside the enclosure using a heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN). For a panel cut dimension drawing and an installation procedure of the heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN) to the inverter, refer to a manual of "heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN01 to 10)".

7.4.2 Protrusion of heatsink of the FR-F740-04320 or more

(1) Panel cutting

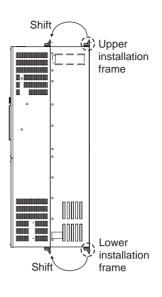
Cut the panel of the enclosure according to the inverter capacity.



(2) Shift and removal of a rear side installation frame

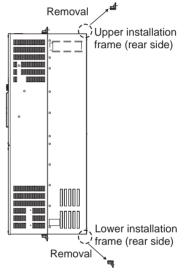
• FR-F740-05470 to 06830

One installation frame is attached to each of the upper and lower part of the inverter. Change the position of the rear side installation frame on the upper and lower side of the inverter to the front side as shown on the right. When changing the installation frames, make sure that the installation orientation is correct.



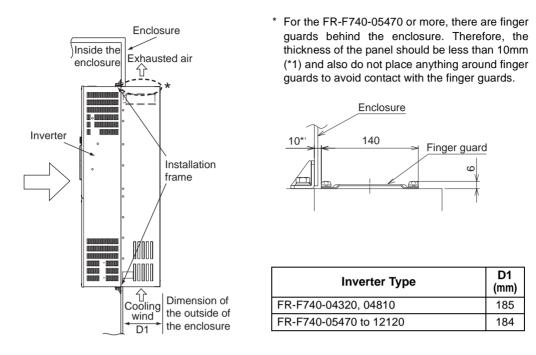
• FR-F740-04320/04810, 07700 or more

Two installation frames each are attached to the upper and lower part of the inverter. Remove the rear side installation frame on the upper and lower side of the inverter as shown on the right.



(3) Installation of the inverter

Push the inverter heatsink portion outside the enclosure and fix the enclosure and inverter with upper and lower installation frame.



= Caution =

 Having a cooling fan, the cooling section which comes out of the enclosure can not be used in the environment of water drops, oil, mist, dust, etc.

· Be careful not to drop screws, dust etc. into the inverter and cooling fan section.

7

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 List of parameters classified by purpose of use Set the parameters according to the operating conditions. The following list indicates purpose of use and

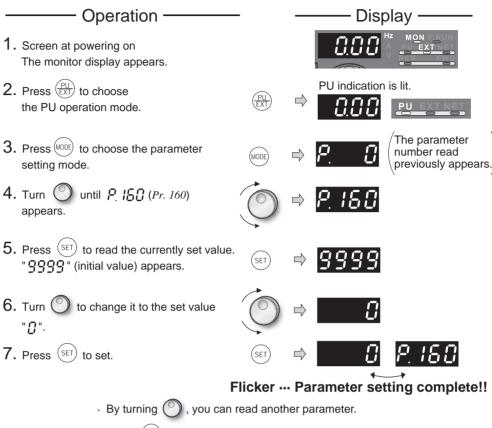
corresponding parameters.

	Purpose of Use	Parameter Number	
	Manual torque boost	Pr. 0, Pr. 46	
	Simple magnetic flux vector control	Pr. 80, Pr. 90	
Adjust the output torque of	Slip compensation	Pr. 245 to Pr. 247	
the motor (current)	Stall prevention operation	Pr. 22, Pr. 23, Pr. 48, Pr. 49, Pr. 66, Pr. 148, Pr. 149, Pr. 154, Pr. 156, Pr. 157	
	Multiple rating setting	Pr. 570	
The body of the second second	Maximum/minimum frequency	Pr. 1, Pr. 2, Pr. 18	
Limit the output frequency	Avoid mechanical resonance points (frequency jump)	Pr. 31 to Pr. 36	
	Base frequency, voltage	Pr. 3, Pr. 19, Pr. 47	
Set V/F pattern	V/F pattern matching applications	Pr. 14	
	Adjustable 5 points V/F	Pr. 71, Pr. 100 to Pr. 109	
	Multi-speed setting operation	Pr. 4 to Pr. 6, Pr. 24 to Pr. 27, Pr. 232 to Pr. 239	
Frequency setting with	Jog operation	Pr. 15, Pr. 16	
terminals (contact input)	Input compensation of multi-speed and remote setting	Pr. 28	
	Remote setting function	Pr. 59	
	Acceleration/deceleration time setting	Pr. 7, Pr. 8, Pr. 20, Pr. 21, Pr. 44, Pr. 45	
Acceleration/deceleration	Starting frequency	Pr. 13, Pr. 571	
time/pattern adjustment	Acceleration/ deceleration pattern and back lash measures	Pr. 29, Pr. 140 to Pr. 143	
	Regeneration avoidance functions at deceleration	Pr. 882 to Pr. 886	
Selection and protection of a	Motor protection from overheat (electronic thermal relay function)	Pr. 9, Pr. 51	
motor	Use the constant torque motor (applied motor)	Pr. 71	
	DC injection brake	Pr. 10 to Pr. 12	
Motor brake and stop	Selection of regeneration unit	Pr. 30, Pr. 70	
operation	Selection of motor stopping method	Pr. 250	
	Decelerate the motor to a stop at instantaneous power failure	Pr. 261 to Pr. 266	
	Function assignment of input terminal	Pr. 178 to Pr. 189	
	Start signal selection	Pr. 250	
	Logic selection of output stop signal (MRS)	Pr. 17	
	Selection of action conditions of the second function signal (RT)	Pr. 155	
Function assignment of external terminal and control	Terminal assignment of output terminal	Pr. 190 to Pr. 196	
	Detection of output frequency (SU, FU, FU2 signal)	Pr. 41 to Pr. 43, Pr. 50	
	Detection of output current (Y12 signal) Detection of zero current (Y13 signal)	Pr. 150 to Pr. 153, Pr. 166, Pr. 167	
	Remote output function (REM signal)	Pr. 495 to Pr. 497	
	Speed display and speed setting	Pr. 37, Pr. 144	
Monitor display and monitor	Change of DU/PU monitor descriptions Cumulative monitor clear	Pr. 52, Pr. 170, Pr. 171, Pr. 563, Pr. 564, Pr. 891	
output signal	Change of the monitor output from terminal CA and AM	Pr. 54 to Pr. 56, Pr. 158, Pr. 867, Pr. 869	
	Adjustment of terminal CA and AM (calibration)	C0 (Pr. 900), C1 (Pr. 901)	
	Energy saving monitor	Pr. 891 to Pr. 899	
	Detection of output frequency (SU, FU, FU2 signal)	Pr. 41 to Pr. 43, Pr. 50	
Detection of output frequencyand current	Detection of output current (Y12 signal) Detection of zero current (Y13 signal)	Pr. 150 to Pr. 153, Pr. 166, Pr. 167	

	Purpose of Use	Parameter Number			
Operation selection at power failure and instantaneous	Restart operation after instantaneous power failure/Flying start	Pr. 57, Pr. 58, Pr. 162 to Pr. 165, Pr. 299, Pr. 611			
oower failure	Decelerate the motor to a stop at instantaneous power failure	Pr. 261 to Pr. 266			
	Retry function at alarm occurrence	Pr. 65, Pr. 67 to Pr. 69			
Operation setting at alarm	Output function of alarm code	Pr. 76			
occurrence	Input/output phase failure protection selection	Pr. 251, Pr. 872			
	Regeneration avoidance function	Pr. 882 to Pr. 886			
	Energy saving control selection	Pr. 60			
Energy saving operation	How much energy can be saved (energy saving monitor)	Pr. 891 to Pr. 899			
Reduction of the motor noise	Carrier frequency and SoftPWM selection	Pr. 72, Pr. 240, Pr. 260			
Measures against noise and eakage currents	Noise elimination at the analog input	Pr. 74			
	Analog input selection	Pr. 73, Pr. 267, Pr. 573			
	Override function	Pr. 73, Pr. 252, Pr. 253			
Frequency setting by analog	Noise elimination at the analog input	Pr. 74			
nput	Change of analog input frequency, adjustment of voltage, current input and frequency (calibration)	Pr. 125, Pr. 126, Pr. 241, C2 to C7 (Pr. 902 to Pr. 905)			
	Compensation at the analog input	Pr. 242, Pr. 243			
	Reset selection, disconnected PU detection	Pr. 75			
	Prevention of parameter rewrite	Pr. 77			
Misoperation prevention and parameter setting restriction	Prevention of reverse rotation of the motor	Pr. 78			
barameter setting restriction	Display necessary parameters only. (user group)	Pr. 160, Pr. 172 to Pr. 174			
	Control of parameter write by communication	Pr. 342			
	Operation mode selection	Pr. 79			
	Operation mode when power is on	Pr. 79, Pr. 340			
Selection of operation mode and operation location	Operation command source and speed command source during communication operation	Pr. 338, Pr. 339			
	Selection of the NET mode operation control source	Pr. 550			
	Selection of the PU mode operation control source	Pr. 551			
	Communication initial setting	Pr. 117 to Pr. 124, Pr. 331 to Pr. 337, Pr. 341			
	Control of parameter write by communication	Pr. 342			
Communication operation	ModbusRTU communication specifications	Pr. 343			
and setting	Operation command source and speed command source during communication operation	Pr. 338, Pr. 339			
	Selection of the NET mode operation control source	Pr. 550			
	ModbusRTU protocol (communication protocol selection)	Pr. 549			
	PID control	Pr. 127 to Pr. 134, Pr. 575 to Pr. 577			
Special operation and	Switch between the inverter operation and commercial power-supply operation to use	Pr. 135 to Pr. 139, Pr. 159			
requency control	Pump function	Pr.575 to Pr.591			
	Traverse function	Pr. 592 to Pr. 597			
	Regeneration avoidance function	Pr. 882 to Pr. 886			
	Free parameter	Pr. 888, Pr. 889			
	Increase cooling fan life	Pr. 244			
Jseful functions	To determine the maintenance time of parts.	Pr. 255 to Pr. 259, Pr. 503, Pr. 504			
	How much energy can be saved (energy saving monitor)	Pr. 60, Pr. 891 to Pr. 899			
	Parameter unit language switchover	Pr. 145			
Setting from the parameter	Operation selection of the operation panel	Pr. 161			
unit and operation panel	Buzzer control of the operation panel	Pr. 990			
it and operation panel	Contrast adjustment of the parameter unit	Pr. 990 Pr. 991			

Appendix 2 Extended parameters

Appendix 2-1 Used to display the extended parameters.



- Press (SET) to show the setting again.
- · Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

After parameter setting is completed, press (MODE) once to show the alarm history and press (MODE) twice to return to the monitor display. To change settings of other parameters, perform the operation in above steps 3 to 7.

? Error display?

@Er : If the operation panel does not have the write precedence

REMARKS

If the setting has not been changed, the value does not flicker and the next parameter number appears.

Pr. 160	Description
9999 (Initial Value)	Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.
0	Simple mode and extended mode parameters can be displayed.
1	Only the parameters registered in the user group can be displayed.

Extended parameter list

Appendix 2-2 Extended parameter list

lindicates simple mode parameters.

۲	Parameter							Param	Param	All param		
Function		d ers	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	•	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear	
oun		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Range	Description		0:	enab		
LL.		Par R							×:disab		bled	
							Set the output voltage at 01 *1 Initial values differ acco inverter capacity.					
ost					6/4/3/2/		Inverter capacity 400V class	Initial value				
Manual torque boost	0	0	Torque boost	0.1%	1.5/1%	0 to 30%	00023	6%	0	0	0	
aup					*1		00038 to 00083	4%				
l tor							00126, 00170	3%				
nua							00250 to 00770	2%				
Mai							00930, 01160	1.5%				
							01800 or more	1%				
		46	Second torque	0.1%	9999	0 to 30%	Set the torque boost when is on.	the RT signal	0	0	0	
			50031			9999	Without second torque boo	st				
iimum y	1	0	Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120/ 60Hz*2	0 to 120Hz	Set the upper limit of the ou *2 The setting depends capacity (01160 or less/	on the inverter	0	0	0	
/mir enc	2	0	Minimum frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set the lower limit of the ou	tput frequency.	0	0	0	
Maximum/minimum frequency		18	High speed maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120/ 60Hz*3	120 to 400Hz	Set when performing the of 120Hz or more. *3 The setting depends capacity (01160 or less/	on the inverter	0	0	0	
ltage	3	0	Base frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency when the torque is generated. (50Hz		0	0	0	
٥ ١			Deep frequency			0 to 1000V	Set the base voltage.					
ncy		19	Base frequency voltage	0.1V	8888	8888	95% of power supply voltage	je	0	0	0	
anb			vollage			9999	Same as power supply volt	age				
Base frequency, voltage		47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz	Set the base frequency wh signal is on.	en the RT	0	0	0	
ä						9999	Second V/F is invalid					
ç	4	0	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set frequency when the RT	signal is on.	0	0	0	
peration	5	0	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0.01Hz	30Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set frequency when the R	M signal is on.	0	0	0	
tting ol	6	0	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0.01Hz	10Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set frequency when the F	L signal is on.	0	0	0	
i-speed se		(low speed) 24 Multi-speed setting to (4 speed to 7 27 speed)	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999	Frequency from 4 speed to be set according to the corr	bination of the	0	0	0			
Mult		to	Multi-speed setting (8 speed to 15 speed)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999 RH, RM, RL and REX signals. 9999: not selected		als.	0	0	0	

S Parameter		neter							Param	Param	All param
Function		ted eters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Descri	ption	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
Fun		Related parameters		ments	Value	_			-	enab disab	
	7	0	Acceleration time	0.1/ 0.01s	5/15s *4	0 to 3600/ 360s		ation time. ccording to the inverter less/00250 or more)	0	0	0
ing	8	0	Deceleration time	0.1/ 0.01s	10/30s *5	0 to 3600/ 360s		ation time. ccording to the inverter less/00250 or more)	0	0	0
Acceleration/deceleration time setting		20	Acceleration/ deceleration reference frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	1 to 400Hz	Set the frequency refe acceleration/deceleration/ frequency change time for acceleration/deceleration/	on time. Set the from stop to Pr. 20	0	0	0
decelerati		21	Acceleration/ deceleration time	1	0	0	Increments: 0.1s Range: 0 to 3600s	Increments and setting range of acceleration/	0	0	0
leration/		2.	increments		•	1	Increments: 0.01s Range: 0 to 360s	deceleration time setting can be changed.		•	•
Acce		44	Second acceleration/ deceleration time	0.1/ 0.01s	5s	0 to 3600/ 360s	Set the acceleration/d when the RT signal is		0	0	0
		45	Second deceleration time	0.1/ 0.01s	9999	0 to 3600/ 360s 9999	Set the deceleration tin signal is on. Acceleration time = de		0	0	0
ection heat hermal tion)	9	0	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01/ 0.1A *6	Rated inverter output current	0 to 500/ 0 to 3600A *6	• •	rrent. nds on the inverter less/01800 or more)	0	0	0
Motor protection from overheat (electronic thermal relay function)		51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01/ 0.1A *7	9999	0 to 500A 0 to 3600A *7	capacity (01160 or	rrent. nds on the inverter less/01800 or more)	0	0	0
						9999	Second electronic the invalid	mai O/L relay			
			DC inicialize broke			0 to 120Hz	Set the operation frequinjection brake.	uency of the DC			
ake	10		DC injection brake operation frequency	0.01Hz	3Hz	9999	Operate when the out becomes less than or <i>Pr.13Starting frequency</i> .	equal to	0	0	0
on br						0	DC injection brake dis				
jectic	11		DC injection brake	0.1s	0.5s	0.1 to 10s	Set the operation time brake.	of the DC injection	0	0	0
DC injection brake			operation time			8888	Operate DC injection X13 signal is on.				
	12		DC injection brake operation voltage	0.1%	4/2/1% *8	0 0.1 to 30%		ake voltage (torque). er according to the 00170 or less/00250	0	0	0
lcy	13		Starting frequency	0.01Hz	0.5Hz	0 to 60Hz	Starting frequency car	,	0	0	0
iquer						0.0 to 10.0s	Set the holding time o	Pr.13 Starting			
Starting frequency		571	Holding time at a start	0.1s	9999	9999	<i>frequency.</i> Holding function at a s	tart is invalid	0	0	0
ing						0	For constant torque lo	ad			
V/F pattern matching applications	14		Load pattern selection	1	1	1	For variable-torque loa	ad	0	0	0

_	Paran	neter							Param	Param	All param
Function		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Descri	intion	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
un-		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Nalige	Desch	ption	O: enat		
ш.		ра								disat	
	15		Jog frequency	0.01Hz	5Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency for	, , ,	0	0	0
Jog operation	16		Jog acceleration/ deceleration time	0.1/ 0.01s	0.5s	0 to 3600/ 360s	Set the acceleration/c jog operation. Set the the frequency set in <i>P</i> <i>deceleration reference f</i> acceleration/decelera value is 60Hz) In addition, acceleration can not be set separation	time taken to reach 2r:20 Acceleration/ irequency for tion time. (Initial on/deceleration time	0	0	0
Logic selection of output stop signal (MRS)	17		MRS input selection	1	0	0	Open input always		0	0	0
Logic s of out signal						2	Normally closed input specifications)	(NC contact input		0	
	18		Refer to Pr.1 and Pr.2	•							
	19		Refer to <i>Pr.3</i> .								
	20,	21	Refer to Pr.7 and Pr.8			1			1	1	1
			Stall provention			0	Stall prevention opera becomes invalid.	ation selection			
	22	Stall prevention operation level	0.1%	110%	0.1 to 120%	Set the current value prevention operation		0	0	0	
						9999	Analog variable				
	23		Stall prevention operation level compensation	0.1%	9999	0 to 150%	The stall operation lev when operating at a h rated frequency.		0	0	0
			factor at double speed			9999	Constant according to) Pr.22			
			Second stall			0	Second stall prevention	on operation invalid			
		48	prevention operation current	0.1%	110%	0.1 to 120%	The stall prevention o be set.	peration level can	0	0	0
c			Second stall			0	Second stall prevention	on operation invalid			
ratio		49	prevention	0.01Hz	0Hz	0.01 to 400Hz	Set the frequency at w prevention operation		0	0	0
ope			operation frequency			9999	Pr.48 is valid when the				
Stall prevention operation		66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency at voor operation level is star		0	0	0
Stall		148	Stall prevention level at 0V input	0.1%	110%	0 to 120%	Stall prevention opera		0	0	0
		149	Stall prevention level at 10V input	0.1%	120%	0 to 120%	terminal 1.	y siynai input io	0	0	0
			Voltage reduction			0	With voltage reduction	You can select whether to use			
		154	selection during stall prevention operation	1	1	1	Without voltage reduction	output voltage reduction during stall prevention operation or not.	0	0	0
		156	Stall prevention operation selection	1	0	0 to 31, 100, 101	<i>Pr. 156</i> allows you to se stall prevention or not a acceleration/deceleration	according to the on status.	0	0	0
		157	OL signal output timer	0.1s	0s	0 to 25s 9999	Set the output start time output when stall preve Without the OL signal	ention is activated.	0	0	0
1		27	Refer to Pr. 4 to Pr. 6.			2222	without the OL signal	output			

ç	Paran	neter							Param	Param	All param			
Function		ted eters	Name	Incre	Initial Value	Range	Descri	ption	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear			
Fun		Related parameters		ments	value	_			_	enab				
6 7		<u>a</u>				0	Without compensation	2	×:	disat				
Input compensation of multi-speed and remote setting	28		Multi-speed input compensation selection	1	0	1	With compensation		0	0	0			
			Acceleration/			0	Linear acceleration/ d	eceleration						
	29		deceleration pattern	1	0	1	S-pattern acceleration		0	0	0			
			selection		-	2	S-pattern acceleration	h/deceleration B						
on/ ion back	140	140	Backlash acceleration stopping frequency	0.01Hz	1Hz	3 0 to 400Hz	Backlash measures			0	0			
Acceleration/ deceleration pattern and back		141	Backlash acceleration stopping time	0.1s	0.5s	0 to 360s	Set the stopping freque backlash measures.	lency and time for	0	0	0			
		142	Backlash deceleration stopping frequency	0.01Hz	1Hz	0 to 400Hz	Valid when <i>Pr.29</i> ="3"		0	0	0			
		143	Backlash deceleration stopping time	0.1s	0.5s	0 to 360s			0	0	0			
tion unit			Regenerative			0	01160 or less Brake unit Setting can not be	01800 or more Without regenerative function Brake unit,						
election of regeneration unit	30	30	30	30		function selection	1	0	2	made. High power factor converter, power regeneration common converter	Power regeneration converter High power factor converter	0	0	0
Sele		70	Special regenerative brake duty	0.1%	0%	0 to 10%	You can set the brak brake unit or power converter is used. Setting can be made fo	regeneration	0	0	0			
	31		Frequency jump 1A	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999			0	0	0			
cal nts p)	32		Frequency jump 1B	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999			0	0	0			
echanic ce poir cy jum	33		Frequency jump 2A	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999	1A to 1B, 2A to 2B, 3	A to 3B is frequency	0	0	0			
Avoid mechanical resonance points (frequency jump)	34		Frequency jump 2B	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999	jumps 9999: Function invalio	ł	0	0	0			
Av re: (fr	35		Frequency jump 3A	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999			0	0	0			
	36		Frequency jump 3B	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999			0	0	0			
y and ing	37		Speed display	1	0	0 1 to 9998	Frequency display, se Set the machine spee		0	0	0			
Speed display and speed setting		144	Speed setting switchover	1	4	0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110	Set the number of mo displaying the motor s	•	0	0	0			

ç	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param
Function		Related parameters	Name	Incre ments	Initial Value	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
Fu		Rel paran							enab disab	
(I)	41		Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0.1%	10%	0 to 100%	Set the level where the SU signal turns on.	0	0	0
out frequ 2 signa	42		Output frequency detection	0.01Hz	6Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency where the FU signal turns on.	0	0	0
Detection of output frequency (SU, FU, FU2 signal)	43		Output frequency detection for	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency where the FU signal turns on in reverse rotation.	0	0	0
Detectio (SU		50	reverse rotation Second output	0.01Hz	30Hz	9999 0 to 400Hz	Same as <i>Pr.</i> 42 setting Set the frequency where the FU2 signal turns on.	0	0	0
	44,	45	frequency detection Refer to <i>Pr. 7 and Pr.</i>	8.			011.			
	46		Refer to Pr. 0.							
—	47		Refer to <i>Pr. 3</i> .							
	48,	10	Refer to Pr. 22 and Pr	. 23						
	40, 50	ъJ	Refer to <i>Pr. 41 to Pr.</i>							
_				+J.						
	51		Refer to Pr. 9.							
	52		DU/PU main display data selection	1	0	0, 5, 6, 8 to 14, 17, 20, 23 to 25, 50 to 57, 100	Select the monitor to be displayed on the operation panel and parameter unit. The setting value of "9" is available only for the 01800 or more.	0	0	0
						0	Set "0" to clear the watt-hour meter monitor.			
su		170	Watt-hour meter clear	1	9999	10	Set the maximum value when monitoring from communication to 0 to 9999kWh.	×	×	0
criptio. r						9999	Set the maximum value when monitoring from communication to 0 to 65535kWh.			
Change of DU/PU monitor descriptions Cumulative monitor clear		171	Operation hour meter clear	1	9999	0, 9999	Set "0" in the parameter to clear the watt- hour monitor. Setting "9999" has no effect.	×	×	×
non			Monitor decimal			0	Displays the monitor as integral value.			
U n /e r		268	digits selection	1	9999	1	Displays the monitor in increments of 0.1.	0	0	0
U/P Ilativ			algite colocitori			9999	No fixed decimal position			
ge of D Cumu		563	Energization time carrying-over times	1	0	0 to 65535	The numbers of cumulative energization time monitor exceeded 65535h is displayed. Reading only	×	×	×
Chan		564	Operating time carrying-over times	1	0	0 to 65535	The numbers of operation time monitor exceeded 65535h is displayed. Reading only	×	×	×
		891	Cumulative power monitor digit shifted	1	9999	0 to 4	Set the number of times to shift the cumulative power monitor digit Clamp the monitor value at maximum.	0	0	0
		091	times	I	3333	9999	No shift Clear the monitor value when it exceeds the maximum value.		Ŭ	
	54		CA terminal function selection	1	1	1 to 3, 5, 6, 8 to 14, 17, 21, 24, 50, 52, 53	Select the monitor output to terminal CA. The setting value of "9" is available only for the 01800 or more.	0	0	0
nonitor minal M	55	_	Frequency monitoring reference	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the full-scale value to output the output frequency monitor value to terminal CA and AM.	0	0	0
Change of the monitor output from terminal CA and AM	56		Current monitoring reference	0.01/ 0.1A *9	Rated inverter output current	0 to 500/ 0 to 3600A *9	Set the full-scale value to output the output current monitor value to terminal CA and AM. *9 The setting depends on the inverter capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more)	0	0	0
Che ou		158	AM terminal function selection	1	1	1 to 3, 5, 6, 8 to 14, 17, 21, 24, 50, 52, 53	Select the monitor output to terminal AM. The setting value of "9" is available only for the 01800 or more.	0	0	0
		867	AM output filter	0.01s	0.01s	0 to 5s	Set the output filter of terminal AM.	0	0	0
		869	Current output filter	0.01s	0.02s	0 to 5s	Adjust response level of current output.	0	0	0

ç	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param										
Function		Related parameters	Name	Incre ments	Initial Value	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear										
Fu		Rel parar							enab disab											
	57		Restart coasting	0.45	9999	0	The coasting time is as follows: 00038 or less 0.5s 00052 to 00170 1.0s 00250 to 01160 3.0s 01800 or more 5.0s	,	0	0										
	57		time	0.1s	, ,	0.1 to 5s/ 0.1 to 30s *10 9999	Set the waiting time for inverter-triggered restart after an instantaneous power failure. *10 The setting depends on the inverte capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more) No restart		0											
	58		Restart cushion time	0.1s	1s	0 to 60s	Set a voltage starting time at restart.	0	0	0										
			Automotio restart			0	With frequency search													
		162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure	1	0	1	Without frequency search (Reduced voltage system)	0	0	0										
			selection			10	Frequency search at every start													
tion sous e			First suchion time			11	Reduced voltage system at every start													
Restart operation after instantaneous power failure		163	First cushion time for restart	0.1s	0s	0 to 20s	Set a voltage starting time at restart. Consider according to the magnitude of	0	0	0										
estart er inst powe		164	First cushion voltage for restart	0.1%	0%	0 to 100%	load (inertia moment/torque).	0	0	0										
Raft		165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0.1%	110%	0 to 120%	Consider the rated inverter current as 100% and set the stall prevention operation level during restart operation.	0	0	0										
					9999	0	without rotation direction detection													
		299	Rotation direction			1	with rotation direction detection													
			detection selection at restarting	1		9999	When $Pr. 78="0"$, the rotation direction is detected. When $Pr. 78="1", "2"$, the rotation direction is not detected.	0	0	0										
		611	611	611	611	611	611	611	611	611	611	611	Acceleration time at	0.10		0 to 3600s	Set the acceleration time to reach the set frequency at a restart. *11 The setting depends on the inverter capacity	0	0	0
													611	611	611	Acceleration time at a restart	0.1s	5/155 11	9999	Acceleration time for restart is the normal acceleration time (e.g. <i>Pr. 7</i>).
ction							RH, RM, RL signal Frequency setting function storage function													
fun						0	Multi-speed setting —	_												
tting	59		Remote function	1	0	1	Remote setting Yes Remote setting No	0	0	0										
Remote setting function		selection		_	3	Remote setting No (Turning STF/ STR off clears remotely-set frequency.)														
aving ection						0	Normal operation mode													
Energy saving control selection	60		Energy saving control selection	0	4	Energy saving operation mode		0	0											
En						9	Optimum excitation control mode													

۲	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param
Function		Related parameters	Name	Incre ments	Initial Value	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
Fur		Rela		ments	value				enab disab	
	65	-	Retry selection	1	0	0 to 5	An alarm for retry can be selected.	^. 0	0	0
lce				-	-	0	No retry function	_		
n occurrer		67	Number of retries at	1	0	1 to 10	Set the number of retries at alarm occurrence. An alarm output is not provided during retry operation.	0	0	0
Retry function at alarm occurrence		07	alarm occurrence		Ū	101 to 110	Set the number of retries at alarm occurrence. (The setting value minus 100 is the number of retries.) An alarm output is provided during retry operation.	0	0	J
ry func		68	Retry waiting time	0.1s	1s	0 to 10s	Set the waiting time from when an inverter alarm occurs until a retry is made.	0	0	0
Ret		69	Retry count display erase	1	0	0	Clear the number of restarts succeeded by retry.	0	0	0
	66		Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.	23.						
_	67 to	o 69	Refer to Pr.65.							
—	70		Refer to Pr.30.							
) ut						0	Thermal characteristics of a standard motor			
Use the constant torque motor (applied motor)	71		Applied motor	1	0	1	Thermal characteristics of the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor	0	0	0
se the torque applied	/ 1					2	Thermal characteristic of standard motor Adjustable 5 points V/F	0	0	U
ы́ — 🦉						20	Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less)			
, ,	72		PWM frequency selection	1	2	0 to 15/ 0 to 6, 25 *12	 PWM carrier frequency can be changed. The setting displayed is in [kHz]. Note that 0 indicates 0.7kHz, 15 indicates 14.5kHz and 25 indicates 2.5kHz. *12 The setting depends on the inverter capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more) 	0	0	0
M			Soft-PWM			0	Soft-PWM invalid			
arrier frequenc and SoftPWM selection		240	operation selection	1	1	1	When <i>Pr.</i> 72="0 to 5" ("0 to 4" for the 01800 or more), Soft-PWM is valid.	0	0	0
Carrier frequency and SoftPWM selection		260	PWM frequency automatic switchover	1	1	0	PWM carrier frequency is constant independently of load. When the carrier frequency is set to 3kHz or more (Pr. 72≥3), perform continuous operation at less than 85% of the rated inverter current. Decreases PWM carrier frequency	0	0	0
						1	automatically when load increases.			

_	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All
Function		d ers	Nama	Incre	Initial	Banga	Description	eter copy	eter clear	param eter clear
nnc		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Range	Description	0:	enab	1
Ū.		Par							disat	
	73		Analog input selection	1	1	0 to 7, 10 to 17	Input specification (0 to 5V, 0 to 10V) of terminal 2 and 1 can be selected. Override and reversible operation can be selected.	0	×	0
		242	Terminal 1 added compensation amount (terminal 2)	0.1%	100%	0 to 100%	Set the ratio of added compensation amount when terminal 2 is the main speed.	0	0	0
Analog input selection		243	Terminal 1 added compensation amount (terminal 4)	0.1%	75%	0 to 100%	Set the ratio of added compensation amount when terminal 4 is the main speed.	0	0	0
nput s		252	Override bias	0.1%	50%	0 to 200%	Set the bias side compensation value of override function.	0	0	0
ialog i		253	Override gain	0.1%	150%	0 to 200%	Set the gain side compensation value of override function.	0	0	0
An		0.07	Terminal 4 input			0	Terminal 4 input 4 to 20mA			_
		267	selection	1	0	1	Terminal 4 input 0 to 5V Terminal 4 input 0 to 10V	0	×	0
		573	4mA input check selection	1	9999	1	When the current input drops to or below 2mA, the LF signal is output and inverter continues operation at the frequency just before current reaches 2mA.	0	0	0
						9999	4mA input is not checked.			
Noise elimination at the analog input	74		Input filter time constant	1	1	0 to 8	The primary delay filter time constant for the analog input can be set. A larger setting results in a larger filter.	0	0	0
Reset selection, disconnected PU detection	75		Reset selection/ disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	1	14	0 to 3, 14 to 17 100 to 103, 114 to 117*	You can select the reset input acceptance, disconnected PU (FR- DU07) connector detection function and PU stop function, and reset restriction (01800 or more). For the initial value, reset always enabled, without disconnected PU detection, with PU stop function, and without reset restriction (01800 or more) are set. * 100 to 103 and 114 to 117 can be set only for 01800 or more.	0	×	×
ion Je						0	Without alarm code output			
Output function of alarm code	76		Alarm code output selection	1	0	2	With alarm code output Alarm code output at alarm occurrence only	0	0	0
of rite						0	Write is enabled only during a stop	Ì		
Prevention of parameter rewrite	77		Parameter write selection	1	0	2	Parameter write is disabled. Parameter write is enabled in any operation mode regardless of operation status.	0	0	0
						0	Both forward and reverse rotations allowed			
Prevention of reverse rotation of the motor	78		Reverse rotation prevention selection	1	0	1	Reverse rotation disallowed	0	0	0
Prev rever: of th						2	Forward rotation disallowed			

۲	S Parameter							Param	Param	All param
Function		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
nne		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Range	Description	0:	enab	
ш.		F						×:	disab	bled
						0	External/PU switchover mode			
						1	Fixed to PU operation mode			
						2	Fixed to External operation mode			
	79	0	Operation mode selection	1	0	3	External/PU combined operation mode 1	0	0	0
_			Selection			4	External/PU combined operation mode 2 Switchover mode			
tion						0	External operation mode (PU operation			
elec						7	interlock)			
le s						0	As set in Pr.79.			
Operation mode selection			O			1, 2	Started in the network operation mode. When the setting is "2", it will resume the pre- instantaneous power failure operation mode after an instantaneous power failure occurs.			
ð		240	Communication startup mode	1	0		Started in the network operation mode.	0	0	0
		340	selection	I	0	10, 12	Operation mode can be changed between the PU operation mode and network operation mode from the operation panel. When the setting is "12", it will resume the pre- instantaneous power failure operation mode after an instantaneous power failure occurs.			0
etic	80		Motor capacity(simple magnetic flux vector control)	0.01kW/ 0.1kW *13	9999	0.4 to 55/ 0 to 3600kW *13	To select the simple magnetic flux vector control, set the capacity of the motor used. *13 The setting depends on the inverter capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more)	0	0	0
agne ctor			control)			9999	V/F control is performed			
Simple magnetic flux vector control	90		Motor constant (R1)	0.001Ω/ 0.01mΩ*	9999	0 to 50Ω/ 0 to 400mΩ *14 9999	Used to set the motor primary resistance value. (Normally setting is not necessary.) *14 The setting depends on the inverter capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more) Use the Mitsubishi motor (SF-JR, SF-	0	×	0
							HRCA) constants			
	100		V/F1(first frequency)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999		0	0	0
	101		V/F1(first frequency voltage)	0.1V	0V	0 to 1000V		0	0	0
	102		V/F2(second frequency)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999		0	0	0
//F	103		V/F2(second frequency voltage)	0.1V	0V	0 to 1000V		0	0	0
Adjustable 5 points V/F	104		V/F3(third frequency)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999	Set each points (frequency, voltage) of V/ F pattern.	0	0	0
able 5	105		V/F3(third frequency voltage)	0.1V	0V	0 to 1000V	9999: No V/F setting	0	0	0
Adjust	106		V/F4(fourth frequency)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999		0	0	0
	107		V/F4(fourth frequency voltage)	0.1V	0V	0 to 1000V		0	0	0
	108		V/F5(fifth frequency)	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 400Hz, 9999		0	0	0
	109		V/F5(fifth frequency voltage)	0.1V	0V	0 to 1000V		0	0	0
		71	Refer to page 113.							

ح	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param
tio		d ers	Name	Incre	Initial	Pango	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter
Function		Related	Name	ments	Value	Range	Description		enab disat	led
	117	<u> </u>	PU communication station number	1	0	0 to 31	Specify the inverter station number. Set the inverter station numbers when two or more inverters are connected to one personal computer.	0	0	0
	118		PU communication speed	1	192	48, 96, 192, 384	Set the communication speed. The setting value × 100 equals the communication speed. For example, the communication speed is 19200bps when the setting value is "192".	0	0	0
	119		PU communication stop bit length	1	1	0 1 10	Stop bit length: 1bit data length: 8bit Stop bit length: 2bit data length: 8bit Stop bit length: 1bit data length: 7bit	0	0	0
	120		PU communication parity check	1	2	11 0 1	Stop bit length: 2bit data length: 7bit Without parity check With odd parity check,	0	0	0
	121		Number of PU communication	1	1	2 0 to 10	With even parity check Set the permissible number of retries at occurrence of a data receive error. If the number of consecutive errors exceeds the permissible value, the inverter will come to an alarm stop.	0	0	0
			retries			9999	If a communication error occurs, the inverter will not come to an alarm stop.			
	122		PU communication check time interval	0.1s	9999	0 0.1 to 999.8s	No PU connector communication Set the communication check time interval. If a no-communication state persists for longer than the permissible time, the inverter will come to an alarm stop.	0	0	0
ion g	123		PU communication waiting time setting	1	9999	9999 0 to 150ms 9999	No communication check Set the waiting time between data transmission to the inverter and response. Set with communication data.	0	0	0
Communication initial setting	124		PU communication CR/LF presence/ absence selection	1	1	0 1 2	Without CR/LF With CR With CR	0	0	0
Ŭ.		331	RS-485 communication station number	1	0	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	Set the inverter station number. (same specifications as <i>Pr.117</i>) When "1" (Modbus-RTU protocol) is set in <i>Pr.551</i> , the setting range within parenthesis is applied.	0	0	0
		332	RS-485 communication speed	1	96	3, 6, 12, 24, 48, 96, 192, 384	Used to select the communication speed. (same specifications as <i>Pr.118</i>)	0	0	0
		333	RS-485 communication stop bit length	1	1	0, 1, 10, 11	Select stop bit length and data length. (same specifications as <i>Pr</i> .119)	0	0	0
		334	RS-485 communication parity check selection	1	2	0, 1, 2	Select the parity check specifications. (same specifications as <i>Pr.120</i>)	0	0	0
		335	RS-485 communication retry count	1	1	0 to 10, 9999	Set the permissible number of retries at occurrence of a data receive error. (same specifications as <i>Pr.121</i>)	0	0	0
		336	RS-485 communication	0.1s	0s	0 0.1 to	RS-485 communication can be made, but the inverter will come to an alarm stop in the NET operation mode. Set the communication check time interval.	0	0	0
			check time interval			999.8s 9999	(same specifications as <i>Pr.122</i>) No communication check			
		337	RS-485 communication waiting time setting	1	9999	0 to 150ms, 9999	Set the waiting time between data transmission to the inverter and response. (same specifications as $Pr.123$)	0	0	0
		341	RS-485 communication CR/LF selection	1	1	0, 1, 2	Select presence/absence of CR/LF. (same specifications as <i>Pr.124</i>)	0	0	0

۶	Paran	neter							Param	Param	All param
Function		Related parameters	Name	Incre ments	Initial Value	Range	Descr	iption		eter clear enab disat	eter clear
		342	Communication EEPROM write	1	0	0	Parameter values writ communication are wr and RAM.		0	0	0
			selection			1	Parameter values wri communication are w				
Communication initial setting		343	Communication error count	1	0	(read only)	Display the number of errors during Modbus- Read only. Displayed only when N is selected.	RTU communication.	×	×	×
Com init						0	Mitsubishi inverter (computer link) protocol	After setting change, reset (switch power off, then on) the			
		549	Protocol selection	1	0	1	Modbus-RTU protocol	inverter. The setting change is reflected after a reset.	0	0	0
	125	0	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency of t (maximum).	erminal 2 input gain	0	×	0
ibration)	126	0	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency of t (maximum).	erminal 4 input gain	0	×	0
cy (cal		241	Analog input display unit switchover	1	0	0	Displayed in % Displayed in V/mA	Select the unit for analog input display.	0	0	0
of analog input frequency, current input and frequency (calibration)		C2 (902)	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency on terminal 2 input.	the bias side of	0	×	0
alog input nt input an		C3 (902)	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0.1%	0%	0 to 300%	Set the converted % voltage (current) of te		0	×	0
Change of an voltage, curre		C4 (903)	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0.1%	100%	0 to 300%	Set the converted % voltage of terminal 2	U	0	×	0
of		C5 (904)	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency on terminal 4 input.	the bias side of	0	×	0
adjustment		C6 (904)	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0.1%	20%	0 to 300%	Set the converted % current (voltage) of te		0	×	0
		C7 (905)	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0.1%	100%	0 to 300%	Set the converted % current (voltage) of te	0	0	×	0

The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the parameter unit (FR-PU04).

_	Paran	neter							Param	Param	All param
Function		ers	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Descr	intion	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
oun		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Kaliye	Desci	iption	0:	enab	
ш		R							×:	disab	oled
	407		PID control automatic			0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency at automatically change			-	
	127		switchover frequency	0.01Hz	9999	9999	Without PID automati	ic switchover	0	0	0
						10	PID reverse action	Deviation value			
						11	PID forward action	signal (terminal 1)			
						20	PID reverse action	Measured value			
						21	PID forward action	input (terminal 4) Set value (terminal 2 or <i>Pr. 133</i>)			
	128		PID action selection	1	10	50	PID reverse action	Deviation value	0	0	0
					51	PID forward action	signal input (LONWORKS, CC- Link communication)				
						60	PID reverse action	Measured value,			
						61	PID forward action	set value input (LONWORKS, CC- Link communication)			
PID control	129		PID proportional band	0.1%	100%	0.1 to 1000%	If the proportional bar (parameter setting is manipulated variable slight change of the n Hence, as the propor the response sensitiv but the stability deter occurs. Gain K = 1/proportior	small), the varies greatly with a neasured value. tional band narrows, ity (gain) improves forates, e.g. hunting nal band	0	0	0
						9999	No proportional contr				
	130		PID integral time	0.1s	1s	0.1 to 3600s	Time required for only action to provide the variable as that for th action. As the integral set point is reached e occurs more easily.	same manipulated e proportional (P) I time decreases, the	0	0	0
						9999	No integral control.				
	131		PID upper limit	0.1%	9999	0 to 100%	Set the upper limit valu If the feedback value e: FUP signal is output. T (20mA/5V/10V) of the (terminal 4) is equivale	xceeds the setting, the 'he maximum input measured value	0	0	0
						9999	No function				
	132	132	PID lower limit	0.1%	9999	0 to 100%	Set the lower limit value If the measured value range, the FDN signal The maximum input (2 measured value (term 100%.	falls below the setting is output. 0mA/5V/10V) of the	0	0	0
						9999	No function				
	133		PID action set point	0.01%	9999	0 to 100% 9999	Used to set the set per Terminal 2 input volt		0	0	0

Ę	Paran							Param eter	Param eter	All paran				
Function		Related parameters	Name	Incre ments	Initial Value	Range	Description	сору	clear enab	eter clear				
Ē		Re							disat					
	134		PID differential time	0.01s	9999	0.01 to 10.00s	Time required for only the differential (D) action to provide the same manipulated variable as that for the proportional (P) action. As the differential time increases, greater response is made to a deviation change.	0	0	0				
0						9999	No differential control. If the output frequency after PID operation							
PID control		575	Output interruption detection time	0.1s	1s	0 to 3600s	remains lower than the <i>Pr. 576</i> setting for longer than the time set in <i>Pr. 575</i> , the inverter stops operation.	0	0	0				
						9999	Without output interruption function							
		576	Output interruption detection level	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency at which the output interruption processing is performed.	0	0	0				
		577	Output interruption release level	0.1%	1000%	900 to 1100%	Set the level (<i>Pr.577</i> minus 1000%) to release the PID output interruption function.	0	0	0				
			Commercial power- supply switchover			0	Without commercial power-supply switchover sequence							
	135		sequence output terminal selection	1	0	1	With commercial power-supply switchover sequence	0	0	0				
	136		MC switchover interlock time	0.1s	1s	0 to 100s	Set the operation interlock time of MC2 and MC3.	0	0	0				
	137		Start waiting time	0.1s	0.5s	0 to 100s	Set the time slightly longer (0.3 to 0.5s or so) than the time from when the ON signal enters MC3 until it actually turns on.	0	0	0				
ercial power-supply operation to			Commercial power- supply operation			0	Inverter output is stopped (motor coast) at inverter fault.							
	138		switchover selection at an alarm	1	0	1	Operation is automatically switched to the commercial power-supply operation at inverter fault (Not switched when an external thermal error occurs)	0	0	0				
	139	1.59	Automatic switchover frequency between	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 60Hz	Set the frequency to switch the inverter operation to the commercial power-supply operation.	0	0	0				
nd comme	100		inverter and commercial power- supply operation	0.01112	5555	9999	Without automatic switchover	0)					
Switch between the inverter operation and commercial power-supply operation to use						159	Automatic switchover ON range between commercial power-	0.01Hz	9999	0 to 10Hz	Valid during automatic switchover operation ($Pr.139 \neq 9999$) When the frequency command decreases below ($Pr.139$ to $Pr.159$) after operation is switched from inverter operation to commercial power-supply operation, the inverter automatically switches operation to the inverter operation and operates at the frequency of frequency command. When the inverter start command (STF/ STR) is turned off, operation is switched to the inverter operation also.	0	0	0
			supply and inverter operation		9999	Valid during automatic switchover operation (<i>Pr.139</i> \neq 9999) When the inverter start command (STF/ STR) is turned off after operation is switched from the inverter operation to commercial power-supply inverter operation, operation is switched to the inverter operation and the motor decelerates to stop.								
			Refer to Pr.29.											

<u>ج</u>	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param
Function		d ers	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
oun		Related parameters	Indille	ments	Value	Range	Description	0:	enab	1
Ū.		para							disat	
						0	Japanese			
Parameter unit language switchover						1	English			
Parameter unit guage switchov						2	Germany			
eter swi	145		PU display	1	1	3	French	0	×	×
am age			language selection			4	Spanish	-		
Pai						5	Italian			
lar						6 7	Swedish			
	140	140	Defer to D 22 1D	22		1	Finnish			
	148,	149	Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.	23.		1			1	1
	150		Output current detection level	0.1%	110%	0 to 120%	Set the output current detection level. 100% is the rated inverter current.	0	0	0
signal) ignal)	151		Output current detection signal delay time	0.1s	0s	0 to 10s	Set the output current detection period. Set the time from when the output current has risen above the setting until the output current detection signal (Y12) is output.	0	0	0
nt (Y12 s	152		Zero current detection level	0.1%	5%	0 to 150%	Set the zero current detection level. Suppose that the rated inverter current is 100%.	0	0	0
output curre f zero currer	153		Zero current detection time	0.01s	0.5s	0 to 1s	Set this parameter to define the period from when the output current drops below the <i>Pr.152</i> value until the zero current detection signal (Y13) is output.	0	0	0
Detection of output current (Y12 signal) Detection of zero current (Y13 signal)		166	Output current detection signal	0.1s	0.1s	0 to 10s	Set the retention time when the Y12 signal is on. The Y12 signal on status is retained.	0	0	0
Dete Det			retention time			9999	The signal is turned off at the next start.			
Det		167	Output current detection	1	0	0	Operation continues when the Y12 signal is on	0	0	0
			selection		-	1	The inverter is brought to an alarm stop when the Y12 signal is on. (E.CDO)			
—	154		Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.	23.						
action of the oction						0	Second function is immediately made valid with on of the RT (X9) signal.			
Selection of actio conditions of the second function	155		RT signal reflection time selection	1	0	10	Second function is valid only during the RT signal is on and constant speed operation. (Invalid during acceleration/deceleration)	0	0	0
	156,	157	Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.	23.		•	•			
_	158		Refer to Pr.54 to Pr.50	5.						
	159		Refer to Pr.135 to Pr.	139.						
						9999	Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.			
	160	0	User group read selection	1	9999	1	Only the parameters registered in the user group can be displayed.	0	0	0
olied 1 user 2n						0	Simple mode and extended mode parameters can be displayed.			
Display of applied parameters and user group function		172	User group registered display/	1	0	(0 to 16)	Displays the number of cases registered as a user group (reading only).	0	×	×
olay nete oup			batch clear			9999	Batch clear the user group registration			
Disp paran gro		173	User group registration	1	9999	0 to 999, 9999	Set the parameter numbers to be registered to the user group. Read value is always "9999".	0	×	×
		174	User group clear	1	9999	0 to 999, 9999	Set the parameter numbers to be cleared from the user group. Read value is always "9999".	0	×	×

	Parameter							Param	Param	All param	
Function	ed	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Descri	ntion	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear	
n_	Related parameters	Humo	ments	Value	italige	200011	puen		enab		
<u> </u>	pa 1							×:	disat	bled	
tion					0	Setting dial frequency setting mode	key lock mode				
select ttion p	101	Frequency setting/			1	Setting dial potentiometer mode	invalid				
Operation selection of the operation panel	161	key lock operation selection	1	0	10	Setting dial frequency setting mode	Key lock mode	0	×	0	
Op of th					11	Setting dial potentiometer mode	valid				
	162 to 165	Refer to Pr.57 and Pr.	58.								
	166, 167	Refer to Pr.150 to Pr.									
—	168, 169	Parameter for manuf	acturer s	setting. [Do not set.						
	170, 171	Refer to Pr.52.									
	172 to 174	Refer to Pr.160.									
	178	STF terminal function selection	1	60	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 37, 60, 62, 64 to 67, 9999	 C: Low-speed opera Middle-speed opera High-speed opera Second function s Terminal 4 input s Jog operation sel Selection of autor instantaneous por External thermal 1 Fifteen speed sel Inverter operation e MT-HC, FR-CV cor FR-HC, MT-HC cor 	ration command	0	×	0	
	179	STR terminal function selection	1	61	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 37, 61, 62, 64 to 67, 9999		election ection natic restart after ver failure	0	×	0	
a	180	RL terminal function selection	1	0			ection	0	×	0	
t termin	181	RM terminal function selection	1	1	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 37,		 10: Inverter operation enable signal (FR-HC, MT-HC, FR-CV connection) 11: FR-HC, MT-HC connection, 	nection) onnection,	0	×	0
of input	182	RH terminal function selection	1	2	62, 64 to 67, 9999	instantaneous pov 12: PU operation exte 13: External DC inject		0	×	0	
nment	183	RT terminal function selection	1	3		14: PID control valid to 16: PU-external opera	erminal	0	×	0	
Function assignment of input terminal	184	AU terminal function selection	1	4	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 37, 62 to 67, 9999	24: Output stop 25: Start self-holding 37:Traverse function 60: Forward rotation co		selection nmand (assigned to	0	×	0
	185	JOG terminal function selection	1	5		61: Reverse rotation cor STR terminal (<i>Pr.179</i>	· •	0	×	0	
	186	CS terminal function selection	1	6	0 to 8,	$Pr_{184}(0)$		0	×	0	
	187	MRS terminal function selection	1	24	10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 37, 62, 64 to 67,	64: PID forward/reverses 65: PU-NET operation	switchover	0	×	0	
	188	STOP terminal function selection	1	25	9999	66: External-NET ope 67: Command source 9999: No function		0	×	0	
	189	RES terminal function selection	1	62				0	×	0	

Build of the second s		Parameter						Param	Param	All param
Image: second	ction	ers	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description			eter clear
Image: section Image:	nno	Relate	Inditie	ments	Value	Kaliye	Description	0:	enab	
190 RUN terminal function selection 1 0	<u> </u>	pa F						×:	disab	oled
191 SU terminal function selection 1 1 26.45 to 47. 90 to 89.88 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90.		190		1	0		1, 101: Up to frequency 2, 102: Instantaneous power failure/ undervoltage	0	×	0
192 IPF terminal function selection 1 2 107, 108, 16, 102, 103, 104, 104, 104, 104, 104, 104, 104, 104		191		1	1	26, 45 to 47, 64, 70 to 78 90 to 96, 98, 99,	4, 104: Output frequency detection5, 105: Second output frequency detection	0	×	0
193 OL terminal function selection 1 3 184, 170, 190 to 196, 198, 199, 199, 199, 113, 113; 2ero current detection 13, 113; 2ero current detection 14, 14; PID lower limit 15, 115; PID upper limit 16, 116; PID forward/reverse rotation output 0 × 194 FU terminal function selection 1 4 114, 170, 113; 2ero current detection 14, 15; PID upper limit 16, 116; PID forward/reverse rotation output 0 × 194 FU terminal function selection 1 4 117,: Commercial power-supply switchover MC1 0 × 195 ABC1 terminal function selection 1 99 25, 125; Fan fault output 26, 126; Heatsink overheat pre-alarm 45, 145; Inverter unning and start command is on 46, 146; During retry occurrence of power faultine (retained until release) 0 0, 5, 7, 8, 10; 10; 10; 25, 70; 70; 70; 70; 70; 70; 70; 70; 70; 70;		192		1	2	107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126,	8, 108: Electronic thermal relay function prealarm10, 110: PU operation mode	0	×	0
194 PO terminal function 1 4		193		1	3	164, 170, 190 to 196, 198, 199,	 12, 112: Output current detection 13, 113: Zero current detection 14, 114: PID lower limit 15, 115: PID upper limit 	0	×	0
195 ABC1 terminal function selection 1 99 Switchover MC1 18,: Commercial power-supply switchover MC3 0 × 195 ABC1 terminal function selection 1 99 25, 125: Fan fault output 26, 126: Heatsink overheat pre-alarm 45, 145: Inverter running and start command is on cocurrence of power failure (retained until release) 0 × 1 99 0 to 5, 7, 8, 10 to 19, 25, 26, 450 47, 70, 170: PD output interuption 64, 70 to 78, 10 to 19, 25, 126. Fan fault output 26, 146: During PED control activated 10 to 19, 25, 127. Tommercial-power supply side motor 1 connection RO1 72: Commercial-power supply side motor 2 connection RO2 73: Commercial-power supply side motor 3 connection RO2 74: Commercial-power supply side motor 4 connection RO2 74: Commercial-power supply side motor 4 connection RO2 74: Commercial-power supply side motor 4 connection RO2 75: Inverter side motor 1 connection RIO1 76: Inverter side motor 2 connection RIO2 77: Inverter side motor 2 connection RIO2 78: Inverter side motor 4 connection RIO4 9999 0 × 196 ABC2 terminal function selection 1 9999 9999 9999 70: Inverter side motor 4 connection RIO2 78: Inverter side motor 4 connection RIO4 9999 0 ×		194		1	4		output	0	×	0
196ABC2 terminal function selection196, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 125, 126,72: Commercial-power supply side motor 2 connection RO2196ABC2 terminal function selection1999973: Commercial-power supply side motor 3 connection RO3197100 to 105, 107, 108, 125, 126,74: Commercial-power supply side motor 4 connection RO41969999100 to 105, 107, 108, 125, 126,74: Commercial-power supply side motor 4 connection RO319619999164, 170, 190, 191, 190, 191, 196; Inverter side motor 2 connection RIO2 194 to 196, 198, 199, 999990, 190: Life alarm 91, 191: Alarm output 3 (power-off signal) 92, 192: Energy saving average value updated timing 93, 193: Current average monitor	nment of output terminal	195		1	99		switchover MC1 18, —: Commercial power-supply switchover MC2 19, —: Commercial power-supply switchover MC3 25, 125: Fan fault output 26, 126: Heatsink overheat pre-alarm 45, 145: Inverter running and start command is on 46, 146: During deceleration at occurrence of power failure	0	×	0
95, 195: Maintenance timer alarm 96, 196: Remote output 98, 198: Minor fault output 99, 199: Alarm output 9999:No function 0 to 99: Positive logic, 100 to 199:	Terminal assig	196		1	9999	10 to 19, 25, 26, 45 to 47, 64, 70 to 78, 90, 91, 94 to 96, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 147, 164, 170, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199,	 47, 147: During PID control activated 64, 164: During retry 70, 170: PID output interruption 71: Commercial-power supply side motor 1 connection RO1 72: Commercial-power supply side motor 2 connection RO2 73: Commercial-power supply side motor 3 connection RO3 74: Commercial-power supply side motor 4 connection RO4 75: Inverter side motor 1 connection RIO1 76: Inverter side motor 2 connection RIO2 77: Inverter side motor 3 connection RIO3 78: Inverter side motor 3 connection RIO4 90, 190: Life alarm 91, 191: Alarm output 3 (power-off signal) 92, 192: Energy saving average value updated timing 93, 193: Current average monitor 94, 194: Alarm output 2 95, 195: Maintenance timer alarm 96, 196: Remote output 98, 198: Minor fault output 9999:No function 0 to 99: Positive logic, 100 to 199: 	0	×	ο
232 to 239 Refer to Pr.4 to Pr.6. 240 Refer to Pr.72.						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
- 241 Refer to <i>Pr.125 and Pr.126</i> .	—	241	Refer to Pr.125 and P	r.126.						
			Refer to Pr.73.							

L	Paran	neter							Param	Param	All param
Function		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Descri	ntion	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
nn		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Range	Deser	ption	0:	enab	
ш		Pai							×:	disat	oled
Increase cooling fan life	244		Cooling fan	1	1	0	Operates at power on Cooling fan on/off con cooling fan is always o	trol invalid (The	0	0	0
Increase fan	2-1-1		operation selection	·	ľ	1	Cooling fan on/off con	trol valid	Ŭ	U	U
	245		Rated slip	0.01%	9999	0 to 50% 9999	Used to set the rated No slip compensation		0	0	0
Slip compensation	246		Slip compensation time constant	0.01s	0.5s	0.01 to 10s	Used to set the respo compensation. When smaller, response will as load inertia is great overvoltage (E.OVD) to occur.	nse time of slip the value is made be faster. However, ter, a regenerative	0	0	0
Slip o	247		Constant-output region slip compensation	1	9999	0	Slip compensation is i constant output range above the frequency s	(frequency range set in <i>Pr:3</i>)	0	0	0
			selection			9999	Slip compensation is r output range.	nade in the constant			
						0 to 100s	The motor is coasted to a stop when the preset time elapses after the start signal is turned off. When 1000s to	STF signal: Forward rotation start STR signal: Reverse rotation start			
of motor method	250			0.45	0000	1000 to 1100s	1100s is set (Pr. 250 setting-1000)s later, the motor coasts to stop.	STF signal: Start signal STR signal: Forward/reverse signal		0	0
Selection of motor stopping method	250		Stop selection	0.1s	9999	9999	When the start signal is turned off, the	STF signal: Forward rotation start STR signal: Reverse rotation start	0	0	0
						8888	stop.	STF signal: Start signal STR signal: Forward/reverse signal			
ase on			Output phase			0	Without output phase	failure protection			
ut phé otectic tion	251		failure protection selection	1	1	1	With output phase fail	ure protection	0	0	0
/output pl re protec selection	[Input phase failure			0	Without input phase fa	ailure protection			
Input/output phase failure protection selection		872	protection selection	1	0	1	With input phase failu	re protection	0	0	0
	252,	253	Refer to Pr.73.	I							

c	Param	neter						Param	Param	All param
Function		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
oun:		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Nalige	Description	0:	enab	
L		pai						×:	disat	bled
arts	255		Life alarm status display	1	0	(0 to 15)	Display whether the control circuit capacitor, main circuit capacitor, cooling fan, and each parts of the inrush current limit circuit has reached the life alarm output level or not.	×	×	×
verter p	256		Inrush current limit circuit life display	1%	100%	(0 to 100%)	Display the deterioration degree of the inrush current limit circuit. Reading only	×	×	×
e of the in	257		Control circuit capacitor life display	1%	100%	(0 to 100%)	Display the deterioration degree of the control circuit capacitor. Reading only	×	×	×
Display of the life of the inverter parts	258		Main circuit capacitor life display	1%	100%	(0 to 100%)	Display the deterioration degree of the main circuit capacitor. Reading only The value measured by <i>Pr. 259</i> is displayed.	×	×	×
Disp	259		Main circuit capacitor life measuring	1	0	0, 1	Start measuring the main circuit capacitor life. Switch the power supply on again and check the Pr. 259 setting. Measurement is complete if the setting is "3". Set the deterioration degree in <i>Pr.258</i> .	0	0	0
—	260		Refer to Pr.72.							
						0	Coasting to stop When undervoltage or power failure occurs, the inverter output is shut off.			
e	261		Power failure stop selection	1	0	1	When undervoltage or a power failure occurs, the inverter can be decelerated to a stop.	0	0	0
power failur						2	When undervoltage or a power failure occurs, the inverter can be decelerated to a stop. If power is restored during a power failure, the inverter accelerates again.			
at instantaneous power failure	262		Subtracted frequency at deceleration start	0.01Hz	3Hz	0 to 20Hz	Normally operation can be performed with the initial value unchanged. But adjust the frequency according to the magnitude of the load specifications (moment of inertia, torque).	0	0	0
Decelerate the motor to a stop at	263		Subtraction starting frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 120Hz	When output frequency $\ge Pr.263$ Decelerate from the speed obtained from output frequency minus $Pr.262$. When output frequency $< Pr.263$ Decelerate from output frequency	0	0	0
o m e						9999	Decelerate from the speed obtained from output frequency minus <i>Pr.262</i> .			
erate the	264		Power-failure deceleration time 1	0.1/ 0.01s	5s	0 to 3600/ 360s	Set a deceleration slope down to the frequency set in <i>Pr.266</i> .	0	0	0
Decel	265		Power-failure $0.1/$ 9999 0 to $3600/$ Set a deceleration slope below the frequency set in $Pr.266$.	frequency set in <i>Pr.266</i> .	0	0	0			
	266		Power failure deceleration time switchover frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	9999 0 to 400Hz	Same slope as in <i>Pr</i> :264 Set the frequency at which the deceleration slope is switched from the <i>Pr</i> :264 setting to the <i>Pr</i> :265 setting.	0	0	0
	267		Refer to Pr.73.					•	•	•
l	268		Refer to Pr.52.							
	269		Parameter for manu	facturer	setting. [Do not set.				
1	331 to	337	Refer to Pr.117 to Pr.		<u> </u>					

_ ح	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param
ctio		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
Function		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Nange	Description	0:	enab	
		- pa						×:	disat	bled
	338		Communication operation command	1	0	0	Operation command source communication	0	0	0
			source	-	-	1	Operation command source external	-	-	-
						0	Speed command source communication			
ce and during ion	339		Communication speed command	1	0	1	Speed command source external (Frequency setting from communication is invalid, terminal 2 and 1 setting from external is valid)	0	0	0
Operation command source and speed command source during communication operation			source			2	Speed command source external (Frequency setting from communication is valid, terminal 2 and 1 setting from external is invalid)			
com nma nica						0	Communication option valid			
on con			NET mode			1	Inverter RS-485 terminal valid			
Operati speed com		550	operation command source selection	1	9999	9999	Automatic recognition of the communication option Normally, the RS-485 terminals are valid. Communication option is valid when the communication option is mounted.	0	0	0
			PU mode operation			1	Select the RS-485 terminals as the PU operation mode control source.			_
		551	command source selection	1	2	2	Select the PU connector as the PU operation mode control source.	0	0	0
	340		Refer to Pr.79.							
—	341 to	343	Refer to Pr.117 to Pr.1	24.						
, rt			Pomoto output			0	Remote output data clear at powering off			
Remote output function (REM signal)	495		Remote output selection	1	0	1	Remote output data retention even at powering off	0	0	0
fun EM	496		Remote output data 1	1	0	0 to 4095	Output terminal can be switched on and off.	×	×	×
Re R	497		Remote output data 2	1	0	0 to 4095	Output terminal can be switched on and on.	×	×	×
o determine maintenance ne of parts.	503		Maintenance timer	1	0	0 (1 to 9998)	Display the cumulative energization time of the inverter in 100h increments. Reading only Writing the setting of "0" clears the cumulative energization time.	×	×	×
To do the ma time	504		Maintenance timer	1	9999	0 to 9998	Set the time taken until when the maintenance timer alarm output signal (Y95) is output.	0	×	0
4			alarm output set time			9999	No function			
	549		Refer to Pr.117 to Pr.1	24.						
	550,	551	Refer to Pr.338 and P	r.339.						
alue	555		Current average time	0.1s	1s	0.1 to 1.0s	Set the time taken to average the current during start bit output (1s).	0	0	0
rage va signal	556		Data output mask time	0.1s	0s	0.0 to 20.0s	Set the time for not obtaining (mask) transient state data.	0	0	0
Current average value monitor signal	557		Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0.01/ 0.1A *15	Rated inverter current	0 to 500/ 0 to 3600A *15	Set the reference (100%) for outputting the signal of the current average value. *15 Setting increments and setting range differ according to the inverter capacity. (01160 or less/01800 or more)	0	0	0
_	563,	564	Refer to Pr.52.							
ating on						0	SLD: Ambient temperature 40°C, overload 110% 60s, 120% 3s			
Multiple rating selection	570		Multiple rating setting	1	0	1	LD: Ambient temperature 50°C, overload 120% 60s, 150% 3s	0	×	×
	571		Refer to Pr.13.							•
	570		Refer to Pr.73.							
' <u> </u>	573									

c	Paran	neter						Param	Param	All param
Function		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
un.		Related parameters	Humo	ments	Value	runge	Decemption	0:	enab	led
ш		Ра						×:	disat	led
			Auxiliary motor			0	No auxiliary motor operation			
	578		operation selection	1	0	1 to 3	Set the number of auxiliary motors to be run	0	0	0
						0	Basic system			
	579		Motor connection	1	0	1	Alternative system	0	0	0
	0/0		function selection		Ū	2	Direct system	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ
						3	Alternative-direct system			
	580		MC switching interlock time	0.1s	1s	0 to 100s	You can set the MC switching interlock time when $Pr. 579 =$ "2, 3".	0	0	0
p function	581		Start waiting time	0.1s	1s	0 to 100s	You can set the time from MC switch- over to a start when $Pr. 579 =$ "2, 3". Set this time a little longer than the MC switching time.	0	0	0
	582		Auxiliary motor connection-time deceleration time	0.1s	1s	0 to 3600s	You can set the deceleration time for decreasing the output frequency of the inverter if a motor connection occurs under advanced PID control.	0	0	0
						9999	The output frequency is not forcibly changed.			
	583		Auxiliary motor disconnection-time acceleration time	0.1s	1s	0 to 3600s	You can set the acceleration time for increasing the output frequency of the inverter if a motor disconnection occurs under advanced PID control.	0	0	0
<u>н</u>						9999	The output frequency is not forcibly changed.			
	584		Auxiliary motor 1 starting frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz		0	0	0
	585		Auxiliary motor 2 starting frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set the frequency to connect an auxiliary motor.	0	0	0
	586		Auxiliary motor 3 starting frequency	0.01Hz	50Hz	0 to 400Hz	auxiliary motor.		0	0
5 5 5 5	587		Auxiliary motor 1 stopping frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 400Hz		0	0	0
	588		Auxiliary motor 2 stopping frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 400Hz	400Hz Set the frequency to open an auxiliary motor.	0	0	0
	589		Auxiliary motor 3 stopping frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 400Hz		0	0	0
	590		Auxiliary motor start detection time	0.1s	5s	0 to 3600s	You can set the delay time until the auxiliary motor is started.	0	0	0
	591		Auxiliary motor stop detection time	0.1s	5s	0 to 3600s	You can set the delay time until the auxiliary motor is stopped.	0	0	0

c	Param	neter						Param	Param	All param
Function		ed ters	Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear
nno		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Range	Description	0:	enab	
ш.		Раі						×:	disab	led
						0	Traverse function invalid			
	592		Traverse function selection	1	0	1	Traverse function is valid only in the external operation mode	0	0	0
			361661011			2	Traverse function is valid independently of operation mode			
c	593		Maximum amplitude amount	0.1%	10%	0 to 25%	Amplitude amount during traverse operation	0	0	0
Traverse function	594		Amplitude compensation amount during deceleration	0.1%	10%	0 to 50%	Compensation amount at the time of amplitude inversion (acceleration \rightarrow deceleration)	0	0	0
Trav	595		Amplitude compensation amount during acceleration	0.1%	10%	0 to 50%	Compensation amount during amplitude inversion operation (deceleration \rightarrow acceleration)	0	0	0
	596		Amplitude acceleration time	1s	5s	0.1 to 3600s	Acceleration time during traverse operation	0	0	0
	597		Amplitude deceleration time	1s	5s	0.1 to 3600s	Deceleration time during traverse operation	0	0	0
	611		Refer to Pr.57 and Pr.	58.						
—	867,	869	Refer to Pr.54 to Pr.50	5.						
	872		Refer to Pr.251.							
	882		Regeneration avoidance	1	0	0	Regeneration avoidance function invalid	0	0	0
			operation selection			1	Regeneration avoidance function valid			
e function	883		Regeneration avoidance operation level	0.1V	DC760V	300 to 800V	Set the bus voltage level at which regeneration avoidance operates. When the bus voltage level is set to low, overvoltage error will be less apt to occur. However, the actual deceleration time increases.	0	0	0
Regeneration avoidance function	884		Regeneration avoidance at deceleration detection sensitivity	1	0	0 to 5	Set sensitivity to detect the bus voltage change. 1 (Low) \rightarrow 5 (High)	0	0	0
kegenerat	885		Regeneration avoidance compensation	0.01Hz	6Hz	0 to 10Hz	Set the limit value of frequency which rises at activation of regeneration avoidance function.	0	0	0
			frequency limit value			9999	Frequency limit invalid			
	886		Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0.1%	100%	0 to 200%	Adjust responsiveness at activation of regeneration avoidance. A larger setting will improve responsiveness to the bus voltage change. However, the output frequency could become unstable.	0	0	0
3r	888		Free parameter 1	1	9999	0 to 9999	Parameters you can use for your own	0	×	×
Free parameter	889		Free parameter 2	1	9999	0 to 9999	purposes. Used for maintenance, management, etc. by setting a unique number to each inverter when multiple inverters are used.	0	×	×

_	Param	neter						Param	Param	All
tion	ſ	d ers	N	Incre	Initial	Damas	Description	eter copy	eter clear	param eter
Function		Related parameters	Name	ments	Value	Range	Description		enab	clear led
Ē		para							disat	
	891		Refer to Pr.52.							
	892		Load factor	0.1%	100%	30 to 150%	Set the load factor for commercial power- supply operation. This value is used to calculate the power consumption estimated value during commercial power supply operation.	0	0	0
	893		Energy saving monitor reference (motor capacity)	0.01/ 0.1kW *16	LD/SLD value of Applied moter Capacity	0.1 to 55/ 0 to 3600kW *16	Set the motor capacity (pump capacity). Set when calculating power saving rate and average power saving rate value. *16 The setting depends on the inverter capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more)	0	0	0
			Control selection			0	Discharge damper control (fan)			
	004		during commercial		_	1	Inlet damper control (fan)		0	0
	894		power-supply	1	0	2	Valve control (pump)	0		
tor			operation			3	Commercial power-supply drive (fixed value)			
Energy saving monitor	005		Power saving rate			0	Consider the value during commercial power-supply operation as 100%			0
win	895	reference value		1	9999	1	Consider the <i>Pr.893</i> setting as 100%.		0	0
/ se						9999	No function			
Energy	896		Power unit cost	0.01	9999	0 to 500	Set the power unit cost. Display the power saving rate on the energy saving monitor		0	0
						9999	No function			
	897		Power saving monitor average time	1	9999	0	Average for 30 minutes	0	0	0
					9999	1 to 1000h	Average for the set time		0	0
						9999 0	No function Cumulative monitor value clear			
						0	Cumulative monitor value hold	1		
			Power saving cumulative monitor	1			Cumulative monitor continue		0	
	898				9999	10	(communication data upper limit 9999)	0		0
			clear			9999	Cumulative monitor continue (communication data upper limit 65535)			
	899		Operation time rate (estimated value)	0.1%	9999	0 to 100%	Use for calculation of annual power saving amount. Set the annual operation ratio (consider 365 days × 24hr as 100%).	0	0	0
	-					9999	No function			
nent of al CA AM ation)	C0 (900)		CA terminal calibration	-	_	-	Calibrate the scale of the meter connected to terminal CA.	0	×	0
Adjustment of terminal CA and AM (calibration)	C1 (901)		AM terminal calibration	-	-	-	Calibrate the scale of the analog meter connected to terminal AM.	0	×	0
	C2 (902)		Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency							
	C3 (902)		Terminal 2 frequency setting bias							
	C4 (903)		Terminal 2 frequency setting gain							
	(000) C5 (904)		Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.						
	(00 1) C6 (904)		Terminal 4 frequency setting bias							
	(001) C7 (905)		Terminal 4 frequency setting gain							

۲	Parameter							Param	Param	All param	
Function	ed		Name	Incre	Initial	Range	Description	eter copy	eter clear	eter clear	
Lun		Related parameters		ments Value				O: enab			
		ğ						×:	disab	led	
rent	C8 (930))	Current output bias signal	0.1%	0%	0 to 100%	Set the output signal value at the minimum analog current output.	0	0	0	
g output cur calibration	C9 (930))	Current output bias current	0.1%	0%	0 to 100%	Set the minimum current value at the minimum analog current output.	0	0	0	
Analog output current calibration	C10 (931))	Current output gain signal	0.1%	100%	0 to 100%	Set the output signal value at the maximum analog current output.	0	0	0	
Ana	C11 (931))	Current output gain current	0.1%	100%	0 to 100%	Set the maximum current value at the maximum analog current output.	0	0	0	
_	989		Parameter copy alarm release	1	10/100 *17	10, 100	Parameters for alarm release at parameter copy *17 The setting depends on the inverter capacity (01160 or less/01800 or more)	0	×	0	
						0	Without buzzer				
Buzzer control of the operation panel	990		PU buzzer control	1	1	1	With buzzer	0	0	0	
Contrast adjustment of the parameter unit	991		PU contrast adjustment	1	58	0 to 63	Contrast adjustment of the LCD of the parameter unit (FR-PU04) can be performed. 0 (Light) \rightarrow 63 (Dark)	0	0	0	
	Pr.Cl	L	Parameter clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" returns all parameters except car parameters to the initial values.	alibrati	on		
ear, py	ALLC				0	0, 1	Setting "1" returns all parameters to the initial values.				
Parameter clear, parameter copy	Er.Cl		Alarm history clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" will clear eight past alarms.				
nete						0	Cancel				
aran aran			.	1		1	Read the source parameters to the operation panel.				
Pe	PCPY		PCPY Parameter copy		0	2	Write the parameters copied to the operation panel to the destination inverter.				
						3	Verify parameters in the inverter and operation	ation pa	anel.		

The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the parameter unit (FR-PU04).

Appendix 3 For customers who have replaced the older model with this inverter

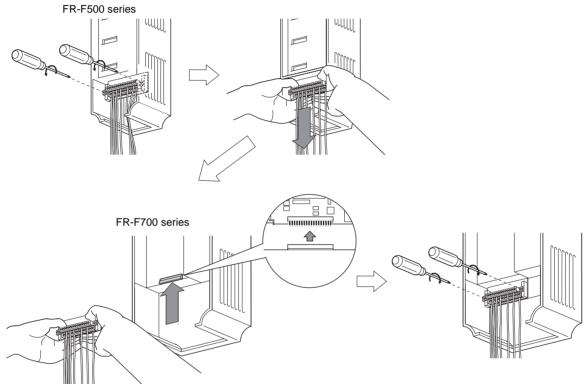
Appendix 3-1 Replacement of the FR-F500 series

(1) Instructions for installation

Removal procedure of the front cover was changed. (with screws) Please note. (*Refer to page 4.*)
 Removal procedure of the operation panel was changed. (with screws) Please note. (*Refer to page 4.*)
 Plug-in options of the F500 series are not compatible
 Operation panel (FR-DU04) can not be used.
 Setup software (FR-SW0-SETUP) can not be used.

(2) Wiring instructions

1)The control circuit terminal block can be used for the FR-F700 series without removing wiring. Note that the wiring cover (00023 to 00470) is not compatible.



(Note that the relay output 2 (A2, B2, C2) specific for the FR-F700 series can not be used with the FR-F500 series terminals.)

(3) Instructions for continuous use of the FR-PU04 (parameter unit)

- 1)For the FR-F700 series, many functions (parameters) have been added. When setting these parameters, the parameter name and setting range are not displayed. Parameter list, change list, initial value list, initial value list 2 and parameter clear of the HELP function can not be used.
- 2) For the FR-F700 series, many protective functions have been added. These functions activate, but all alarms are displayed as "Fault 14". When the alarm history has been checked, "E.14" appears. Added alarm display will not appear on the parameter unit.
- 3) User initial value setting can not be used.
- 4) User registration/clear (user group 2) can not be used.
- 5) Parameter copy/verification function can not be used.

(4) Main differences and compatibilities with the FR-F500(L) series

Item	FR-F500(L)	FR-F700			
	Simple mode parameters 61	Simple mode parameters 15			
	<i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> initial value 00250 to 01160:2%	 <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> initial value initial value 00250 to 00770: 2%, 00930, 01160: 1.5% (When the torque boost value of the FR-F500 series used was the initial value, it is not necessary to change the torque boost value from the initial value when replacing with the FR-F700 series.) 			
	User group 1 (16), user group 2 (16) (Pr. 160, Pr. 173 to Pr. 175)	User group (16) only Setting methods were partially changed (Pr. 160, Pr. 172 to Pr. 173)			
Changed/cleared functions	User initial value setting (Pr. 199)	"User initial value setting" (Pr. 199) was cleared Substitutable with the copy function of the operation panel (FR-DU07)			
	Intelligent optimum acceleration/deceleration (Pr. 60 setting "3" and Pr. 61 to Pr. 63)	Function was cleared For deceleration time, overvoltage alarm can be avoided with regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882 to Pr. 885).			
	Automatic torque boost (Pr. 38, Pr. 39)	Automatic torque boost was cleared because of addition of "Simple magnetic flux vector" (Pr. 80)			
	Advanced PID (pump function) Pr. 500 to Pr. 516	Parameter number change Pr. 575 to Pr. 591			
Terminal block	Removable terminal block	Removable terminal block Priority compatibility (Terminal block of the F500 can be mounted)			
PU	FR-PU04, DU04	FR-DU07 FR-DU04 unavailable (Partly restricted when the FR- PU04 is used. <i>Refer to page 130</i> .)			
		option (not compatible)			
Plug-in option	Computer link, relay output option FR-A5NR	Built into the inverter (RS-485 terminal, relay output 2 points)			
	Three boards can be mounted	One board can be mounted			
Installation size		0 to 01160 are compatible in mounting dimensions npatibility attachment (FR-AAT) is necessary.			

Appendix 3-2 Replacement of the FR-A100 <EXCELENT> series

Instructions for installation

• When using the installation holes of the FR-A100(E) series, FR-A5AT (intercompatibility attachment) is necessary.

Appendix 4 Instructions for UL and cUL

(Conforming standard UL 508C, CSA C22.2 No.14)

(1) Installation

This inverter is UL-listed as a product for use in an enclosure.

Design an enclosure so that the inverter ambient temperature, humidity and atmosphere satisfy the specifications. (*Refer to page 91.*)

Wiring protection

For installation in the United States, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes.

For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the Canada Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes.

Use the Class RK5, Class T or L type fuses certified by UL and cUL.

FR-F	00023	00038	00052	00083	00126	00170	00250	00310	00380	00470	00620	00770	00930	01160		
Rated voltage(V)								480V c	or more							
Rated curre nt (A)	Without power factor improving reactor	6	10	15	20	30	40	70	80	90	110	150	175	200	250	
	With power factor improving reactor	6	10	10	15	25	35	60	70	90	100	125	150	175	200	
FR-F740-0000-EC																
FR-F	740-0000-EC	01800	02160	02600	03250	03610	04320	04810	05470	06100	06830	07700	08660	09620	10940	12120
	740-000-EC	01800	02160	02600	03250	03610	04320		05470)V or m		06830	07700	08660	09620	10940	12120
		01800	02160	02600	03250	03610	04320				06830	07700	08660	09620	10940	12120

(2) Wiring of the power supply and motor

For wiring the input (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) and output (U, V, W) terminals of the inverter, use the UL-listed copper wires (rated at 75°C) and round crimping terminals. Crimp the crimping terminals with the crimping tool recommended by the terminal maker.

(3) Short circuit ratings

• 01160 or less

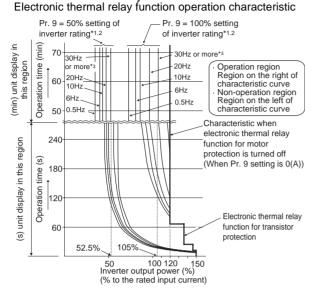
Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 65kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 528V Maximum. • 01800 or more

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 65kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 550V Maximum.

(4) Motor overload protection

This inverter is certified as a motor overload protection device by UL.

When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to Pr. 9 "Electronic thermal O/L relay".



This function detects the overload (overheat) of the motor, stops the operation of the inverter's output transistor, and stops the output. (The operation characteristic is shown on the left)

- When using the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor 1) Set "1" in Pr. 71. (This provides a 100% continuous torque
 - characteristic in the low-speed range.)
- 2) Set the rated current of the motor in Pr. 9.
- When a value 50% of the inverter rated output current (current *1 value) is set in Pr. 9
- *2 The % value denotes the percentage to the inverter rated output current. It is not the percentage to the motor rated current.
- When you set the electronic thermal relay function dedicated to the *3 Mitsubishi constant-torque motor, this characteristic curve applies to operation at 6Hz or higher.

= CAUTION =

- Protective function by electronic thermal relay function is reset by inverter power reset and reset signal input. Avoid unnecessary reset and power-off.
- When multiple motors are operated by a single inverter, protection cannot be provided by the electronic thermal relay function. Install an external thermal relay to each motor.
- When the difference between the inverter and motor capacities is large and the setting is small, the protective characteristics of the electronic thermal relay function will be deteriorated. In this case, use an external thermal relay. A special motor cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Use the external thermal relay.

Appendix 5 Instructions for Compliance with the European Directives

(1) EMC Directive

We have self-confirmed our inverters as products compliant to the EMC Directive (second environment of conforming standard EN61800-3) and place the CE mark on the inverters.

Note: First environment

Environment including residential buildings. Includes buildings directly connected without a transformer to the low voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

Second environment

Environment including all buildings except buildings directly connected without a transformer to the low voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

1) Notes

- Install the inverter and perform wiring according to the following instructions.
- The inverter is equipped with a built-in EMC filter. Set the EMC filter valid (initial setting). For details, refer to page 8.
- * Connect the inverter to an earthed power supply.
- * Install a motor and a control cable written in the EMC Installation Manual (BCN-A21041-204) according to the instruction.
- * The cable length between the inverter and the motor is 5 m maximum.
- * Confirm that the inverter complies with the EMC Directive as the industrial drives application for final installation.

(2) Low Voltage Directive

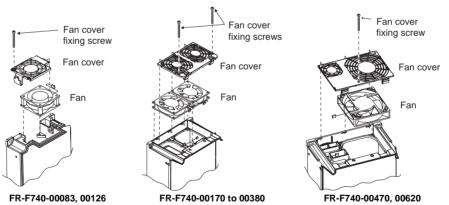
We have self-confirmed our inverters as products compliant to the Low Voltage Directive (Conforming standard EN 50178) and place the CE mark on the inverters.

1)Outline of instructions

- * Do not use an earth leakage current breaker as an electric shock protector without connecting the equipment to the earth. Connect the equipment to the earth securely.
- * Wire the earth terminal independently. (Do not connect two or more cables to one terminal.)
- * Use the cable sizes on *page 12* under the following conditions. Ambient temperature: 40°C maximum

If conditions are different from above, select appropriate wire according to EN60204 Appendix C TABLE 5.

- Use a tinned (plating should not include zinc) crimping terminal to connect the earth cable. When tightening the screw, be careful not to damage the threads.
- For use as a product compliant with the Low Voltage Directive, use PVC cable whose size is indicated on page 12.
- ^{*} Use the moulded case circuit breaker and magnetic contactor which conform to the EN or IEC Standard.
- * When using an earth leakage current breaker, use a residual current operated protective device (RCD) of type B (breaker which can detect both AC and DC). If not, provide double or reinforced insulation between the inverter and other equipment, or put a transformer between the main power supply and inverter.
- * Use the inverter under the conditions of overvoltage category II (usable regardless of the earth condition of the power supply), overvoltage category III (usable with the earthed-neutral system power supply, 400V class only) and pollution degree 2 or lower specified in IEC664.
- To use the inverter of 00770 or more (IP00) under the conditions of pollution degree 2, install it in the enclosure of IP 2X or higher.
- $\cdot\,$ To use the inverter under the conditions of pollution degree 3, install it in the enclosure of IP54 or higher.
- To use the inverter of 00620 or less (IP20) outside of an enclosure in the environment of pollution degree 2, fix a fan cover with fan cover fixing screws enclosed.



- * On the input and output of the inverter, use cables of the type and size set forth in EN60204 Appendix C.
- The operating capacity of the relay outputs (terminal symbols A1, B1, C1, A2, B2, C2) should be 30VDC, 0.3A. (Relay outputs are basically isolated from the inverter internal circuit.)
- * Control circuit terminals on page 7 are safely isolated from the main circuit.
- Environment

	During Operation	In Storage	During Transportation
Ambient temperature	LD: -10°C to +50°C SLD (initial setting): -10°C to +40°C	-20°C to +65°C	-20°C to +65°C
Ambient humidity 90% RH or less		90% RH or less	90% RH or less
Maximum altitude	1000m	1000m	10000m

Details are given in the technical information "Low Voltage Directive Conformance Guide" (BCN-A21041-203). Please contact your sales representative.

MEMO

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Date	*Manual Number	Revision
May, 2004	IB(NA)-0600192ENG-A	First edition
Aug., 2004	IB(NA)-0600192ENG-B	Additions FR-F740 - 02600 to 03610 - EC Pr.299 Rotation direction detection selection at restarting
Oct., 2004	IB(NA)-0600192ENG-C	Additions FR-F740 - 04320 to 12120 - EC
Jun., 2005	IB(NA)-0600192ENG-D	Partial modification Additions Panel cut dimension of heatsink protrusion

For Maximum Safety

- Mitsubishi inverters are not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to prevent serious accidents when it is used in facilities where breakdowns of the product are likely to cause a serious accident.
- Please do not use this product for loads other than three-phase induction motors.



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